

Analytical Procedures Appendices

Spectroquant[®] Prove Spectrophotometer 100 plus 1.73026

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Analytical Procedures and Appendices

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Analytical Procedures and Appendices

I Available photometric test kits and methods

The following methods with the corresponding method numbers are programmed into the photometer and measurements can be made without any further adjustments. Method selection is achieved through a barcode on the cell (for cell tests) or through a barcode on the AutoSelector (for reagent tests).

The method number listed in column 1 is for manual selection. The total range relates to the cited test in column 2 and, in the reagent tests, covers all possible path length (cells from 10 to 50 mm).

At the end of this chapter there are the tables for the pre-programmed AQA1 and PipeCheck methods.

Method number	Determination		Total range	Method	
208	Acid Capacity Cell Test to pH 4.3 (total alkalinity)	1.01758	0.40 – 8.00 mmol/l	Indicator reaction	
2518	ADMI Color Measurement ⁶⁾		2.0 - 100.0	Inherent color	
2517	ADMI Color Measurement ⁶⁾		10 - 500	Inherent color	
2516	ADMI Color Measurement 6)		10 - 1000	Transmittances from 400 - 700 nm	
2612	α Acids ²⁾		0 – 80 mg/l	Inherent color	
196	Aluminium Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00594	0.02 – 0.50 mg/l Al	Chromazurole S	
43	Aluminium Test ¹⁾	1.14825	0.020 – 1.20 mg/l Al	Chromazurole S	
	Amino nitrogen, free - see Free Amino Nitrogen				
2520	Ammonia, free		0.00 – 3.65 mg/l NH ₃	as ammonium	
104	Ammonium Cell Test	1.14739	0.010 – 2.000 mg/l NH ₄ -N	Indophenol blue	
51	Ammonium Cell Test	1.14558	0.20 – 8.00 mg/l NH ₄ -N	Indophenol blue	
52	Ammonium Cell Test	1.14544	0.5 – 16.0 mg/l NH ₄ -N	Indophenol blue	
53	Ammonium Cell Test	1.14559	4.0 – 80.0 mg/l NH ₄ -N	Indophenol blue	
54	Ammonium Test	1.14752	0.010 – 3.00 mg/l NH ₄ -N	Indophenol blue	
155	Ammonium Test	1.00683	2.0 – 75.0 mg/l NH₄-N	Indophenol blue	
163	Ammonium Test	1.00683	5 – 150 mg/l NH ₄ -N	Indophenol blue	
2587	Anisidine value ⁵⁾		0.0 – 200.0 AV	Measurement at 350 nm	
2601	Anthocyanogenes ²⁾		0 – 100 mg/l	Acidic hydrolysis	
130	Antimony in water and wastewater		0.10 – 8.00 mg/l Sb	Brilliant green	
2540	Annatto Cheese §64 LFGB 03.00-37		0.0 – 10.0 mg/kg	Bixin / Norbixin	
156	AOX Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00675	0.05 – 2.50 mg/l AOX	Oxidation to chloride	
132	Arsenic Test ¹⁾	1.01747	0.001 - 0.100 mg/l As	Ag-DDTC	
2562	ASTM Color Measurement		0.5 - 8.0	Inherent color	

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¹⁾ turbidity correction possible

²⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Brewery Methods Prove plus"

⁵⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

⁶⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is also given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

Method number	Determination		Total range	Method		
157	BOD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00687	0.5 – 3000 mg/l BOD	Modification of Winkler method		
164	Boron Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00826	0.05 – 2.00 mg/l B	Azomethine H		
46	Boron Test ¹⁾	1.14839	0.050 – 0.800 mg/l B	Rosocyanine		
307	Bromate in water and drinking water - Ultra Low Range		1.0 - 40.0 µg/l BrO ₃	3,3'-Dimethylnaphthidine		
308	Bromate in water and drinking water - Low Range		5.0 – 200.0 μg/l BrO ₃	3,3'-Dimethylnaphthidine		
146	Bromine ⁴⁾ Test ¹⁾	1.00605	0.020 - 10.00 mg/l Br ₂	S-DPD		
67	Cadmium Cell Test	1.14834	0.025 - 1.000 mg/l Cd	Cadion derivate		
183	Cadmium Test	1.01745	0.0020 - 0.500 mg/l Cd	Cadion derivate		
165	Calcium Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00858	10 – 250 mg/l Ca	Phthalein purple		
42	Calcium Test ¹⁾	1.14815	5 – 160 mg/l Ca	Glyoxal-bis-hydroxyanil		
125	Calcium Test sensitive ¹⁾	1.14815	1.0 – 15.0 mg/l Ca	Glyoxal-bis-hydroxyanil		
304	Calcium Test ³⁾	1.00049	0.20 – 4.00 mg/l Ca	Phthalein derivate		
	Carbohydrates, total - see Total Carbohydrates					
2523	Carotene (palm oil)		10 – 7500 mg/kg	Inherent color		
313	Cell Density (OD600)		-0.020 - 1.200	Measurement at 600 nm		
	Cell Density - see McFarland or C	Cell Density (OD6	00)			
95	Chloride Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14730	5 – 125 mg/l Cl	Iron(III)-thiocyanat		
110	Chloride Test ¹⁾	1.14897	2.5 – 25.0 mg/l Cl	Iron(III)-thiocyanat		
63	Chloride Test ¹⁾	1.14897	10 – 250 mg/l Cl	Iron(III)-thiocyanat		
218	Chloride Cell Test ¹⁾	1.01804	0.5 – 15.0 mg/l Cl	Iron(III)-thiocyanat		
219	Chloride Test ¹⁾	1.01807	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Cl	Iron(III)-thiocyanat		
141	Chlorine Cell Test ¹⁾ (free chlorine)	1.00595	0.03 - 6.00 mg/l Cl ₂	S-DPD		
142	Chlorine Cell Test ¹⁾ (free chlorine + total chlorine)	1.00597	0.03 - 6.00 mg/l Cl ₂	S-DPD		
143	Chlorine Test ¹⁾ (free chlorine)	1.00598	0.010 - 6.00 mg/l Cl ₂	S-DPD		
145	Chlorine Test ¹⁾ (total chlorine)	1.00602	0.010 - 6.00 mg/l Cl ₂	S-DPD		
144	Chlorine Test ¹⁾ (free chlorine + total chlorine)	1.00599	0.010 - 6.00 mg/l Cl ₂	S-DPD		
194	Chlorine Cell Test ¹⁾ (free chlorine + total chlorine)	1.00086/1.00087/ 1.00088/1.00089	0.03 - 6.00 mg/l Cl ₂	DPD		

³⁾ individual calibration necessary

⁴⁾ can also be determined with Spectroquant[®] Chlorine Test, Cat. No. 1.00598 (see corresponding application notes on www.sigmaaldrich.com)

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Method number	Determination		Total range	Method
306	Chlorine Test ¹⁾ (free chlorine + total chlorine)	1.00086/1.00087/ 1.00088	0.010 – 1.000 mg/l Cl ₂	DPD
149	Chlorine Dioxide Test ¹⁾	1.00608	0.020 - 10.00 mg/l ClO ₂	S-DPD
2509	Chlorophyll-a (DIN/ISO)		result in µg/l Chl-a or Phaeo	Inherent color
2504	Chlorophyll-a (APHA/ASTM)		result in mg/m ³ Chl-a or Phaeo	Inherent color
2507	Chlorophyll-a, -b, -c (APHA/ASTM)		result in mg/m³ Chl-a, -b, -c	Inherent color
39	Chromate Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14552	0.05 – 2.00 mg/l Cr	Diphenylcarbazide
39	Chromate Cell Test ¹⁾ (total chromium)	1.14552	0.05 – 2.00 mg/l Cr	Peroxodisulfate oxidation / Diphenylcarbazide
40	Chromate Test ¹⁾	1.14758	0.010 - 3.00 mg/l Cr	Diphenylcarbazide
20	Chromium Baths		4.0 – 400 g/l CrO ₃	Inherent color
2584	CIE color distance ⁵⁾		ΔE*ab 0.00 - 200.00 ΔL* -200.00 - 200.00 Δa* -200.00 - 200.00 Δb* -200.00 - 200.00 ΔC*ab -200.00 - 200.00	Comparative measure- ment of transmittances from 360 - 780 nm
2580	CIELAB color space (brightness, chroma) ⁵⁾		ΔE*ab 0.00 - 200.00 ΔL* -200.00 - 200.00 Δa* -200.00 - 200.00 Δb* -200.00 - 200.00 ΔC*ab -200.00 - 200.00	Comparative measure- ment of transmittances from 360 - 780 nm
2581	CIELUV color space ⁵⁾		L* 0.00 - 105.00 u* -180.0 - 180.0 v* -180.0 - 180.0 C*uv 0.00 - 300.00 S*uv 0.000 - 200.000	Transmittances from 360 – 780 nm
2582	CIExyY color space ⁵⁾		x 0.0000 - 0.8000 y 0.0000 - 0.8000 Y 0.000 - 200.000	Transmittances from 360 – 780 nm
232	Cobalt Cell Test ¹⁾	1.17244	0.05 – 2.00 mg/l Co	Nitroso-R salt
305	Cobalt in water		0.5 – 10.0 mg/l Co	Nitroso-R salt
31	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14560	4.0 - 40.0 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromate determination
211	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.01796	5.0 – 80.0 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromate determination

¹⁾ turbidity correction possible

⁵⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

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Method number	Determination		Total range	Method
14	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14540	10 - 150 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromate determination
105	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14895	15 – 300 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromate determination
93	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14690	50 – 500 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromate determination
23	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14541	25 – 1500 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromium(III) determination
94	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14691	300 – 3500 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromium(III) determination
24	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14555	500 – 10000 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromium(III) determination
209	COD Cell Test ¹⁾	1.01797	5000 – 90000 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromium(III) determination
137	COD Cell Test (Hg free) ¹⁾	1.09772	10 – 150 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromate determination
138	COD Cell Test (Hg free) ¹⁾	1.09773	100 – 1500 mg/l COD	Chromosulfuric acid oxidation / chromium(III) determination
220	COD Cell Test for seawater ¹⁾	1.17058	5.0 – 60.0 mg/l COD	Chloride depletion / chro- mosulfuric acid oxidation / chromate determination
221	COD Cell Test for seawater ¹⁾	1.17059	50 – 3000 mg/l COD	Chloride depletion / chro- mosulfuric acid oxidation / chromium(III) determi- nation
15	Color α (436) (spectral absorptions coefficient) ⁶⁾		0.1 - 250 m ⁻¹	Measurement at 436 nm
61	Color $\alpha(525)$ (spectral absorptions coefficient) ⁶⁾		0.1 - 250 m ⁻¹	Measurement at 525 nm
78	Color $\alpha(620)$ (spectral absorptions coefficient) ⁶⁾		0.1 - 250 m ⁻¹	Measurement at 620 nm

⁶⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is also given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

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Method number	Determination		Total range	Method
303	Color (410) (EN 7887) ⁶⁾		2 – 2500 mg/l Pt	Measurement at 410 nm
2633	Color - ASBC ^{2), 5)}		0.0 – 50.0 °SRM 0.0 – 100.0 EBC Units	Absorption at 430 nm
2602	Color - EBC ^{2), 5)}		0.0 – 60.0 EBC Units	Absorption at 430 nm
32	Color Hazen ^{1), 6)}		0.2 – 500 mg/l Pt/Co (Hazen)	Platinum-cobalt-Standard Method, measurement at 340 nm
179	Color Hazen ^{1), 6)}		0 – 1000 mg/l Pt/Co (Hazen)	Platinum-cobalt-Standard Method, measurement al 445 nm
180	Color Hazen ^{1), 6)}		0 – 1000 mg/l Pt/Co (Hazen)	Platinum-cobalt-Standard Method, measurement a 455 nm
181	Color Hazen ^{1), 6)}		0 – 1000 mg/l Pt/Co (Hazen)	Platinum-cobalt-Standar Method, measurement a 465 nm
2588	Color a(436), a(525), and a(620) ⁵⁾		0.0 - 250.0 m ⁻¹	Absorption at 436, 525, and 620 nm
	Color of sugar solutions - see I	ICUMSA Color		
2613	Copper - EBC ²⁾		0.10 - 5.00 mg/l Cu	Cuprethol
26	Copper Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14553	0.05 – 8.00 mg/l Cu	Cuprizone
27	Copper Test ¹⁾	1.14767	0.02 – 6.00 mg/l Cu	Cuprizone
83	Copper Baths		2.0 – 80.0 g/l Cu	Inherent color
228	Cyanide Cell Test ¹⁾ (free cyanide)	1.02531	0.010 – 0.500 mg/l CN	Barbituric acid + pyridinecarboxylic acid
75	Cyanide Cell Test ¹⁾ (free cyanide)	1.14561	0.010 – 0.500 mg/l CN	Barbituric acid + pyridinecarboxylic acid
75	Cyanide Cell Test ¹⁾ (readily liberated cyanide)	1.14561	0.010 – 0.500 mg/l CN	Citric acid / barbituric ac + pyridinecarboxylic acio
109	Cyanide Test ¹⁾ (free cyanide)	1.09701	0.0020 – 0.500 mg/l CN	Barbituric acid + pyridinecarboxylic acid
109	Cyanide Test ¹⁾ (readily liberated cyanide)	1.09701	0.0020 – 0.500 mg/l CN	Citric acid / barbituric ac + pyridinecarboxylic acio
210	Cyanuric Acid Test	1.19253	2 – 160 mg/l Cyan Acid	Triazine derivative
2631	Diacetyl (ASBC) ²⁾		0.00 – 4.00 mg/l Diacetyl	a-Naphthol
	Diacetyl (EBC) - see Vicinal Dil	ketones		
2626	Flavanoids ²⁾		3 – 200 mg/l	4-Dimethylaminocinnam aldehyde

¹⁾ turbidity correction possible

²⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Brewery Methods Prove plus"

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 5)}$ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

 $^{\rm 6)}$ the analytical procedure for this method is also given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

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Method number	Determination		Total range	Method
2635	Flocculation (ASBC) ²⁾		0.0 - 100.0%	Turbidity
215	Fluoride Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00809	0.10 - 1.80 mg/l F	Alizarin complexone
216	Fluoride Cell Test sensitive	1.00809	0.025 – 0.500 mg/l F	Alizarin complexone
234	Fluoride Cell Test	1.17243	0.10 - 2.50 mg/l F	SPADNS (As free)
166	Fluoride Test ¹⁾	1.14598	0.10 - 2.00 mg/l F	Alizarin complexone
167	Fluoride Test ¹⁾	1.14598	1.0 – 20.0 mg/l F	Alizarin complexone
217	Fluoride Test	1.00822	0.02 – 2.00 mg/l F	SPADNS
233	Fluoride Test	1.17236	0.02 – 2.00 mg/l F	SPADNS (As free)
28	Formaldehyde Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14500	0.10 - 8.00 mg/l HCHO	Chromotropic acid
91	Formaldehyde Test ¹⁾	1.14678	0.02 – 8.00 mg/l HCHO	Chromotropic acid
2606	Free Amino Nitrogen beer / wort ²⁾		0 – 400 mg/l	Ninhydrin
2561	Gardner Color Measurement ⁶⁾		1.0 - 18.0 Gardner	Transmittances from 360 – 780 nm
45	Gold Test	1.14821	0.5 – 12.0 mg/l Au	Rhodamine B
	Hardness - see Total Hardness or	Residual Har	dness	
	Hazen - see Color Hazen			
2586	Hess-Ives color scale 5)		0.0 – 400 H-I	Absorption at 460, 470, 560, and 640 nm
2585	Hunter color distance ⁵⁾		ΔE*H 0.00 - 200.00 ΔL* -200.00 - 200.00 Δa* -200.00 - 200.00 Δb* -200.00 - 200.00	Transmittances from 360 – 780 nm
2583	HunterLab color space ⁵⁾		L* 0.00 - 105.00 a* -180.0 - 180.0 b* -180.0 - 180.0	Transmittances from 360 – 780 nm
44	Hydrazine Test ¹⁾	1.09711	0.005 – 2.00 mg/l N ₂ H ₄	4-Dimethylaminobenz- aldehyde
99	Hydrogen Peroxide Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14731	2.0 – 20.0 mg/l H ₂ O ₂	Titanyl sulfate
128	Hydrogen Peroxide Cell Test sensitive ¹⁾	1.14731	0.25 – 5.00 mg/l H ₂ O ₂	Titanyl sulfate
198	Hydrogen Peroxide Test	1.18789	0.015 - 6.00 mg/l H ₂ O ₂	Phenanthroline derivative
2538	Hydroxyproline Meat §64 LFGB 06.00-8		0.000 - 1.000 g/100 g	4-Dimethylaminobenz- aldehyde
2548	ICUMSA Color GS1/3-7 (2011) ⁶⁾		0 - 50 000 IU _{7.0}	Absorption at 420 nm
2549	ICUMSA Color GS2/3-9 (2005) ⁶⁾		0 - 600 IU _{7.0}	Absorption at 420 nm
2550	ICUMSA Color GS2/3-10 (2011) ⁶⁾		0 – 50 IU _{7.0}	Absorption at 420 nm

²⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Brewery Methods Prove plus"

⁵⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

⁶⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is also given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

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Method number	Determination		Total range	Method
2551	ICUMSA Color GS9/1/2/3-8 (20	011) ⁶⁾	0 - 20 000 IU _{7.0}	Absorption at 420 nm
147	Iodine ⁴⁾ Test ¹⁾	1.00606	0.050 – 10.00 mg/l I ₂	S-DPD
2615	Iodine Value, photometric ²⁾		0.00 - 0.80	Iodine
2616	Iodine Value, photometric ²⁾		0.00 - 0.80	Iodine
33	Iodine Color Number ⁶⁾		0.010 - 3.00	Measurement at 340 nm
21	Iodine Color Number ⁶⁾		0.2 - 50.0	Measurement at 445 nm
2642	Iron - ASBC ²⁾		0.00 – 3.00 mg/l Fe	1,10-Phenanthroline
2643	Iron - ASBC ²⁾		0.00 – 3.00 mg/l Fe	2,2'-Bipyridine
2644	Iron - ASBC ²⁾		0.00 – 0.40 mg/l Fe	Triazine (ferrozine)
2623	Iron - EBC ²⁾		0.000 – 1.000 mg/l Fe	Triazine
2624	Iron - EBC ²⁾		0.000 – 0.800 mg/l Fe	Triazine
37	Iron Cell Test	1.14549	0.05 – 4.00 mg/l Fe	Triazine
106	Iron Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14896	1.0 – 50.0 mg/l Fe (Fe(II) and Fe(III))	2,2'-Bipyridine
38	Iron Test	1.14761	0.005 – 5.00 mg/l Fe	Triazine
161	Iron Test ¹⁾	1.00796	0.010 – 5.00 mg/l Fe (Fe(II) and Fe(III))	1,10-Phenanthroline
311	Klett color index 5)		0 – 1000 Klett417	Absorption at 417 nm
66	Lead Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14833	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Pb	PAR
160	Lead Test ¹⁾	1.09717	0.010 – 5.00 mg/l Pb	PAR
158	Magnesium Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00815	5.0 – 75.0 mg/l Mg	Phthalein purple
159	Manganese Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00816	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Mn	Formaldoxime
19	Manganese Test ¹⁾	1.14770	0.010 - 10.00 mg/l Mn	Formaldoxime
226	Manganese Test ¹⁾	1.01846	0.005 – 2.00 mg/l Mn	PAN
2513	McFarland		0.0 - 10.0	Cell density, turbidimetric
135	Mercury in water and wastewater		0.025 – 1.000 mg/l Hg	Michler's ketone
175	Molybdenum Cell Test	1.00860	0.02 – 1.00 mg/l Mo	Brompyrogallol red
206	Molybdenum Test	1.19252	0.5 – 45.00 mg/l Mo	Mercaptoacetic acid
185	Monochloramine Test	1.01632	0.050 – 10.00 mg/l Cl ₂	Indophenol blue
2614	Nickel - EBC ²⁾		0.00 – 5.00 mg/l Ni	Dimethylglyoxime
17	Nickel Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14554	0.10 – 6.00 mg/l Ni	Dimethylglyoxime

¹⁾ turbidity correction possible

- ²⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Brewery Methods Prove plus"
- ⁴⁾ can also be determined with Spectroquant[®] Chlorine Test, Cat. No. 1.00598 (see corresponding application notes on www.sigmaaldrich.com)
- ⁵⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"
- ⁶⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is also given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

Method number	Determination		Total range	Method		
18	Nickel Test ¹⁾	1.14785	0.02 – 5.00 mg/l Ni	Dimethylglyoxime		
57	Nickel Bath		2.0 – 120 g/l Ni	Inherent color		
59	Nitrate Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14542	0.5 – 18.0 mg/l NO₃-N	Nitrospectral		
30	Nitrate Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14563	0.5 – 25.0 mg/l NO ₃ -N	2,6-Dimethylphenol		
107	Nitrate Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14764	1.0 – 50.0 mg/l NO ₃ -N	2,6-Dimethylphenol		
151	Nitrate Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00614	23 – 225 mg/l NO ₃ -N	2,6-Dimethylphenol		
60	Nitrate Test ¹⁾	1.14773	0.20 – 20.0 mg/l NO ₃ -N	Nitrospectral		
139	Nitrate Test ¹⁾	1.09713	0.10 – 25.0 mg/l NO ₃ -N	2,6-Dimethylphenol		
72	Nitrate Cell Test in seawater ¹⁾	1.14556	0.10 – 3.00 mg/l NO ₃ -N	Resorcine		
140	Nitrate Test in seawater ¹⁾	1.14942	0.2 – 17.0 mg/l NO₃-N	Resorcine		
227	Nitrate Test	1.01842	0.3 – 30.0 mg/l NO ₃ -N	Reduction / Benzoic acid derivative		
35	Nitrite Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14547	0.010 – 0.700 mg/l NO ₂ -N	Griess reaction		
197	Nitrite Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00609	1.0 – 90.0 mg/l NO ₂ -N	Iron(II)-ethylenediammo- nium sulfate		
36	Nitrite Test ¹⁾	1.14776	0.002 - 1.00 mg/l NO ₂ -N	Griess reaction		
68	Nitrogen (total) Cell Test	1.14537	0.5 – 15.0 mg/l N	Peroxodisulfate oxidation / Nitrospectral		
153	Nitrogen (total) Cell Test	1.00613	0.5 – 15.0 mg/l N	Peroxodisulfate oxidation / 2,6-Dimethylphenol		
108	Nitrogen (total) Cell Test	1.14763	10 – 150 mg/l N	Peroxodisulfate oxidation / 2,6-Dimethylphenol		
	OD600 - see Cell Density (OD600)					
	Oils - see K (olive oil), delta K (o	olive oil), Carote	ene (palm oil) or DOBI (palm oil)		
92	Oxygen Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14694	0.5 - 12.0 mg/l O ₂	Modification of Winkler method		
207	Oxygen Scavengers Test	1.19251	0.020 – 0.500 mg/l DEHA	FerroZine [®]		
148	Ozone Test ¹⁾	1.00607	0.010 - 4.00 mg/l O ₃	S-DPD		
133	Palladium in water and wastewater		0.05 – 1.25 mg/l Pd	Thio-Michler's ketone		
	2,3-Pentandion - see Vicinal Dik	etones				
186	pH Cell Test	1.01744	6.4 - 8.8	Phenol red		
	Phaeophytin (DIN/ISO) / (APHA,	/ASTM) - see Cl	hlorophyll-a (DIN/ISO) or (APHA	A/ASTM)		
73	Phenol Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14551	0.10 – 2.50 mg/l C ₆ H₅OH	MBTH		
176	Phenol Test ¹⁾	1.00856	0.025 – 5.00 mg/l C ₆ H₅OH	Aminoantipyrine		
177	Phenol Test ¹⁾	1.00856	0.002 – 0.100 mg/l C ₆ H ₅ OH	Aminoantipyrine by extraction		

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Method number	Determination		Total range	Method		
	Phenols, steam-volatile - see st	eam-volatile Ph	enols			
212	Phosphate Cell Test	1.00474	0.05 – 5.00 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
55	Phosphate Cell Test	1.14543	0.05 – 5.00 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
55	Phosphate Cell Test (total phosphorus)	1.14543	0.05 – 5.00 mg/l P	Peroxodisulfate oxidation / phosphormolybdenum blue		
213	Phosphate Cell Test	1.00475	0.5 – 25.0 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
86	Phosphate Cell Test	1.14729	0.5 – 25.0 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
86	Phosphate Cell Test (total phosphorus)	1.14729	0.5 – 25.0 mg/l P	Peroxodisulfate oxidation / phosphormolybdenum blue		
152	Phosphate Cell Test	1.00616	3.0 – 100.0 mg/l PO₄-P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
214	Phosphate Cell Test	1.00673	3.0 – 100.0 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
214	Phosphate Cell Test (total phosphorus)	1.00673	3.0 – 100.0 mg/l P	Peroxodisulfate oxidation / phosphormolybdenum blue		
56	Phosphate Test	1.14848	0.005 – 5.00 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
162	Phosphate Test	1.00798	1.0 – 100.0 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
69	Phosphate Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14546	0.5 – 25.0 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Vanadatomolybdate		
70	Phosphate Test ¹⁾	1.14842	0.5 – 30.0 mg/l PO ₄ -P	Vanadatomolybdate		
2535	Phosphatide Milk §64 LFGB 01.00-41		0 – 750 mg/100 g P	Ashing / phosphor- molybdenum blue		
2534	Phosphorus Juice EN 1136		0.0 – 300.0 mg/l P	Phosphormolybdenum blue		
2533	Phosphorus Meat §64 LFGB 06.00-9		0.000 - 2.500 g/100 g P ₂ O ₅	Ashing / vanadato- molybdate		
2532	Phosphorus Milk §64 LFGB 01.00-92		0 – 2000 mg/100 g P	Ashing / phosphor- molybdenum blue		
	Photometric iodine test - see Iodine Test, photometric					
	Pigment, yellow - see Yellow Pig	ment				
134	Platinum in water and waste- water		0.10 – 1.25 mg/l Pt	o-Phenylendiamine		
103	Potassium Cell Test	1.14562	5.0 – 50.0 mg/l K	Kalignost [®] , turbidimetric		
150	Potassium Cell Test	1.00615	30 – 300 mg/l K	Kalignost [®] , turbidimetric		
2539	Proline Juice EN 1141		0 – 1200 mg/l	Ninhydrin		
319	Protein BCA ³⁾		200 – 1000 µg/l BSA	Bicinchoninic acid (BCA)		
315	Protein Biuret Low Range ³⁾		0.5 – 5.0 g/l BSA	Biuret reaction		
316	Protein Biuret High Range ³⁾		1 – 10 g/l BSA	Biuret reaction		

³⁾ individual calibration necessary

Method number	Determination		Total range	Method
2617	Reducing Power ²⁾		0 - 100%	DPI
2632	Reducing Sugars ²⁾		0.00 – 1.00 g/l Dextrose	РАНВАН
98	Residual Hardness Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14683	0.50 - 5.00 mg/l Ca	Phthalein purple
2563	Saybolt Color Measurement ⁶⁾		-15 - 30 Saybolt	Transmittances from 380 – 780 nm
79	Silicate (Silicic acid) Test	1.14794	0.11 - 10.70 mg/l SiO ₂	Silicomolybdenum blue
81	Silicate (Silicic acid) Test	1.14794	0.011 - 1.600 mg/l SiO ₂	Silicomolybdenum blue
169	Silicate (Silicic acid) Test ¹⁾	1.00857	1.1 - 107.0 mg/l SiO ₂	Molybdatosilicate
171	Silicate (Silicic acid) Test ¹⁾	1.00857	11 - 1070 mg/l SiO ₂	Molybdatosilicate
225	Silicate (Silicic acid) Test	1.01813	0.5 – 500.0 µg/l SiO ₂	Silicomolybdenum blue
47	Silver Test ¹⁾	1.14831	0.25 – 3.00 mg/l Ag	Eosine / 1,10-Phenanthro- line
168	Sodium Cell Test in nutrient solutions ¹⁾	1.00885	10 – 300 mg/l Na	indirectly as chloride
302	Spectral Absorption Coefficient α (436) ⁶⁾		0.1 – 250 m ^{.1}	Measurement at 436 nm
2621	Steam-volatile Phenols - malt ²⁾		0.00 – 3.00 mg/kg	Aminoantipyrine by extraction
2621	Steam-volatile Phenols - beer ²⁾		0.00 – 0.30 mg/kg	Aminoantipyrine by extraction
2622	Steam-volatile Phenols - malt ²⁾		0.00 – 3.00 mg/kg	Aminoantipyrine by extraction
2622	Steam-volatile Phenols - beer ²⁾		0.00 – 0.30 mg/kg	Aminoantipyrine by extraction
314	Sugars ³⁾		0 – 200 g/l	3,5-Dinitrosalicylic acid (DNSA)
	Sugar solutions, Color of - see IC	UMSA Color		
229	Sulfate Cell Test	1.02532	1.0 – 50.0 mg/l SO ₄	Bariumsulfate, turbidi- metric
64	Sulfate Cell Test	1.14548	5 – 250 mg/l SO₄	Bariumsulfate, turbidi- metric
154	Sulfate Cell Test	1.00617	50 – 500 mg/l SO₄	Bariumsulfate, turbidi- metric
82	Sulfate Cell Test	1.14564	100 – 1000 mg/l SO₄	Bariumsulfate, turbidi- metric
65	Sulfate Test ¹⁾	1.14791	25 – 300 mg/l SO ₄	Tannin

 $^{\mbox{\tiny 2)}}$ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Brewery Methods Prove plus"

³⁾ individual calibration necessary

⁶⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is also given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

Analytical Procedures and Appendice – I Available photometric test kits and methods

Ι

Method number	Determination		Total range	Method
224	Sulfate Test	1.01812	0.50 – 50.0 mg/l SO₄	Bariumsulfate, turbidi- metric
230	Sulfate Test ⁷⁾	1.02537	5 – 300 mg/l SO₄	Bariumsulfate, turbidi- metric
236	Sulfate Test ⁷⁾	1.02537	5 – 300 mg/l SO₄	Bariumsulfate, turbidi- metric
80	Sulfide Test ¹⁾	1.14779	0.020 – 1.50 mg/l S	Dimethyl-p-phenylendiamii
71	Sulfite Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14394	1.0 - 20.0 mg/l SO ₃	Ellman's reagent
127	Sulfite Cell Test sensitive ¹⁾	1.14394	0.05 - 3.00 mg/l SO₃	Ellman's reagent
187	Sulfite Test ¹⁾	1.01746	1.0 - 60.0 mg/l SO ₃	Ellman's reagent
231	Surfactants (anionic) Cell Test	1.02552	0.05 – 2.00 mg/l SDAS	Methylene blue
192	Surfactants (cationic) Cell Test ¹⁾	1.01764	0.05 – 1.50 mg/l k-Ten	Disulfine blue
193	Surfactants (nonionic) Cell Test ¹⁾	1.01787	0.10 – 7.50 mg/l n-Ten	TBPE
182	Suspended Solids		1 - 750 mg/l SusS	
2619	Thiobarbituric Acid Number ²⁾		0 – 250	Thiobarbituric acid
100	Tin Cell Test ¹⁾	1.14622	0.10 - 2.50 mg/l Sn	Pyrocatechol violet
235	Tin Cell Test ¹⁾	1.17265	0.10 - 2.50 mg/l Sn	Pyrocatechol violet
2577	Tint index ⁵⁾		-6.00 - 3.00 TI _{10mm}	Transmittances from 360 – 780 nm
2578	Tint index ⁵⁾		-6.00 - 3.00 TI _{10mm}	Transmittances from 360 – 780 nm
172	TOC Cell Test	1.14878	5.0 – 80.0 mg/l TOC	Peroxodisulfate oxidation , Indicator
173	TOC Cell Test	1.14879	50 – 800 mg/l TOC	Peroxodisulfate oxidation , Indicator
2625	Total Carbohydrates ²⁾		0.000 - 6.000 g/100 ml	Anthrone
178	Total Hardness Cell Test ¹⁾	1.00961	5 – 215 mg/l Ca	Phthalein purple
2610	Total Polyphenols ²⁾		1 – 800 mg/l	Iron(III)
2579	Transmittances T_x , T_y , T_z ⁵⁾		T _x 0.0 - 150.0 T _y 0.0 - 150.0 T _z 0.0 - 150.0	Transmittances from 380 – 780 nm
77	Turbidity		1 – 100 FAU	Measurement at 550 nm
2620	Vicinal Diketones ²⁾		0.000 - 2.000 mg/kg	Phenylendiamin

IV

 $^{\mbox{\tiny 1)}}$ turbidity correction possible

- $^{\mbox{\tiny 2)}}$ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Brewery Methods Prove plus"
- ⁵⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

⁷⁾ only when selecting the method manually:

for batches with a minimum shelf life **till** 2021/10/31: select method number **230** for batches with a minimum shelf life **after** 2021/10/31: select method number **236**

Method number	Determination		Total range	Method
222	Volatile Organic Acids Cell Test ¹⁾	1.01749	50 – 3000 mg/l CH₃COOH	Esterification
223	Volatile Organic Acids Test ¹⁾	1.01809	50 – 3000 mg/l CH ₃ COOH	Esterification
	Water hardness - see Total Hardn	ess or Residua	Hardness	
2575	Whiteness ⁵⁾		40.0 - 220.0 WI _{10mm}	Transmittances from 380 – 780 nm
2576	Whiteness ⁵⁾		40.0 - 220.0 WI _{somm}	Transmittances from 380 – 780 nm
2541	Yellow Pigment EN ISO 11052		0.000 – 1.250 mg/100 g	ß-Carotene
2573	Yellowness ⁵⁾		0.0 - 30.0 YI _{10mm}	Transmittances from 380 – 780 nm
2574	Yellowness ⁵⁾		0.0 - 90.0 YI _{50mm}	Transmittances from 380 – 780 nm
174	Zinc Cell Test	1.00861	0.025 – 1.000 mg/l Zn	PAR
74	Zinc Cell Test	1.14566	0.20 – 5.00 mg/l Zn	PAR
41	Zinc Test ¹⁾	1.14832	0.05 – 2.50 mg/l Zn	CI-PAN

⁵⁾ the analytical procedure for this method is given in the manual of the "Methods for color measurement"

II

Pre-programmed AQA1 and PipeCheck methods

AQA1

Method number	Name	Cat. No.	Method	Content
9002	Certipur [®] UV-VIS Standard 1	1.08160.0001	Photometric accuracy	Potassium dichromate solution
9003	Certipur [®] UV-VIS Standard 1a	1.04660.0001	Photometric accuracy	Potassium dichromate solution
9005	Certipur [®] UV-VIS Standard 2	1.08161.0001	Stray light	Sodium nitrite solution
9004	Certipur [®] UV-VIS Standard 6	1.08166.0001	Wavelength accuracy	Holmium oxide solution
9001	Spectroquant [®] PhotoCheck	1.14693.0001	Photometric accuracy	Color solutions

PipeCheck

Method number	Name	Cat. No.	Pipette volume	Content
9012	Spectroquant [®] PipeCheck	1.14692.0001	2.0 ml	Check and reference solution
9013	Spectroquant [®] PipeCheck	1.14692.0001	3.0 ml	Check and reference solution
9014	Spectroquant [®] PipeCheck	1.14692.0001	5.0 ml	Check and reference solution
9015	Spectroquant [®] PipeCheck	1.14692.0001	10.0 ml	Check and reference solution

Acid Capacity to pH 4.3 (Total Alkalinity)

 Measuring
 0.40 8.00 mmol/l

 range:
 20 400 mg/l CaCO₃



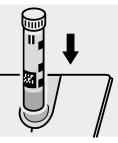
Pipette 4.0 ml of **AC-1** into a round cell.



Add 1.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 0.50 ml of **AC-2** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



1.01758

Cell Test

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

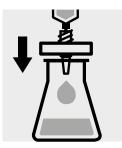
To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a sodium hydroxide solution 0.1 mol/l, Cat.No. 1.09141, can be used after diluting accordingly (see section "Standard solutions").

ADMI Color Measurement

corresponds to APHA 2120F (ADMI Weighted-Ordinate Spectrophotometric Method)

Measuring	10 – 1000	10-mm cell	Method No. 2516	
range:	10 – 500	10-mm cell	Method No. 2517	
	2.0 - 100.0	50-mm cell	Method No. 2518	
Attention!	Prior to the measurement	of the first sample, the syste	m automatically prompts a zero adjustment prepared	
	from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended. This zero value			
	remains valid until the met	hod is exited.		

Preparation:

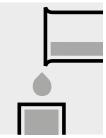


Filter turbid samples.

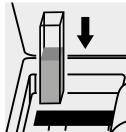
Determination at the original pH:



Select method no. **2516**, **2517**, or **2518**. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell. Place the cell into the cell compartment.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The ADMI is shown in the display.



Application

Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

ADMI Color Measurement

Application

corresponds to APHA 2120F (ADMI Weighted-Ordinate Spectrophotometric Method)

Determination at pH 7.0:



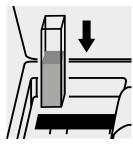
Check the pH of the sample, specified value: pH 7.0. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Select method no. **2516**, **2517**, or **2518**. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The ADMI is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Note:

The ADMI factor of 1400 used for calculating the measurement result can be adjusted by the user (see the application for further details).

In the case of **serial measurements** the accuracy of the measurement can be enhanced by making a zero setting prior to **each** individual measurement.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use platinum-cobalt color reference solution (Hazen 500) Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.00246, concentration 500 mg/l Pt can be used after diluting accordingly.

Aluminium

1.00594 Cell Test

Measuring 0.02 – 0.50 mg/l Al

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



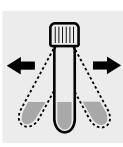
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 6.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of **AI-1K**, close with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Add 0.25 ml of **AI-2K** with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 5 minutes

₽	
J	

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 100, Cat.No. 1.18701 or the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.32225.

Ready-to-use aluminium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19770, concentration 1000 mg/l Al, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 100) is highly recommended.

Aluminium

1.14825

Test

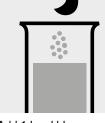
Measuring	0.10 – 1.20 mg/l Al	10-mm cell
range:	0.05 – 0.60 mg/l Al	20-mm cell
	0.020 – 0.200 mg/l Al	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also po	ossible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of AI-1 to the test tube and dissolve the solid substance.



Add 1.2 ml of AI-2 with pipette and mix.



Add 0.25 ml of AI-3 with pipette and mix.



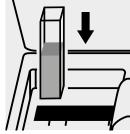
Reaction time: 2 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant® CombiCheck 100, Cat.No. 1.18701 or the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.32225.

Ready-to-use aluminium standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19770, concentration 1000 mg/l Al, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 100) is highly recommended.

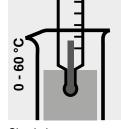
Ammonia, free

Application

(as ammonium)

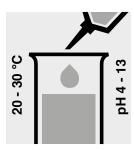
Measuring	$0.00 - 3.65 \text{ mg/l NH}_3$	0.00 – 3.00 mg/l NH ₃ -N	10-mm cell	Method No. 2520
range:	0.00 – 1.83 mg/l NH ₃	0.00 – 1.50 mg/l NH ₃ -N	20-mm cell	Method No. 2520
	0.000 – 0.730 mg/l NH₃	0.000 – 0.600 mg/l NH ₃ -N	50-mm cell	Method No. 2520





Check the pH of the sample and note.

Check the temperature of the solution and note.



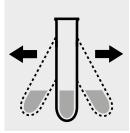
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH and bring the sample to the appropriate temperature.



Add 0.60 ml of NH₄-1 (from Spectroquant® Ammonium Test, Cat. No. 1.14752) with pipette and mix.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of $\textbf{NH}_4\text{--}2$ (from Spectroquant® Ammonium Test, Cat. No. 1.14752).



Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Add 4 drops of NH₄-3 (from Spectroquant® Ammonium Test, Cat. No. 1.14752) and mix.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



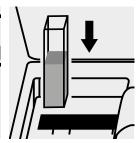
°C



Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the a corresponding cell.



cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The NH₃ and NH₃-N content is shown in the display in mg/l.



Select method no. 2520. Enter the pH and the temperature in °C of the original sample.



Very high ammonium concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be yellow-green to green) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.



Measuring	0.010 – 2.000 mg/l NH₄-N
range:	0.013 – 2.571 mg/l NH₄
	0.010 – 2.000 mg/l NH₃-N
	0.012 – 2.432 mg/l NH ₃
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



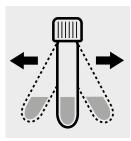
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell close with the screw cap, and mix.



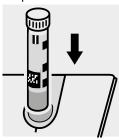
Add 1 dose of NH_4-1K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high ammonium concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be yellow-green to green) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 50, Cat.No. 1.14695, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25022, 1.25023, and 1.32227.

Ready-to-use ammonium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19812, concentration 1000 mg/l NH[‡], can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 50) is highly recommended.

Measuring	0.20 – 8.00 mg/l NH₄-N		
range:	0.26 – 10.30 mg/l NH₄		
	0.20 – 8.00 mg/l NH ₃ -N		
	0.24 – 9.73 mg/l NH ₃		
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		



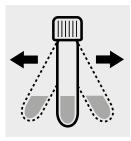
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell close with the screw cap, and mix.



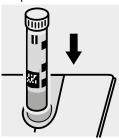
Add 1 dose of NH_4-1K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high ammonium concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be yellow-green to green) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25022, 1.25023, 1.25024, and 1.25025.

Ready-to-use ammonium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19812, concentration 1000 mg/l NH $_4^+$, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

Measuring	0.5 – 16.0 mg/l NH₄-N
range:	0.6 – 20.6 mg/l NH ₄
	0.5 – 16.0 mg/l NH ₃ -N
	0.6 – 19.5 mg/l NH ₃
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



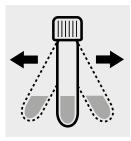
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 0.50 ml of the sample into a reaction cell close with the screw cap, and mix.



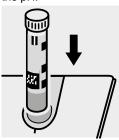
Add 1 dose of NH_4-1K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high ammonium concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be yellow-green to green) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 20, Cat.No. 1.14675, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25023, 1.25024, 1.25025, and 1.25026.

Ready-to-use ammonium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19812, concentration 1000 mg/l NH $_4^+$, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 20) is highly recommended.

Measuring	4.0 – 80.0 mg/l NH₄-N
range:	5.2 – 103.0 mg/l NH ₄
	4.0 – 80.0 mg/l NH₃-N
	4.9 – 97.3 mg/l NH ₃
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



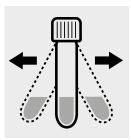
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 0.10 ml of the sample into a reaction cell close with the screw cap, and mix.



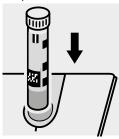
Add 1 dose of NH_4-1K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high ammonium concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be yellow-green to green) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 70, Cat.No. 1.14689, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25025, 1.25026, and 1.25027.

Ready-to-use ammonium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19812, concentration 1000 mg/l NH[‡], can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 70) is highly recommended.

1.14752

Test

Measuring	0.05 – 3.00 mg/l NH ₄ -N	0.06 – 3.86 mg/l NH ₄	10-mm cell
range:	0.03 – 1.50 mg/l NH ₄ -N	0.04 – 1.93 mg/l NH ₄	20-mm cell
	0.010 – 0.500 mg/l NH₄-N	0.013 – 0.644 mg/l NH ₄	50-mm cell
	0.05 – 3.00 mg/l NH ₃ -N	0.06 – 3.65 mg/l NH ₃	10-mm cell
	0.03 – 1.50 mg/l NH ₃ -N	0.04 – 1.82 mg/I NH ₃	20-mm cell
	0.010 – 0.500 mg/l NH ₃ -N	0.016 – 0.608 mg/l NH₃	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible	in mmol/l	

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



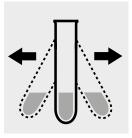
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 0.60 ml of NH_4 -1 with pipette and mix.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of NH₄-2.



Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



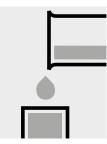
Reaction time: 5 minutes



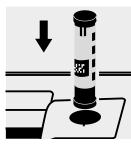
Add 4 drops of NH₄-3 and mix.



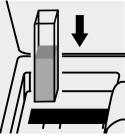
Reaction time: 5 minutes



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high ammonium concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be yellow-green to green) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 50, Cat.No. 1.14695, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25022, 1.25023, 1.25024, and 1.32227.

Ready-to-use ammonium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19812, concentration 1000 mg/l NH \ddagger , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 50) is highly recommended.

1.00683

Test

Measuring	2.0 - 75.0	mg/l NH₄-N	2.6 – 96.6 mg/l NH ₄	10-mm cell
range:	5 –150	mg/I NH₄-N	6 – 193 mg/l NH ₄	10-mm cell
	2.0 - 75.0	mg/I NH₃-N	2.4 – 91.2 mg/l NH ₃	10-mm cell
	5 –150	mg/l NH₃-N	6 – 182 mg/l NH ₃	10-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.			

Measuring range: 2.0 – 75.0 mg/l NH₄-N



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



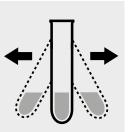
Pipette 5.0 ml of $\mathbf{NH_4-1}$ into a test tube.



Add 0.20 ml of the sample with pipette.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of **NH₄-2**.



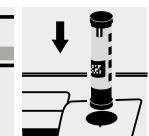
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



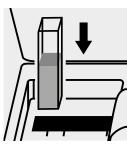
Reaction time: 15 minutes



into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 2.0 - 75.0 mg/l NH₄-N.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

1.00683 Test

Measuring range: 5 – 150 mg/l NH₄-N



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



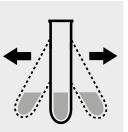
Pipette 5.0 ml of $\mathbf{NH_{4}-1}$ into a test tube.



Add 0.10 ml of the sample with pipette.



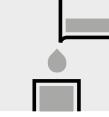
Add 1 level blue microspoon of \mathbf{NH}_4 -2.



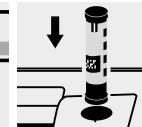
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



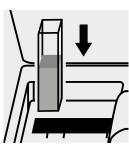
Reaction time: 15 minutes



Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 5 - 150 mg/l NH₄-N.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high ammonium concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be yellow-green to green) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 70, Cat.No. 1.14689, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25025, 1.25026, and 1.25027.

Ready-to-use ammonium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19812, concentration 1000 mg/l NH $_4^+$, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 70) is highly recommended.

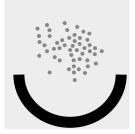
Annatto

corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 03.00.37

Measuring range:	0.0 – 10.0 mg/kg	10-mm cell	Method No. 2540	
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment			
	prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended. This			
	zero value remains valid unt	il the method is exited.		

Application

Reagent blank: Extraction of annatto



Fill sea sand into a mortar and perform the extraction acc. to §64 LFGB 03.00.37, section 9.1.1 [1]: **blank extract**.



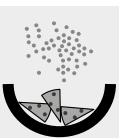
Solid-phase extraction (SPE)

Using the blank extract perform a solid-phase extraction acc. to §64 LFGB 03.00.37, section 9.1.2 [1]: reagent blank.

Measurement sample: Extraction of annatto



Weigh approx. 5 g of grated cheese into a mortar, accurately weighed to 1 mg.



Mix with sea sand and perform the extraction acc. to §64 LFGB 03.00.37, section 9.1.1 [1]:

sample extract.

Solid-phase extraction (SPE)



Using the sample extract perform a solid-phase extraction acc. to §64 LFGB 03.00.37, section 9.1.2 [1]: measurement sample.

Application



corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 03.00.37

Measurement:





Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.

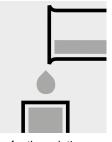
in grams.

g

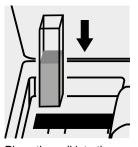




Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the cell.



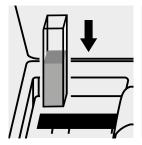
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Antimony in water and wastewater

Measuring range: 0.10 - 8.00 mg/l Sb

10-mm cell

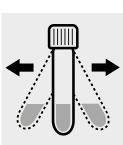
Method No. 130



Pipette 4.0 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add approx. 1.5 g of aluminium chloride hexahydrate extra pure (Cat.No. 1.01084), close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Add 1.0 ml **phosphoric** acid 85 % GR (Cat.No. 1.00573) with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Application

Add 2 drops of **reagent 1**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 3 minutes



Add 2 drops of **reagent 2**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



Add 2 drops of **reagent 3**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 5.0 ml **toluene GR** (Cat.No. 1.08325) with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap.



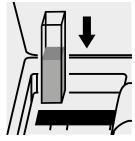
Shake the cell vigorously for 30 seconds. Leave to stand to allow phases to separate.



Aspirate the clear upper Trans phase from the tube with a cell. pipette.



Transfer the solution into Select method no. 130.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Note:

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus enabling a hazard-free mixing of the sample.

Important:

The exact composition and preparation of the reagents 1, 2, and 3 used are given in the corresponding application, which also includes further information on the method employed. This application can be downloaded from the website.

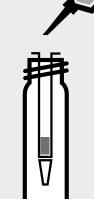
ve to stand to allow pipette. ses to separate.



Measuring range: 0.05 - 2.50 mg/l AOX

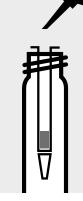
Preparation of the adsorption column:



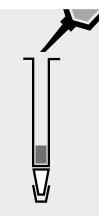


Place the column in an empty cell. Fill 1 level blue microspoon of **AOX-1** into the column using the glass funnel.

Run 3 separate 1-ml portions of **AOX-2** through the column. Discard the wash solution.



Run 3 separate 1-ml portions of **AOX-3** through the column. Discard the wash solution.



Close the bottom end of the column with the stopper. Apply to the column 1 ml of **AOX-3**. Close the top end of the column with the stopper and swirl to eliminate air bubbles. Remove the stopper on the top end and fill the column to the brim with **AOX-3**.

Sample enrichment:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 6 - 7. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Attach the glass reservoir to the prepared column (closed at the bottom end).



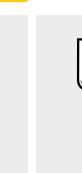
Fill 100 ml of the sample and 6 drops of **AOX-4** into the reservoir.

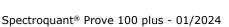


Remove the stopper from the column outlet and run the sample through completely.



Detach the column from the reservoir. Apply 3 separate 1-ml portions of **AOX-3**. Discard the wash solution.







1.00675 **Cell Test**

Digestion:



10 ml of reagent AOX-5 and attach the syringe with the column outlet using the connector. Place the top end of the column on an empty cell and rinse the charcoal filling of the column into an empty 16-mm cell.



Fill the 10-ml syringe with Add 2 level green micro- Heat the cell at 120 °C spoons of **AOX-6**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



in the thermoreactor for 30 minutes.



Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature.



Add 5 drops of AOX-4, close the cell and mix; clear supernatant: pretreated sample.

Determination:



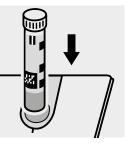
Pipette 0.20 ml of AOX-1K into a reaction cell, and mix.



Add 7.0 ml of **pretreated** sample with glass pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + distilled water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) Spectroquant® AOX Standard, Cat.No. 1.00680, concentration 0.2 - 2.0 mg/l can be used.

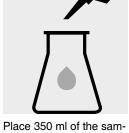
Arsenic

1.01747 Test

Measuring	0.005 – 0.100 mg/l As	10-mm cell		
range:	0.001 – 0.020 mg/l As	20-mm cell		
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/			



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 13.



ple into an Erlenmeyer flask with ground joint.



Add 5 drops of As-1 and mix.



Add 20 ml of As-2 with pipette and mix.



Add 1 level green dosing spoon of As-3 and dissolve.



Add 1.0 ml of As-4 with pipette and mix.



Pipette 5.0 ml of As-5 into the absorption tube.



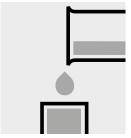
Add 1.0 ml of As-6 with pipette to the solution in the Erlenmeyer flask and mix.



Add 3 level red dosing spoons of As-7. Immediately attach the absorption tube to the Erlenmeyer flask.

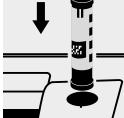


Leave to stand for 2 hours. During this time carefully swirl the flask several times or stir slowly with a magnetic stirrer.

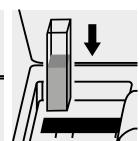


Transfer the solution from the absorption tube into a corresponding cell.

Spectroquant[®] Prove 100 plus - 01/2024



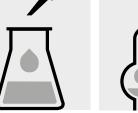
Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use arsenic standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19773, concentration 1000 mg/l As or the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.33002 can be used after diluting accordingly.



ASTM Color Measurement

analogous to ASTM D6045

Measuring range:	0.5 – 8.0 ASTM Color	10-mm cell	Method No. 2562
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment		
	prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended. This		
	zero value remains valid unt	til the method is exited.	

Preparation:





Contains the sample air or gas bubbles: degassing in ultrasonic bath.

Melt solid samples and homogenize.

the cell.

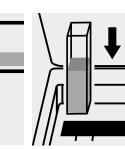


Filter or centrifuge turbid samples.

Determination:



Select method no. 2562. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. ASTM Color is shown in the display.



Application

Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

BOD

Biochemical Oxygen Demand

0.5 - 3000 mg/l BOD Measuring 0.5 - 3000 mg/l O₂ range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.

Preparation and incubation:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 6 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Fill 2 oxygen reaction bottles each with pretreated sample and 2 glass beads to overflowing. Close bubble-free with the slanted ground-glass stoppers.

Determination:

Fill 2 oxygen reaction bottles each with inoculated nutrient-salt solution and 2 glass beads

slanted ground-glass

stoppers.

to overflowing. Close bubble-free with the

Measurement of inital oxygen concentration

= Result 1 (measurement sample) = Result 1 (blank)

Use one bottle of pretreated sample and one of inoculated nutrient-salt solution for the measurement of the initial oxygen concentration.



Incubate one bottle of pretreated sample and one of inoculated nutrient-salt solution closed in a thermostatic incubation cabinet at $20 \pm 1^{\circ}C$ for 5 days.

Measurement of final oxygen concentration

= Result 2 (measurement sample) = Result 2 (blank)

After incubation, use one bottle of pretreated sample and one of inoculated nutrientsalt solution for the measurement of the final oxygen concentration.



Add 5 drops of **BOD-1K** and then 10 drops of BOD-2K, close bubblefree, and mix for approx. 10 seconds.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Add 10 drops of BOD-3K, reclose, and mix.



Fill the solution into a round cell.

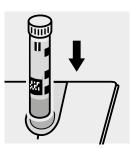
Calculation:

BOD of measurement sample: Result 1 - Result 2 (measurement sample) = A in mg/l BOD of blank: Result 1 - Result 2 (blank) = B in mg/l

BOD of original sample in mg/l = = (A - B) x dilution factor

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) Spectroquant BOD Standard (acc. to EN 1899), Cat.No. 1.00718, can be used.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Boron

Measuring 0.05 – 2.00 mg/l B

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



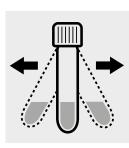
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 - 12. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 1.0 ml of **B-1K** into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



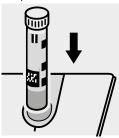
Add 4.0 ml of the sample with pipette into a reaction cell, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 60 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use boron standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19500, concentration 1000 mg/I B can also be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.33005.

Boron

1.14839 Test

Measuring0.050 - 0.800 mg/l B10-mm cellrange:Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 - 13.



Aspirate 0.5 ml of the clear lower phase from the tube with pipette.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube with screw cap. (Important: Do not use test tubes made of glass containing boron!)



Transfer the extract to a separate fresh tube.



Add 1.0 ml of **B-1** with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1.5 ml of **B-2** with pipette and close with the screw cap.



Shake the tube vigorously for 1 minute.



Add 4 drops of **B-4**, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 18 drops of **B-5**, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 12 minutes



Add 6.0 ml of **B-6** with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 0.80 ml of B-3 with

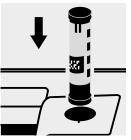
pipette, close with the

screw cap, and mix.

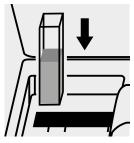
Reaction time: 2 minutes



Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use boron standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19500, concentration 1000 mg/l B can also be used after diluting accordingly.

Bromate in water and drinking **Application** water Ultra Low Range

Measuring range: 1.0 – 40.0 µg/l BrO₃ 50-mm cell Method No. 307 Attention! The measurement is carried out at 550 nm in a corresponding rectangular cell against a blank, prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and the reagents in an analogous manner.



Filter turbid samples.



Evaporate 250 ml of sample solution in a glass beaker almost to dryness on the hob.



Transfer the residue to a 25-ml volumetric flask using a little distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended).



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended), mix thoroughly, and filter, if necessary



Pipette 10 ml of the pretreated sample into a test tube.



and mix.

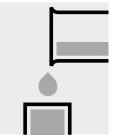


Add 0.20 ml perchloric acid 70 - 72 % GR (Cat.No. 1.00519) with pipette and mix.



pretreated sample.

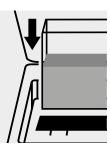
Reaction time: 30 minutes



Filter, if necessary, and transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method no. 307.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

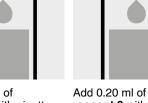


Important:

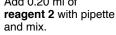
The exact composition and preparation of the reagents 1 and 2 used are given in the corresponding application, which also includes further information on the method employed. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (reagents, measurement device, and handling) Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.33006 can be used.



Add 0.10 ml of reagent 1 with pipette and mix.



Bromate in water and drinking Application water Low Range

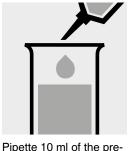
 Measuring range:
 5.0 - 200.0 µg/l BrO₃
 50-mm cell
 Method No. 308

 Attention!
 The measurement is carried out at 550 nm in a corresponding rectangular cell against a blank,

 prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and the reagents in an analogous manner.



Filter turbid samples.



Pipette 10 ml of the pre treated sample into a test tube.

Add 0.10 ml of **reagent 1** with pipette and mix.



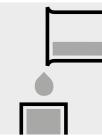
Add 0.20 ml of **reagent 2** with pipette and mix.



Add 0.20 ml **perchloric** acid 70 - 72 % GR (Cat.No. 1.00519) with pipette and mix.



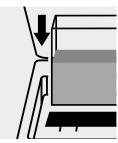
Reaction time: 30 minutes



Filter, if necessary, and transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method no. 308.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

The exact composition and preparation of the reagents 1 and 2 used are given in the corresponding application, which also includes further information on the method employed. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (reagents, measurement device, and handling) Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.33006 and 1.33007 can be used.

Bromine

1.00605 Test

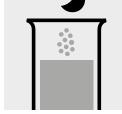
Measuring	0.10 - 10.00 mg/l Br ₂	10-mm cell
range:	0.05 – 5.00 mg/l Br ₂	20-mm cell
	0.020 - 2.000 mg/l Br ₂	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	



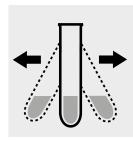
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of \mathbf{Br}_2 -1.



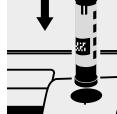
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



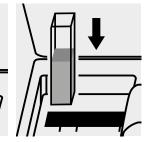
Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high bromine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Note:

Bromine can also be determined with Spectroquant[®] Chlorine Test, Cat. No. 1.00598 (see corresponding application notes on www.sigmaaldrich.com).

Quality assurance:

Cadmium

1.14834 Cell Test

Measuring 0.025 – 1.000 mg/l Cd

range:

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 11. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



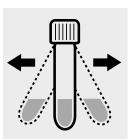
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 0.20 ml of **Cd-1K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 level green microspoon of **Cd-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 2 minutes

	I	
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Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of **total cadmium** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688 or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of cadmium (Σ Cd).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700.

Ready-to-use cadmium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19777, concentration 1000 mg/l Cd, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

Cadmium

1.01745



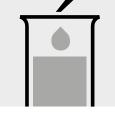
Measuring	0.01 – 0.500 mg/l Cd	10-mm cell
range:	0.005 – 0.250 mg/l Cd	20-mm cell
	0.0020 - 0.1000 mg/l Cd	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 11. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 1.0 ml of Cd-1 into a test tube.



Add 10 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.

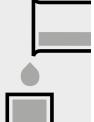
Add 0.20 ml of Cd-2 with pipette and mix.



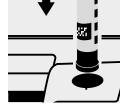
Add 1 level green microspoon of Cd-3 and dissolve the solid substance.



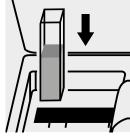
Reaction time: 2 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For the determination of total cadmium a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688 or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of cadmium (Σ Cd).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant® CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700 or the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.33008.

Ready-to-use cadmium standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19777, concentration 1000 mg/l Cd, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.



 Measuring
 10 – 250 mg/l Ca

 range:
 14 – 350 mg/l CaO

 25 – 624 mg/l CaCO₃
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



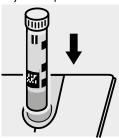
Add 1.0 ml of **Ca-1K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: exactly 3 minutes



Add 0.50 ml of **Ca-2K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

1.14815

Test

Measuring	10 –160 mg/l Ca	14 – 224 mg/l CaO	25 - 400 mg/l CaCO₃	10-mm cell
range:	5 – 80 mg/l Ca	7 – 112 mg/l CaO	$12 - 200 \text{ mg/l CaCO}_3$	20-mm cell
	1.0 – 15.0 mg/l Ca	1.4 - 21.0 mg/l CaO	$2.5 - 37.5 \text{ mg/l CaCO}_3$	10-mm cell
	Expression of results also	possible in mmol/l.		

Measuring range: 5 – 160 mg/l Ca



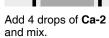
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 0.10 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 5.0 ml of **Ca-1** with pipette and mix.





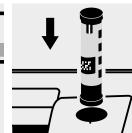
Add 4 drops of Ca-3 and mix.



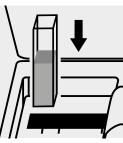
Reaction time: 8 minutes, **measure immediately**.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 5 - 160 mg/l Ca.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Measuring range: 1.0 - 15.0 mg/l Ca



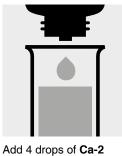
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



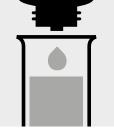
Pipette 0.50 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 5.0 ml of **Ca-1** with pipette and mix.



and mix.



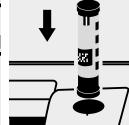
Add 4 drops of **Ca-3** and mix.



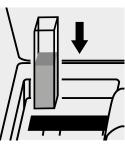
Reaction time: 8 minutes, **measure immediately**.



Transfer the solution into a cell



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 1.0 – 15.0 mg/l Ca.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use calcium standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19778, concentration 1000 mg/l Ca, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Test

1.00049

0.20 - 4.00 mg/l Ca 10-mm cell Measuring Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 0.50 ml of Ca-1 with pipette and mix.



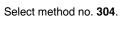
Add 0.50 ml of Ca-2 with pipette and mix.

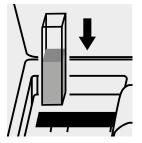


Reaction time: 5 minutes



Transfer the solution into a cell.





Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

A separate calibration must be made for each batch. It is recommended to perform a calibration with a blank and 5 standard solutions over the entire measuring range. The calibration should be checked regularly using standard solutions.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use calcium standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19778, concentration 1000 mg/l Ca, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Carotene in raw palm oil corresponds to EN ISO 17923:2011

Application

Measuring range:	10 – 7500 mg/kg β-Car	10-mm cell	Method No. 2523
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of	of the first sample,	the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment
	prepared from isooctane, is	s recommended. T	This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.



Melt the sample and homogenize.



If contaminations are present, filter the sample over a fast filtering paper.



Weigh between 100.0 mg to 500.0 mg of sample into a volumetric flask, accurately weighed to 0.1 mg.



Add a few milliliters of isooctane for spectroscopy Uvasol® (Cat. No. 1.04718).



Dissolve the sample at room temperature.



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with isooctane for spectroscopy Uvasol® (Cat. No. 1.04718) and mix.

ml



Filter turbid solutions over a paper filter.

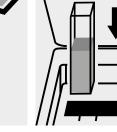


Select method no. 2523. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Enter the sample weight Confirm with <OK>. in milligrams.





Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Enter the volume of the

sample solution in milli-

liters.

Confirm with <OK>. The β-carotene content is shown in the display in mg/kg.



Confirm with <OK>.

Tap the <Start> button to

start the measurement

procedure for the next

The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

sample.



Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution into a cell.



The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.





Cell Density (OD600)

 Measuring range:
 -0.020 – 1.200 OD₆₀₀
 10-mm cell
 Method No. 313

 Attention!
 Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment

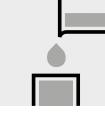
 prepared from sample solvent, is recommended. This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.



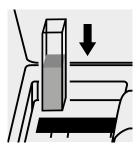


Homogenize the sample **carefully** and dilute, if necessary: **measurement sample**.

Perform the zero adjustment with sample solvent and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Transfer the **measurement sample** into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Measuring 5 – 1.25 mg/l Cl

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



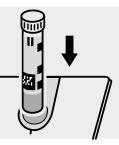
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 - 12. If required, add dilute ammonia solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 0.50 ml of **CI-1K** into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10 and 20, Cat.Nos. 1.14676 and 1.14675 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32229 and 1.32230.

Ready-to-use chloride standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19897, concentration 1000 mg/l Cl⁻, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

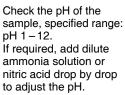
To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck) is highly recommended.

1.14897 Test

Measuring	10 – 250 mg/l Cl	10-mm cell
range:	2.5 – 25.0 mg/l Cl	10-mm cell
	Expression of results also p	oossible in mmol/l.

Measuring range: 10 – 250 mg/l Cl







Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



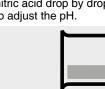
Add 2.5 ml of CI-1 with pipette and mix.

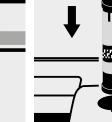


pipette and mix.



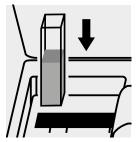
Reaction time: 1 minute





Transfer the solution into a cell.

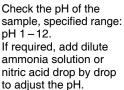
Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 10 – 250 mg/l Cl.

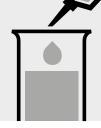


Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Measuring range: 2.5 – 25.0 mg/l Cl







Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 2.5 ml of **CI-1** with pipette and mix.



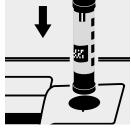
Add 0.50 ml of **CI-2** with pipette and mix.



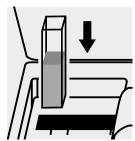
Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 2.5 – 25.0 mg/l Cl.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 60, Cat.No. 1.14696 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32229 and 1.32230.

Ready-to-use chloride standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19897, concentration 1000 mg/l Cl⁻, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 60) is highly recommended.

Measuring 0.5 – 15.0 mg/l Cl

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 11. If required, add dilute ammonia solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



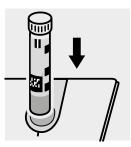
Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 0.25 ml of **CI-1K** with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

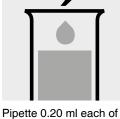
To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use chloride standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19897, concentration 1000 mg/I Cl⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32229, 1.33010, and 1.33011.

1.01807 Test

0.10 - 5.00 mg/l Cl 50-mm cell Measuring range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3-11. If required, add dilute ammonia solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



CI-1 into two test tubes.

Add to one tube 10 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



Add to the second tube 10 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) with pipette and mix. (Blank)





Reaction time:

10 minutes

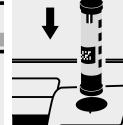


of CI-2 with pipette and mix.



Add to each tube 0.20 ml Transfer both solutions into two separate 50-mm-cells.

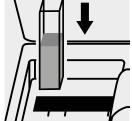




Select method with AutoSelector.



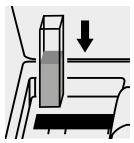
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Reagent blank".



Place the blank cell into the cell compartment.



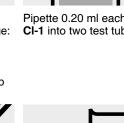
Select "User RB". Confirm with <OK>.



Place the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use chloride standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19897, concentration 1000 mg/I Cl, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.33010 and 1.33011.



Determination of free chlorine

Cell Test

1.00595

Measuring $0.03 - 6.00 \text{ mg/l Cl}_2$

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



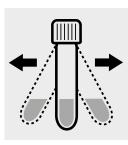
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 1 level blue microspoon of **Cl₂-1** into a round cell.



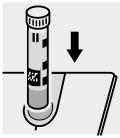
Add 5.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine

Cell Test

1.00597

Measuring 0.03 - 6.00 mg/l Cl₂

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:

Determination of free chlorine



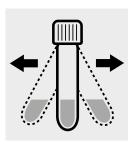
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 1 level blue microspoon of Cl2-1 into a round cell.



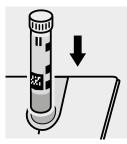
Add 5.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.



Determination of total chlorine

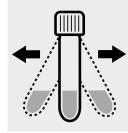
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 1 level blue microspoon of Cl2-1 into a round cell.



Add 5.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.

with distilled water.

Important:



Add 2 drops of Cl₂-2, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce

yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be

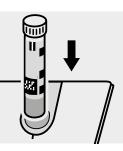
red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the

After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times

sample must be diluted (plausibility check).



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:



Differentiation between free chlorine and total chlorine

Measuring range: 0.03 – 6.00 mg/l Cl₂

After selecting the method it is possible to set the method-specific "Differentiation" mode.

Note: If the aim is to measure only free chlorine or total chlorine, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.



Select method no. 142.



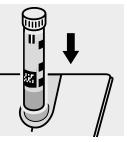
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of **free chlorine** (see analytical procedure "Determination of free chlorine" with 1.00597). **= cell A**

After the reaction time has expired:



1.00597

Cell Test

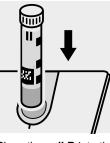
Place the **cell A** into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of total chlorine (see analytical procedure "Determination of total chlorine" with 1.00597). = cell B

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the **cell B** into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Confirm with <OK>.} \\ \mbox{The results A } (Cl_2 (f)), \mbox{ B } \\ (Cl_2 (t)), \mbox{ and } C \ (Cl_2 (b)) \\ \mbox{are shown in the display} \\ \mbox{in mg/l.} \end{array}$

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check). After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times with distilled water.

Quality assurance:

Determination of free chlorine

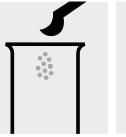
Test

1.00598

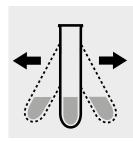
Measuring	0.05 – 6.00 mg/l Cl ₂	10-mm cell
range:	0.02 - 3.00 mg/l Cl ₂	20-mm cell
	0.010 – 1.000 mg/l Cl ₂	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 1 level blue micro- Add 10 ml of the spoon of Cl_2 -1 into a test sample with pipette. tube.



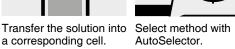
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.

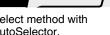


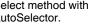
Reaction time: 1 minute

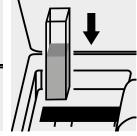


a corresponding cell.









Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

Determination of total chlorine

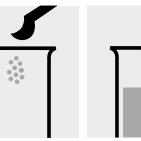
Test

1.00602

Measuring	0.05 - 6.00	mg/l Cl ₂	10-mm cell
range:	0.02 - 3.00	mg/l Cl ₂	20-mm cell
	0.010 - 1.000	mg/l Cl ₂	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		

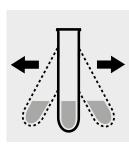


Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



spoon of Cl_2 -1 into a test sample with pipette. tube.

Place 1 level blue micro- Add 10 ml of the



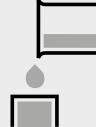
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



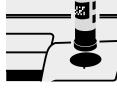
Add 2 drops of Cl₂-2 and mix.



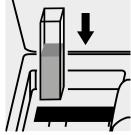
Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check). After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times with distilled water.

Quality assurance:

1.00599

Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine

Test

Measuring	0.05 – 6.00 mg/l Cl ₂	10-mm cell
range:	$0.02 - 3.00 \text{ mg/l Cl}_2$	20-mm cell
	$0.010 - 1.000 \text{ mg/l Cl}_2$	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also poss	ible in mmol/l.

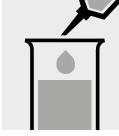
Determination of free chlorine



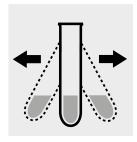
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



tube.



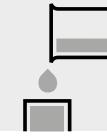
Place 1 level blue micro- Add 10 ml of the spoon of Cl₂-1 into a test sample with pipette.



Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.

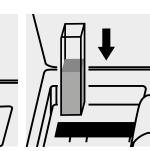


Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.

Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine

Test

1.00599

Determination of total chlorine



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.

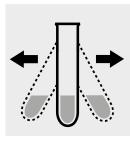


Transfer the solution into

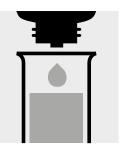
a corresponding cell.



Place 1 level blue micro- Add 10 ml of the spoon of Cl₂-1 into a test sample with pipette.



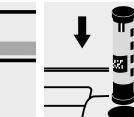
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



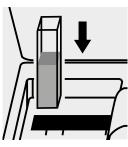
Add 2 drops of Cl2-2 and mix.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check). After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell

with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times with distilled water.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a freshly prepared standard solution can be used (see section "Standard solutions").

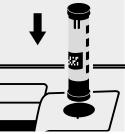
tube.

Differentiation between free chlorine and total chlorine

10-mm cell Measuring 0.05 - 6.00 mg/l Cl₂ 0.02 - 3.00 mg/l Cl₂ 20-mm cell range: 0.010 - 1.000 mg/l Cl₂ 50-mm cell

After selecting the method it is possible to set the method-specific "Differentiation" mode.

Note: If the aim is to measure only free chlorine or total chlorine, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.



Select method with AutoSelector.



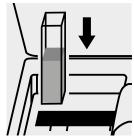
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of free chlorine (see analytical procedure Determination of free chlorine" with 1.00599). = cell A

After the reaction time has expired:



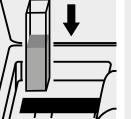
Place the cell A into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of total chlorine (see analytical procedure "Determination of total chlorine" with 1.00599). = cell B

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the cell B into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The results A (Cl₂ (f)), B $(Cl_2(t))$, and C $(Cl_2(b))$ are shown in the display in mg/l.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check). After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell

with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times with distilled water.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a freshly prepared standard solution can be used (see section "Standard solutions").



Test

1.00599

1.00086/1.00087/ 1.00088/1.00089

Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine

Cell Test

Measuring0.03 - 6.00 mg/l Cl2range:Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.

Determination of free chlorine



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 6 drops of Cl_2-1 into a round cell.



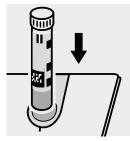
Add 3 drops of **Cl₂-2**, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 10 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

1.00086/1.00087/ 1.00088/1.00089

Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine

Cell Test

Determination of total chlorine



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 6 drops of Cl_2-1 into a round cell.



Add 3 drops of **Cl₂-2**, close with the screw cap, and mix.



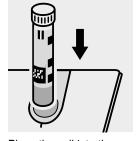
Add 10 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Add 2 drops of **Cl₂-3**, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check). After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times with distilled water.

Quality assurance:

Cell Test

Differentiation between free chlorine and total chlorine

$0.03 - 6.00 \text{ mg/l Cl}_2$ Measuring range:

After selecting the method it is possible to set the method-specific "Differentiation" mode.

Note: If the aim is to measure only free chlorine or total chlorine, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.





Select method no. 194.



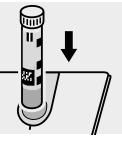
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of free chlorine (see analytical procedure Determination of free chlorine" with 1.00086/ 1.00087/1.00088/ 1.00089). = cell A

After the reaction time has expired:



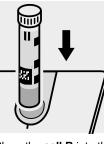
Place the cell A into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of total chlorine (see analytical procedure "Determination of total chlorine" with 1.00086/ 1.00087/1.00088/ 1.00089). = cell B

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the cell B into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The results A (Cl₂(f)), B $(Cl_2(t))$, and $C(Cl_2(b))$ are shown in the display in mg/l.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check). After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times with distilled water.

Quality assurance:

1.00086/1.00087/ 1.00088

Detemination of free chlorine and total chlorine

Test

0.010 - 1.000 mg/l Cl₂ 50-mm cell Measuring Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:

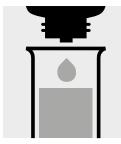
Determination of free chlorine





Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.

Place 6 drops of Cl₂-1 into a test tube.



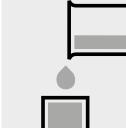
Add 3 drops of Cl₂-2, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 10 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



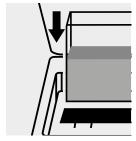
Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into Select method with a cell.



AutoSelector.



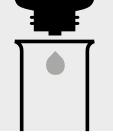
Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Test

Determination of total chlorine



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 6 drops of Cl₂-1 into a test tube.



Add 3 drops of Cl₂-2, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 10 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



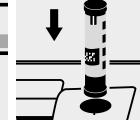
Reaction time: 1 minute



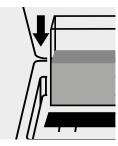
Add 2 drops of Cl₂-3, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Transfer the solution into Select method with a cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check). After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times with distilled water.

Quality assurance:

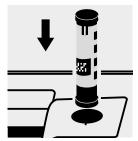
Test

Differentiation between free chlorine and total chlorine

Measuring range: 0.010 – 1.000 mg/l Cl₂ 50-mm cell

After selecting the method it is possible to set the method-specific "Differentiation" mode.

Note: If the aim is to measure only free chlorine or total chlorine, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.



Select method with AutoSelector.



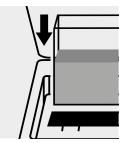
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of **free chlorine** (see analytical procedure "Determination of free chlorine" with 1.00086/ 1.00087/1.00088). **= cell A**

After the reaction time has expired:



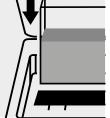
Place the **cell A** into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of total chlorine (see analytical procedure "Determination of total chlorine" with 1.00086/ 1.00087/1.00088). = cell B

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the **cell B** into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The results A ($Cl_2(f)$), B ($Cl_2(t)$), and C ($Cl_2(b)$) are shown in the display in mg/l.

Important:

Very high chlorine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check). After each determination of total chlorine rinse the cell with sulfuric acid 25 % and subsequently several times with distilled water.

Quality assurance:

Chlorine Dioxide

Test

1.00608

Measuring	0.10 - 10.00 mg/l ClO ₂	10-mm cell
range:	0.05 – 5.00 mg/l ClO ₂	20-mm cell
	0.020 - 2.000 mg/l ClO ₂	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a test tube.

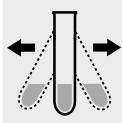
Add 2 drops of CIO2-1 and mix.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



Add 1 level blue microspoon of CIO₂-2.



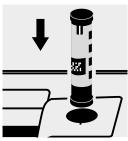
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



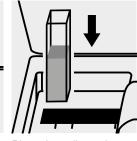
Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high chlorine dioxide concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

Chlorophyll

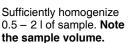
Application

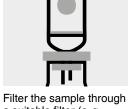
Determination of chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin

corresponds to DIN 38412 and ISO 10260

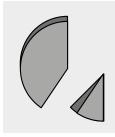
Measuring	depending on the ratio of original sample to extract	10-mm cell	Method No. 2509
range:	in μg/l Chl-a or Phaeo	20-mm cell	Method No. 2509
		50-mm cell	Method No. 2509



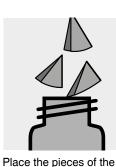




a suitable filter (e.g. glass-fibre filter).



Fold the loaded filter and tear into small pieces.



filter in an extraction ves-

sel (e.g. 100-ml amber

glass bottle).

Add approx. 30 ml of boiling ethanol (w = 90 %)

temperature.

and allow to cool to room

Disintegrate the filter in the homogenizer. Rinse together with a small por- to take place. tion of ethanol.



hours for the extraction



Filter the extract protected from light through a paper filter ("Blauband") into a volumetric flask (for DIN 38412: 100 ml). Rinse the filter with a small portion of ethanol.



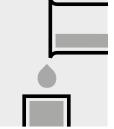
Make the contents of the volumetric flask up to the mark with ethanol, keeping them protected from light in the process!



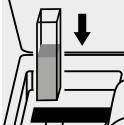
Select method no. 2509. Enter the volumes of the original sample in liters and extract (volumetric flask) in milliliters.



Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Acidify a portion of the extract with hydrochloric acid 2 mol/l Ťitripur® (Cat. No. 1.09063) (0.3 ml per 100 ml of extract).

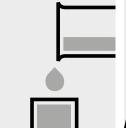


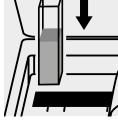
Allow to stand for 6 - 24

Application

Chlorophyll Determination of chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin

corresponds to DIN 38412 and ISO 10260





Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.

Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically. shown in the display in



Confirm with <OK>. The chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin content is μg/l.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Chlorophyll Determination of chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin

analogous to APHA 10200-H

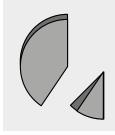
Measuring	depending on the ratio of original sample to extract	10-mm cell	Method No. 2504
range:	in mg/m³ Chl-a or Phaeo	20-mm cell	Method No. 2504
		50-mm cell	Method No. 2504



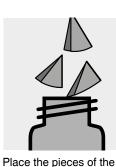
Sufficiently homogenize the sample. Note the sample volume.



Filter the sample through a suitable filter (e.g. glass-fibre filter).



Fold the loaded filter and tear into small pieces.



filter in an extraction ves-

sel (protected from

light).

Application



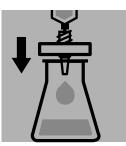
Disintegrate the filter in the homogenizer.



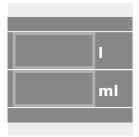
Make up to 10 ml



Allow to stand at +4 °C for at least 2 hours for the extraction to take place.



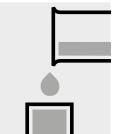
Filter the extract protected from light through a suitable filter.



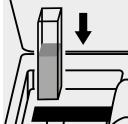
Select method no. 2504. Enter the volumes of the original sample in liters and extract in milliliters (here: 10 ml).



Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the a corresponding cell.



cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Acidify a portion of the extract with hydrochloric acid 0.1 mol/I Titripur® (Cat. No. 1.09060) (0.15 ml per 5 ml of extract).

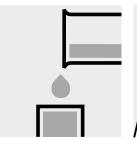


with extracting agent.

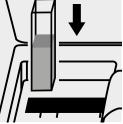
Application

Chlorophyll Determination of chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin

analogous to APHA 10200-H



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin content is shown in the display in mg/m³.

Important:

Chlorophyll Determination of chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin

analogous to ASTM D3731 - 87

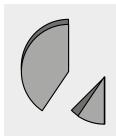
Measuring	depending on the ratio of original sample to extract	10-mm cell	Method No. 2504
range:	in mg/m³ Chl-a or Phaeo	20-mm cell	Method No. 2504
		50-mm cell	Method No. 2504



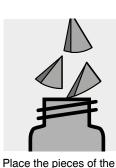
Homogenize the sample, stabilized with magnesiumcarbonate, to a sufficient degree. Note the sample volume.



Filter the sample through a suitable filter (e.g. glass-fibre filter).



Fold the loaded filter and tear into small pieces.



filter in an extraction ves-

sel (protected from

light).

Application

Add 2 - 3 ml of extracting agent.



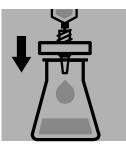
Disintegrate the filter in the homogenizer.



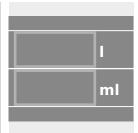
Make up to 10 ml with extracting agent.



Allow to stand at +4 °C for 0.25 - 24 hours for the extraction to take place.



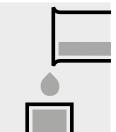
Filter the extract protected from light through a suitable filter.



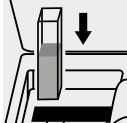
Select method no. 2504. Enter the volumes of the original samplein liters and extract in milliliters (here: 10 ml).



Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the a corresponding cell.



cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



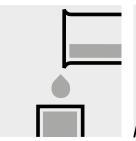
Acidify a portion of the extract with hydrochloric acid 1 mol/l Titripur® (Cat. No. 1.09057) (50 µl per 5 ml of extract).



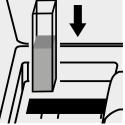
Application

Chlorophyll Determination of chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin

analogous to ASTM D3731 - 87



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The chlorophyll-a and phaeophytin content is shown in the display in mg/m³.

Important:

Chlorophyll-a, -b, -c (Trichromatic Method)

Application

analogous to APHA 10200-H

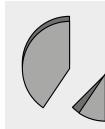
Measuring	depending on the ratio of original sample to extract	10-mm cell	Method No. 2507
range:	in mg/m³ Chl-a, -b, -c	50-mm cell	Method No. 2507



Sufficiently homogenize the sample. Note the sample volume.



Filter the sample through a suitable filter (e.g. glass-fibre filter).



Fold the loaded filter and tear into small pieces.



Place the pieces of the filter in an extraction vessel (protected from light).



Add 2 - 3 ml of extracting agent.



Disintegrate the filter in the homogenizer.



Make up to 10 ml with extracting agent.



Allow to stand at +4 °C for at least 2 hours for the extraction to take place.



Filter the extract protected from light through a suitable filter.



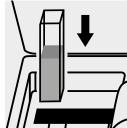
Select method no. 2507. Enter the volumes of the original sample in liters and extract in milliliters (here: 10 ml).



Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the a corresponding cell.



cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Tap the <OK> button.



Confirm with <OK>. The chlorophyll-a, chlorophyll-b, and chlorophyll-c contents are shown in the display in mg/m³.

Important:

Chlorophyll-a, -b, -c (Trichromatic Method)

analogous to ASTM D3731 - 87

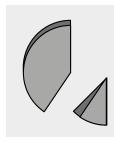
Measuring	depending on the ratio of original sample to extract	10-mm cell	Method No. 2507
range:	in mg/m³ Chl-a, -b, -c	50-mm cell	Method No. 2507



Homogenize the sample, stabilized with magnesiumcarbonate, to a sufficient degree. Note the sample volume.



Filter the sample through a suitable filter (e.g. glass-fibre filter).



Fold the loaded filter and tear into small pieces.



Place the pieces of the filter in an extraction vessel (protected from light).



Application

extracting agent.



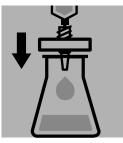
Disintegrate the filter in the homogenizer.



Make up to 10 ml with extracting agent.



Allow to stand at +4 °C for 0.25 - 24 hours for the extraction to take place.



Filter the extract protected from light through a suitable filter.



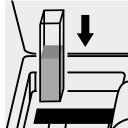
Select method no. 2507. Enter the volumes of the original sample in liters and extract in milliliters (here: 10 ml).



Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the a corresponding cell.



cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Tap the <OK> button.



Confirm with <OK>. The chlorophyll-a, chlorophyll-b, and chlorophyll-c contents are shown in the display in mg/m³.

Important:

Chromate

Determination of chromium(VI)

 Measuring
 0.05 – 2.00 mg/l Cr

 range:
 0.11 – 4.46 mg/l CrO₄

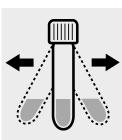
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 - 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 6 drops of **Cr-3K** into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance and leave to stand for **1 minute**.



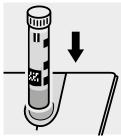
Add 5.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



1.14552

Cell Test

Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use chromate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19780, concentration 1000 mg/l CrO²₄-, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.33013.

1.14552 **Cell Test**

0.05 - 2.00 mg/l Cr Measuring 0.11 - 4.46 mg/l CrO₄ range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 – 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sam- Add 1 drop of Cr-1K, ple into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. and mix. 1.14724).

close with the screw cap,



Add 1 dose of Cr-2K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the reaction cell with the screw cap.



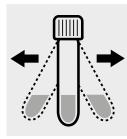
Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 1 hour.



Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature: pretreated sample.



Add 6 drops of Cr-3K into a reaction cell, close the cell with the screw cap.



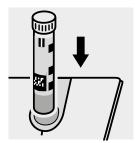
Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance and leave to stand for 1 minute.



Add 5.0 ml of the pretreated sample with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use chromate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19780, concentration 1000 mg/l CrO₄²⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.33013.

Chromate

Differentiation between chromium(VI) and chromium(III)

Cell Test

1.14552

 Measuring
 0.05 - 2.00 mg/l Cr

 range:
 0.11 - 4.46 mg/l CrO₄

If the aim is to differentiate between chromium(VI) and chromium(III), after selecting the method it is possible to set the methodspecific "Differentiation" mode.

Note: If no differentiation is to be measured, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.





Select method no. 39.

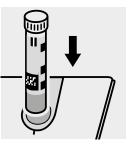
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of total chromium (see analytical procedure "Determination of total chromium" with 1.14552). = cell A

After the reaction time has expired:



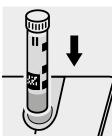
Place the **cell A** into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of **chromium(VI)** (see analytical procedure "Determination of chromium(VI)" with 1.14552). **= cell B**

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the **cell B** into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Confirm with <OK>.} \\ \mbox{The results A }(\Sigma\mbox{ Cr}),\mbox{ B} \\ (Cr(VI)),\mbox{ and C }(Cr(III)) \\ \mbox{are shown in the display} \\ \mbox{in mg/I}. \end{array}$

Chromate

Determination of chromium(VI)

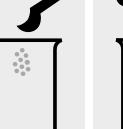
Test

1.14758

Measuring	0.05 – 3.00 mg/l Cr	0.11 – 6.69 mg/l CrO ₄	10-mm cell		
range:	0.03 – 1.50 mg/l Cr	0.07 – 3.35 mg/l CrO ₄	20-mm cell		
	0.010-0.600 mg/l Cr	0.02 – 1.34 mg/l CrO ₄	50-mm cell		
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.				

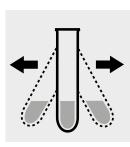


Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 – 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 1 level grey microspoon of Cr-1 into a dry test tube.

Add 6 drops of Cr-2.



Shake the test tube vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



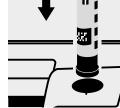
Add 5.0 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



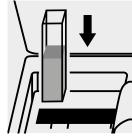
Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For the determination of total chromium = sum of chromium(VI) and chromium(III) a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687 and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of chromium (Σ Cr).

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use chromate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19780, concentration 1000 mg/l CrO₄²⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.33012 and 1.33013.

Chromium in electroplating baths

Inherent color

Measuring	20 – 400 g/l CrO ₃	10-mm cell	Method No. 20
range:	10 – 200 g/l CrO ₃	20-mm cell	Method No. 20
	4.0- 80.0 g/l CrO ₃	50-mm cell	Method No. 20



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a 100-ml volumetric flask, fill to the mark with distilled water and mix thoroughly.



Pipette 4.0 ml of the dilute sample into a 100-ml volumetric flask, fill to the mark with distilled water and mix thoroughly.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the 1:500 dilute sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat. No. 1.14724).



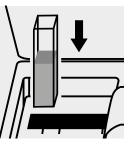
Add 5.0 ml of **sulfuric** acid 40 %, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method no. 20.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Cobalt

Measuring 0.05 – 2.00 mg/l Co

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2.5 - 7.5. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



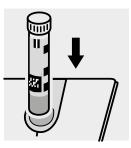
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 0.5 ml of **Co-1K** with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

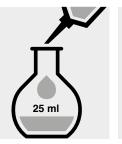
To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use cobalt standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19785, concentration 1000 mg/l Co, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Cobalt in water

Application

 Measuring range:
 0.5 - 10.0 mg/l Co
 10-mm cell
 Method No. 305

 Attention!
 The measurement is carried out at 495 nm in a 10-mm rectangular cell against a blank, prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and the reagents in an analogous manner.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a 25-ml volumetric flask, fill to the mark with distilled water and mix thoroughly.



Add 0.25 ml of **reagent 1** with pipette.



Add 2.0 ml of **reagent 2** with pipette.

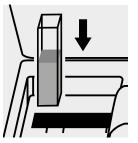


Add 1.0 ml of **reagent 3** with pipette, fill to the mark with distilled water, and mix thoroughly.

Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method no. 305.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

Cell Test

1.14560

Measuring4.0 - 40.0 mg/l COD or O2range:Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



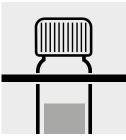
Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 3.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \degree C$ for 2 hours.



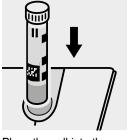
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. **Very important!**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 50, Cat.No. 1.14695, or the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.25028.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 50) is highly recommended.

1.01796 Cell Test

 Measuring
 5.0 - 80.0 mg/l COD or O₂

 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



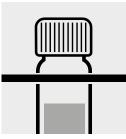
Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \,^\circ C$ for 2 hours.



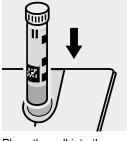
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. **Very important!**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 50, Cat.No. 1.14695, or the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.25028.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 50) is highly recommended.

Cell Test

1.14540

 Measuring
 10 – 150 mg/l COD or O2

 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 3.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \degree C$ for 2 hours.



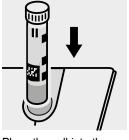
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. **Very important!**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676, or the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.25029.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

1.14895 Cell Test

 Measuring
 15 - 300 mg/l COD or O2

 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



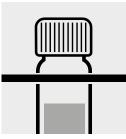
Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \,^\circ C$ for 2 hours.



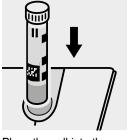
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. **Very important!**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 60, Cat.No. 1.14696, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25029 and 1.25030.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 60) is highly recommended.

1.14690 Cell Test

 Measuring
 50 - 500 mg/l COD or O2

 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \degree C$ for 2 hours.



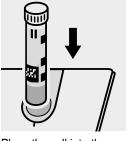
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. **Very important!**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 60, Cat.No. 1.14696, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25029, 1.25030, and 1.25031.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 60) is highly recommended.

1.14541 Cell Test

 Measuring
 25 – 1500 mg/l COD or O₂

 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



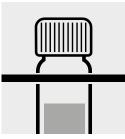
Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 3.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \,^\circ C$ for 2 hours.



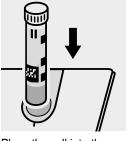
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. **Very important!**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 20, Cat.No. 1.14675, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25029, 1.25030, 1.25031, and 1.25032.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 20) is highly recommended.

1.14691 Cell Test

 Measuring
 300 – 3500 mg/l COD or O2

 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \degree C$ for 2 hours.



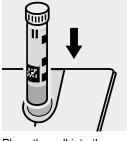
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. **Very important!**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents,measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 80, Cat.No. 1.14738, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25031, 1.25032, and 1.25033.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 80) is highly recommended.

1.14555 Cell Test

 Measuring
 500 - 10000 mg/l COD or O2

 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



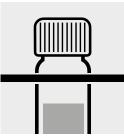
Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \,^\circ C$ for 2 hours.



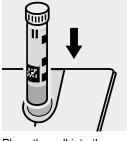
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. **Very important!**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 70, Cat.No. 1.14689, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25032, 1.25033, and 1.25034.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 70) is highly recommended.

1.01797 Cell Test

 Measuring
 5000 – 90000 mg/l COD or O2

 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Suspend the bottom sediment in the cell by swirling.



Carefully pipette 0.10 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Carefully pipette 0.10 ml Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at reaction cell, close tight-



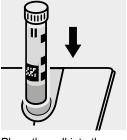
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. Very important!



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25034 and 1.25035.

COD (Hg-free)

Chemical Oxygen Demand

1.09772 Cell Test

 Measuring
 10 – 150 mg/l COD or O2

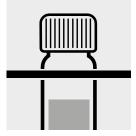
 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Carefully pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at 148 °C for 2 hours.



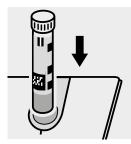
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. Very important!



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25028 and 1.25029.

COD (Hg-free)

Chemical Oxygen Demand

1.09773 Cell Test

 Measuring
 100 – 1500 mg/l COD or O2

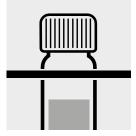
 range:
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Carefully pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close tightly with the screw cap, and mix vigorously. **Caution, the cell becomes hot!**



Heat the reaction cell in the thermoreactor at $148 \,^\circ C$ for 2 hours.



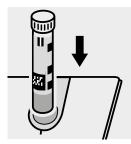
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Replace the cell in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. Very important!



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

To increase the accuracy is recommended to measure against an own prepared blank sample (reaction cell + COD-free water).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25029, 1.25030, 1.25031, and 1.25032.

5.0 - 60.0 mg/l COD or O₂ Measuring Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:

Chloride depletion:



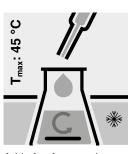
Pipette with glass pipette 20 ml of the sample into a 300-ml Erlenmeyer flask with NS 29/32.



Pipette with glass pipette 20 ml of distilled water (Water for chromatography LiChrosolv®, Cat.No. 1.15333, is recommended) into a second 300-ml Erlenmeyer flask with NS 29/32.



Add to each a magnetic stirring rod, and cool in the ice bath.



Add slowly to each Erlenmeyer flask 25 ml of Sulfuric acid for the determination of COD (Cat. No. 1.17048) with glass pipette under cooling and stirring.



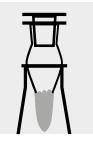
1.17058

Cell Test

Cool both Erlenmever flasks to room temperature in the ice bath.



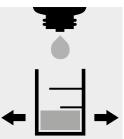
Fill 6 - 7 g each of Sodalime with indicator (Cat. No. 1.06733) into two absorption tubes (Cat. No. 1.15955).



Close the absorption tubes with the glass stoppers, and attach to the top of the Erlenmeyer flasks.



Stir at 250 rpm for 2 h at room temperature: depleted sample / depleted blank



Check the chloride content of the depleted sample using MQuant® Chloride Test (Cat. No. 1.11132) according to the application (see the website): Specified value <2000 mg/l Cl⁻.

Chloride determination (acc. the application instructions - abridged version):

Fill 5.0 ml of sodium hydroxide solution 2 mol/l, Cat. No. 1.09136, into the test vessel of the MQuant® Chloride Test, Cat. No. 1.11132.

Carefully allow to run from the pipette 0.5 ml of depleted sample down the inside of the tilted test vessel onto the sodium

hydroxide solution and mix (Wear eye protection! The cell becomes hot!). Add 2 drops of reagent Cl-1 and swirl. The sample directly turns yellow in color. (Reagent Cl-2 is not required.) Holding the reagent bottle vertically, slowly add reagent Cl-3 dropwise to the sample while swirling until its color changes from yellow to blue-violet. Shortly before the color changes, wait a few seconds after adding each drop.

Result in mg/l chloride = number of drops x 250



Determination:



Suspend the bottom sediment in two cells by swirling.

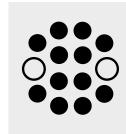


Carefully pipette 5.0 ml of the **depleted sample** into a reaction cell, close into a second reaction tightly with the screw cap, cell, close tightly with the and mix vigorously. Caution, the cell becomes hot!

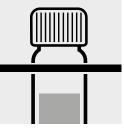


Carefully pipette 5.0 ml of the depleted blank screw cap, and mix vigor-

ously. Caution, the cell becomes hot! (Blank cell)



Heat both cells in the thermoreactor at 148 °C for 2 hours.



Remove both cells from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl both cells after 10 minutes.



Replace both cells in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. Select "Reagent blank". (Very important!)



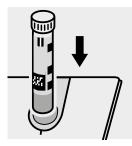
Tap the <Settings> button.

Place the blank cell into

the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.



Select "User RB". Confirm with <OK>.



Place the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a COD/chloride standard solution must be prepared from Potassium hydrogen phthalate, Cat.No. 1.02400 and Sodium chloride, Cat.No. 1.06406 (see section "Standard solutions").

50 - 3000 mg/l COD or O₂ Measuring Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:

Chloride depletion:



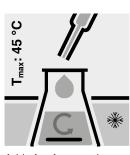
Pipette with glass pipette 20 ml of the sample into a 300-ml Erlenmeyer flask with NS 29/32.



Pipette with glass pipette 20 ml of distilled water (Water for chromatography LiChrosolv®, Cat.No. 1.15333, is recommended) into a second 300-ml Erlenmeyer flask with NS 29/32.



Add to each a magnetic stirring rod, and cool in the ice bath.



Add slowly to each Erlenmeyer flask 25 ml of Sulfuric acid for the determination of COD (Cat. No. 1.17048) with glass pipette under cooling and stirring.



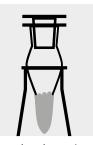
1.17059

Cell Test

Cool both Erlenmever flasks to room temperature in the ice bath.



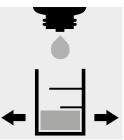
Fill 6 - 7 g each of Sodalime with indicator (Cat. No. 1.06733) into two absorption tubes (Cat. No. 1.15955).



Close the absorption tubes with the glass stoppers, and attach to the top of the Erlenmeyer flasks.



Stir at 250 rpm for 2 h at room temperature: depleted sample / depleted blank



Check the chloride content of the depleted sample using MQuant® Chloride Test (Cat. No. 1.11132) according to the application (see the website): specified value <250 mg/l Cŀ.

Chloride determination (acc. the application instructions - abridged version):

Fill 5.0 ml of sodium hydroxide solution 2 mol/l, Cat. No. 1.09136, into the test vessel of the MQuant® Chloride Test, Cat. No. 1.11132.

Carefully allow to run from the pipette 0.5 ml of depleted sample down the inside of the tilted test vessel onto the sodium

hydroxide solution and mix (Wear eye protection! The cell becomes hot!). Add 2 drops of reagent Cl-1 and swirl. The sample directly turns yellow in color. (Reagent Cl-2 is not required.) Holding the reagent bottle vertically, slowly add reagent Cl-3 dropwise to the sample while swirling until its color changes from yellow to blue-violet. Shortly before the color changes, wait a few seconds after adding each drop.

Result in mg/l chloride = number of drops x 250



Determination:



Suspend the bottom sediment in two cells by swirling.

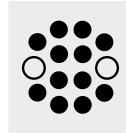


Carefully pipette 3.0 ml of the **depleted sample** into a reaction cell, close into a second reaction tightly with the screw cap, cell, close tightly with the and mix vigorously. Caution, the cell becomes hot!

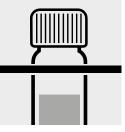


Carefully pipette 3.0 ml of the depleted blank screw cap, and mix vigor-

ously. Caution, the cell becomes hot! (Blank cell)



Heat both cells in the thermoreactor at 148 °C for 2 hours.



Remove both cells from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool.



Swirl both cells after 10 minutes.



Replace both cells in the rack for complete cooling to room temperature. Select "Reagent blank". (Very important!)



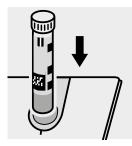
Tap the <Settings> button.

Place the blank cell into

the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.



Select "User RB". Confirm with <OK>.



Place the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

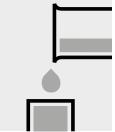
Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a COD/chloride standard solution must be prepared from Potassium hydrogen phthalate, Cat.No. 1.02400 and Sodium chloride, Cat.No. 1.06406 (see section "Standard solutions").

Color
(Spectral Absorption Coefficient)
analogous to EN ISO 7887

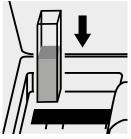
Measuring	1 – 250 m ⁻¹	436 nm	10-mm cell	Method No. 015 α (436)
range:	0.3 – 125.0 m ⁻¹	436 nm	20-mm cell	Method No. 015 α (436)
	0.1 – 50.0 m ⁻¹	436 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 015 α (436)
	1 – 250 m ⁻¹	525 nm	10-mm cell	Method No. 061 α (525)
	0.3 – 125.0 m ⁻¹	525 nm	20-mm cell	Method No. 061 α (525)
	0.1 – 50.0 m ⁻¹	525 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 061 α (525)
	1 – 250 m ⁻¹	620 nm	10-mm cell	Method No. 078 α (620)
	0.3 – 125.0 m ⁻¹	620 nm	20-mm cell	Method No. 078 α (620)
	0.1 – 50.0 m ⁻¹	620 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 078 α (620)





cell.





Filter sample solution through a membrane filter with 0.45 μm pore size.

Notes: Filtered sample = true color. Unfiltered sample = apparent color.

Select method no. 15, 61, or 78. Transfer the solution into a corresponding

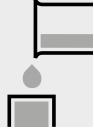
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Spectroquant[®] Prove 100 plus - 01/2024

	_				
Measuring	10 – 2500 mg/l Pt	10 – 2500 mg/l Pt/Co	10–2500 CU	10-mm cell	Method No. 303
range:	5 – 1250 mg/l Pt	5 – 1250 mg/l Pt/Co	5–1250 CU	20-mm cell	Method No. 303
	2 – 500 mg/l Pt	2 – 500 mg/l Pt/Co	2- 500 CU	50-mm cell	Method No. 303



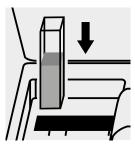
Filter sample solution through a membrane filter with 0.45 µm pore size.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method no. 303.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Color Hazen (Platinum-Cobalt Standard Method)

Measuring	1 – 500 mg/l Pt/Co	1 – 500 mg/l Pt	1 – 500 Hazen	1 – 500 CU	340 nm 10-mm cell
range:	1 – 250 mg/l Pt/Co	1 – 250 mg/l Pt	1 – 250 Hazen	1 – 250 CU	340 nm 20-mm cell
	0.2 – 100.0 mg/l Pt/Co	0.2 – 100.0 mg/l Pt	0.2 – 100.0 Hazen	0.2 – 100.0 CU	340 nm 50-mm cell



Filter sample solution through a membrane filter with 0.45 μm pore size.

Notes:

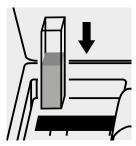
Filtered sample = true color. Unfiltered sample = apparent color.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method no. 32.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (measurement device, handling) ready-to-use Platinum Cobalt Color Reference Solution (Hazen 500) Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.00246, concentration 500 mg/l Pt, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Color Hazen (Platinum-Cobalt Standard Method)

analogous to APHA 2120C, EN ISO 6271-2, Water Research Vol. 30, No. 11, 2771-2775, 1996

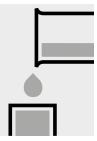
Measuring	1–1000 mg/l Pt/Co	1–1000 mg/l Pt	1-1000 Hazen	1-1000 CU	445 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 179*
range:	1–1000 mg/l Pt/Co	1–1000 mg/l Pt	1–1000 Hazen	1-1000 CU	455 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 180
	1–1000 mg/l Pt/Co	1–1000 mg/l Pt	1–1000 Hazen	1-1000 CU	465 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 181
	* not analogous to	APHA 2120C					



Filter sample solution through a membrane filter with 0.45 μm pore size.

Notes:

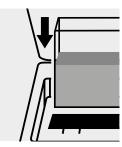
Filtered sample = true color. Unfiltered sample = apparent color.



Transfer the solution into the cell.



Select method no. 179, 180, or 181.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (measurement device, handling) ready-to-use Platinum Cobalt Color Reference Solution (Hazen 500) Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.00246, concentration 500 mg/l Pt, can be used.

Copper

Measuring 0.05 – 8.00 mg/l Cu

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



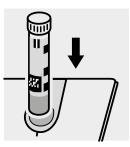
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of **Cu-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high copper concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be blue) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

For the determination of **total copper** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687 and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of copper (Σ Cu).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700.

Ready-to-use copper standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19786, concentration 1000 mg/l Cu, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

Copper

1.14767 Test

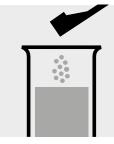
Measuring	0.10 – 6.00 mg/l Cu	10-mm cell
range:	0.05 – 3.00 mg/l Cu	20-mm cell
	0.02 – 1.20 mg/l Cu	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also p	oossible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 1 green dosing spoon of **Cu-1** and dissolve the solid substance.



Check the pH, specified range: pH 7.0 - 9.5. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



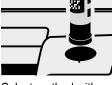
Add 5 drops of **Cu-2** and mix.



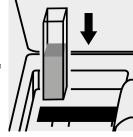
Reaction time: 5 minutes



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high copper concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be blue) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

For the determination of **total copper** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687 and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of copper (Σ Cu).

To measure in the 50-mm cell, only the sample volume has to be doubled.

Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700.

Ready-to-use copper standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19786, concentration 1000 mg/l Cu, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

Copper in electroplating baths

Inherent color

Measuring	10.0 – 80.0 g/l Cu	10-mm cell	Method No. 83
range:	5.0 – 40.0 g/l Cu	20-mm cell	Method No. 83
	2.0 – 16.0 g/l Cu	50-mm cell	Method No. 83



Pipette 25 ml of the sample into a 100-ml volumetric flask, fill to the mark with distilled water and mix thoroughly.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the 1:4 dilute sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).

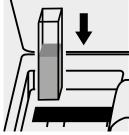


Add 5.0 ml of **sulfuric** Transfer the solution a corresponding cell. with the screw cap, and mix.



ΙĒ

Transfer the solution into Select method no. 83.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Cyanide

Determination of free cyanide

Cell Test

1.02531

0.010 - 0.500 mg/l CN Measuring

range:

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l and cyanide free [CN(f)]



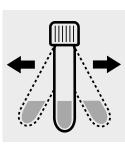
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4.5 - 8.0. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and dissolve the solid substance.



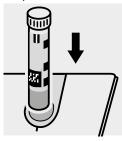
Add 1 level blue microspoon of CN-1K, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use cyanide standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19533, concentration 1000 mg/I CN-, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Cyanide

Determination of free cyanide

Cell Test

1.14561

0.010 - 0.500 mg/l CN Measuring

range:

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l and cyanide free [CN(f)]



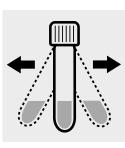
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4.5 - 8.0. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and dissolve the solid substance.



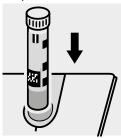
Add 1 level blue microspoon of CN-3K, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use cyanide standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19533, concentration 1000 mg/I CN-, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Cyanide

Determination of readily liberated cyanide

Cell Test

1.14561

0.010 - 0.500 mg/l CN Measuring

range:

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l and cyanide readily liberated [CN(v)].



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4.5 - 8.0. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



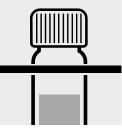
Pipette 10 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 1 dose of CN-1K using the green dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 30 minutes.



Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature.



Swirl the cell before opening.



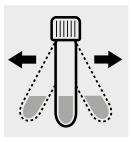
Add 3 drops of CN-2K, close with the screw cap, and mix: pretreated sample.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the pretreated sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and dissolve the solid substance.



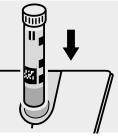
Add 1 level blue microspoon of CN-3K, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use cyanide standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19533, concentration 1000 mg/I CN⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Cyanide

Determination of free cyanide

Test

1.09701

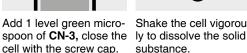
Measuring	0.010 – 0.500 mg/l CN	10-mm cell
range:	0.005 – 0.250 mg/l CN	20-mm cell
	0.0020 – 0.1000 mg/l CN	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l and cvanide free ICN(f)].



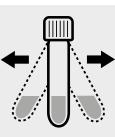
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4.5 - 8.0. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



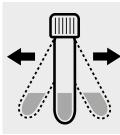
Add 1 level areen microcell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigoroussubstance.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of CN-4, close the cell with the screw cap.



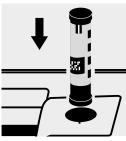
Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



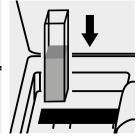
Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding rectangular cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Note:

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus preventing any gas losses.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents CN-3 and CN-4 have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use cyanide standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19533, concentration 1000 mg/I CN⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Cyanide

Determination of readily liberated cyanide

Test

1.09701

Measuring	0.010 – 0.500 mg/l CN	10-mm cell
range:	0.005 – 0.250 mg/I CN	20-mm cell
	0.0020 – 0.1000 mg/l CN	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l and cyanide	e readily liberated $[CN(y)]$.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4.5 - 8.0. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 10 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).

Add 1 dose of CN-1 using the green dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 30 minutes.



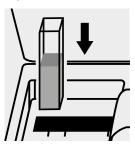
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature.



Swirl the cell before opening.



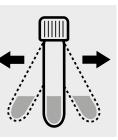
Add 1 level blue microspoon of CN-4, close the cell with the screw cap



Place the cell into the cell compartment.



and mix: pretreated sample.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.

Note:

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus preventing any gas losses.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the pretreated sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



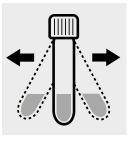
Reaction time: 10 minutes



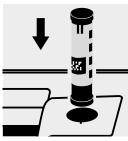
Add 1 level green microspoon of CN-3, close the ly to dissolve the solid cell with the screw cap.



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding rectangular cell.



Shake the cell vigoroussubstance.



AutoSelector.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents CN-3 and CN-4 have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be

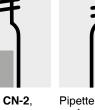
used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use cyanide standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19533, concentration 1000 mg/I CN-, can be used after diluting accordingly.



Add 3 drops of CN-2, close with the scew cap,



Cyanuric Acid

Test

1.19253

Measuring 2 – 160 mg/l cyanuric acid 20-mm cell Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



Filter turbid samples.



sample into an empty test tube (e.g. flatbottomed tubes, Cat.No. 1.14902).



Add 5.0 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.

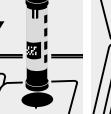


Add 1 reagent tablet Cyanuric Acid, crush with stirring rod, and close with the screw cap.



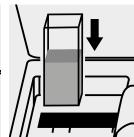
Swirl the cell to dissolve the solid substance.





Transfer the solution into Select method with a rectangular cell.

AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a cyanuric acid standard solution must be prepared from Cyanuric acid, Cat.No. 8.20358 (see section "Standard solutions").



Measuring	0.10 – 1.80 mg/l F	Round cell
range:	0.025 – 0.500 mg/l F	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also p	ossible in mmol/l.

Measuring range: 0.10 - 1.80 mg/l F



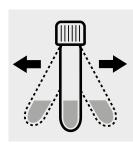
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of F-1K, close the ly to dissolve the solid cell with the screw cap.



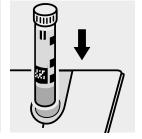
Shake the cell vigoroussubstance.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Swirl the cell before measurement.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Measuring range: 0.025 – 0.500 mg/l F



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Select method no. 216.



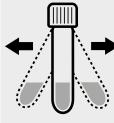
Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Pipette 10 ml of distilled water into a second reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix. (Blank)



Add 1 level blue microspoon of **F-1K** to each cell, close with the screw cap.



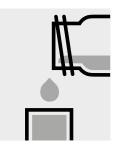
Shake both cells vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



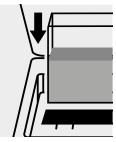
Reaction time: 15 minutes



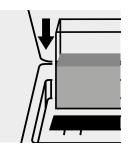
Swirl the cells.



Transfer both solutions into two separate 50-mm-cells.



Place the blank cell into the cell compartment.



Place the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high fluoride concentrations in the sample produce brown-colored solutions (measurement solution should be violet) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use fluoride standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19814, concentration 1000 mg/l F⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32233, 1.32234, 1.32235, and 1.32236.



1.17243 Cell Test

0.10 - 2.50 mg/l F Measuring

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 12. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



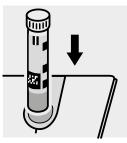
sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



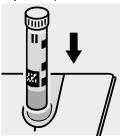
Pipette 5.0 ml of distilled Reaction time: water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) into a second reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix. (Blank)



1 minute



Place the blank cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.



Place the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use fluoride standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19814, concentration 1000 mg/I F⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photo-metric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32233, 1.32234, 1.32235, and 1.32236.

1.14598

Test

Measuring range:	0.10 – 2.00 mg/l F	10-mm cell
	1.0 – 20.0 mg/l F	10-mm cell
Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		

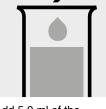
Measuring range: 0.10 - 2.00 mg/l F



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



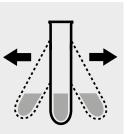
Pipette 2.0 ml of F-1 into Add 5.0 ml of the a test tube.



sample with pipette and mix.



Add 1 level microspoon of F-2 and mix.

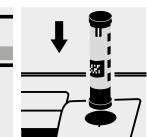


Shake the test tube vig-orously to dissolve the solid substance.

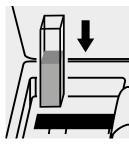


Reaction time: 5 minutes

a cell.



Transfer the solution into Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 0.10 – 2.00 mg/l F.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Test

Measuring range: 1.0 - 20.0 mg/l F



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



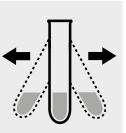
a test tube.



Pipette 2.0 ml of F-1 into Add 5.0 ml of water and 0.5 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



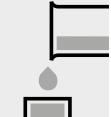
Add 1 level microspoon of F-2 and mix.



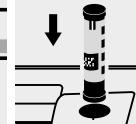
Shake the test tube vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



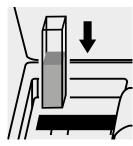
Reaction time: 5 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a cell.



AutoSelector measuring range 1.0 - 20.0 mg/l F.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high fluoride concentrations in the sample produce brown-colored solutions (measurement solution should be violet) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use fluoride standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19814, concentration 1000 mg/I F⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photo-metric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32233, 1.32234, 1.32235, and 1.32236.



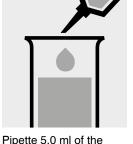
Measuring range: 0.02 - 2.00 mg/l F

50-mm semi-microcell, Cat. No. 1.73502

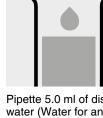
Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Sample into a test tube.



water (Water for analysis EMSURE[®], Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) into a second test tube. (Blank)



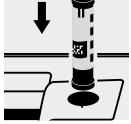
Pipette 5.0 ml of distilled Add to each tube 1.0 ml water (Water for analy-sis EMSURE[®], Cat.No. mix.



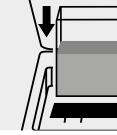
Reaction time: 1 minute



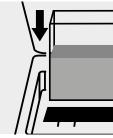
Transfer both solutions into a separate **semi-microcell**.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the blank cell into the cell compartment.



Place the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment.

Important:

For measurement in the 50-mm **rectangular cell**, **Cat. No. 1.14944**, the sample volume and the volume of the reagent must be doubled for each.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use fluoride standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19814, concentration 1000 mg/l F⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32233, 1.32234, 1.32235, and 1.32236.



Measuring range: 0.02 - 2.00 mg/l F

50-mm semi-microcell, Cat. No. 1.73502

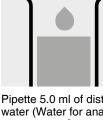
Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 - 12. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Sample into a test tube.



water (Water for analysis EMSURE[®], Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) into a second test tube. (Blank)



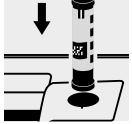
Pipette 5.0 ml of distilled Add to each tube 1.0 ml water (Water for analy-sis EMSURE[®], Cat.No. mix.



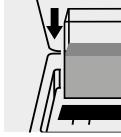
Reaction time: 1 minute



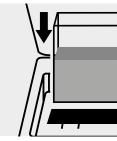
Transfer both solutions into a separate **semi-microcell**.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the blank cell into the cell compartment.



Place the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment.

Important:

For measurement in the 50-mm **rectangular cell**, **Cat. No. 1.14944**, the sample volume and the volume of the reagent must be doubled for each.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use fluoride standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19814, concentration 1000 mg/l F⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32233, 1.32234, 1.32235, and 1.32236.

Formaldehyde

1.14500 Cell Test

Measuring 0.10 – 8.00 mg/l HCHO

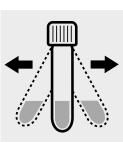
range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 - 13.



Add 1 level green microspoon of **HCHO-1K** into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap.



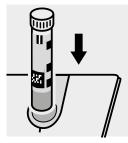
Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Add 2.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix. Caution, cell becomes hot!



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high formaldehyde concentrations (exceeding 1000 mg/l) in the sample yield false readings. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a formaldehyde standard solution must be prepared from Formaldehyde solution 37%, Cat.No. 1.04003 (see section "Standard solutions").

Formaldehyde

1.14678 Test

Measuring	0.10 – 8.00 mg/l HCHO	10-mm cell
range:	0.05 – 4.00 mg/l HCHO	20-mm cell
	0.02 – 1.50 mg/l HCHO	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	



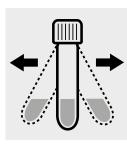
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 13.



Pipette 4.5 ml of HCHO-1 into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 1 level green microspoon of HCHO-2, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



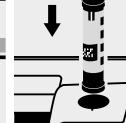
Add 3.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix. Caution, cell becomes hot!



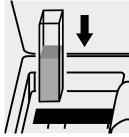
Reaction time: 5 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding rectangular cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Note:

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus enabling a hazard-free mixing of the sample.

Important:

Very high formaldehyde concentrations (exceeding 1000 mg/l) in the sample yield false readings. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a formaldehyde standard solution must be prepared from Formaldehyde solution 37%, Cat.No. 1.04003 (see section "Standard solutions").

Application Gardner Color Measurement

analogous to ASTM D6166 and EN ISO 4630-2

Measuring range:	1.0 – 18.0 Gardner Color	10-mm cell	Method No. 2561
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of	the first sample, the system	automatically prompts a zero adjustment pre-
	pared from distilled water (V	Vater for analysis EMSURE®,	Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended. This
	zero value remains valid un	il the method is exited.	

Preparation:





Contains the sample air or gas bubbles: degassing in ultrasonic bath.

Melt solid samples and homogenize.

the cell.

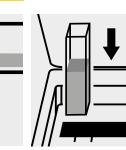


Filter or centrifuge turbid samples.

Determination:



Select method no. 2561. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. Gardner Color is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Gold

1.14821 Test

0.5 – 12.0 mg/l Au 10-mm cell Measuring Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 – 9. If required, add dilute hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a test tube with screw cap.



Add 2 drops of Au-1 and mix.



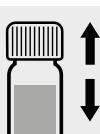
mix.



Add 4 drops of Au-2 and Add 6 drops of Au-3 and mix.



Add 6.0 ml of Au-4 with pipette, close with the screw cap.



Shake the tube vigorously for 1 minute.



Add 6 drops of Au-5, close with the screw cap.



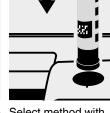
Shake the tube vigorously for 1 minute.



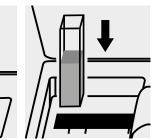
Aspirate the clear upper phase from the tube with pipette.



Transfer the solution into Select method with a cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use gold standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.70216, concentration 1000 mg/l Au, can be used after diluting accordingly.



Spectroquant® Prove 100 plus - 01/2024

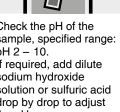
Hydrazine



Test

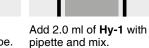
Measuring	$0.02 - 2.00 \text{ mg/l} \text{ N}_2\text{H}_4$	10-mm cell
range:	0.01 – 1.00 mg/l N ₂ H ₄	20-mm cell
	$0.005 - 0.400 \text{ mg/l} \text{ N}_2\text{H}_4$	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also pos	ssible in mmol/l.





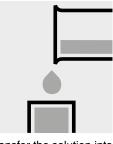


Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



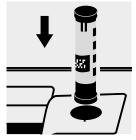


Reaction time: 5 minutes

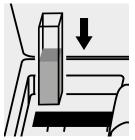


Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.

Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a hydrazine standard solution must be prepared from Hydrazinium sulfate GR, Cat.No. 1.04603 (see section "Standard solutions").

Hydrogen Peroxide



Measuring	2.0 – 20.0 mg/l H ₂ O ₂	Round cell
range:	0.25 – 5.00 mg/l H ₂ O ₂	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also po	ssible in mmol/l.

Measuring range: 2.0 – 20.0 mg/l H₂O₂



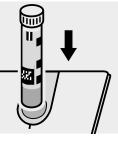
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Measuring range: 0.25 - 5.00 mg/l H₂O₂



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Select method no. 128.



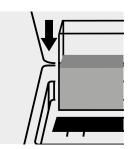
Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



Transfer the solution into a 50-mm cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

The contents of the reaction cells may be slightly yellow. However, this does not influence the measurement result.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a hydrogenperoxide standard solution must be prepared from Perhydrol® 30% H₂O₂ GR, Cat.No. 1.07209 (see section "Standard solutions").

Hydrogen Peroxide

1.18789

Test

range:	0.015 – 3.000 mg/l H ₂ O ₂	20-mm cell
runge.	Expression of results also	



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



H₂O₂-1 into a test tube.



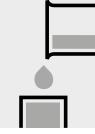
Add 8.0 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



Add 0.50 ml of H₂O₂-2 with pipette and mix.



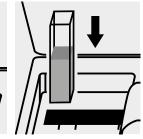
Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a hydrogenperoxide standard solution must be prepared from Perhydrol® 30% H₂O₂ GR, Cat.No. 1.07209 (see section "Standard solutions").

Hydroxyproline

Application

in meat, meat products and sausages corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 06.00-8

 Measuring range:
 0.000 - 1.000 g/100 g
 10-mm cell
 Method No. 2538

 Attention!
 Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended. This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.

Preparation: Acid hydrolysis and fat separation



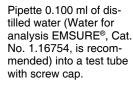
Weigh approx. 2 g of sample, accurately weighed to 1 mg, into a DURAN[®] glass bottle and process acc. to §64 LFGB 06.00-8, section 7.1 [1].



Use the resultant filtrate: pretreated sample solution.

Hydroxyproline determination: Reagent blank







Add 5 ml of **oxidizing** reagent and mix.



Incubation time: 20 minutes at room temperature



Add 2 ml of **color reagent**, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



Incubate in the water bath at 60 °C for 15 minutes.



Cool under running water to room temperature within 3 minutes.



Incubation time: 30 minutes at room temperature: reagent blank





Pipette 0.100 ml of pretreated sample (filtrate) into a test tube with screw cap.



Add 5 ml of **oxidizing** reagent and mix.



Incubation time: 20 minutes at room temperature



Add 2 ml of **color reagent**, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



Incubate in the water bath at 60 °C for 15 minutes.

Hydroxyproline in meat, meat products and sausages

corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 06.00-8

Application

Cool under running water to room temperature within 3 minutes.



Confirm with <OK>.



Incubation time: 30 minutes at room temperature: measurement sample

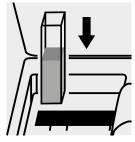


Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the cell.

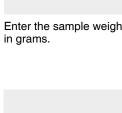




Select method no. 2538. Enter the sample weight Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



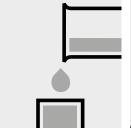
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



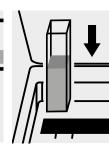
g



Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

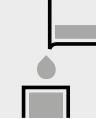
For each new measurement series, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Adjustment"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.



Tap the <Start> button.



ICUMSA Color

Application

Color of sugar solutions corresponds to ICUMSA method GS1/3-7 (2011)

Measuring	0 – 50 000 IU _{7.0}	10-mm cell	Method No. 2548
range:	0 – 25 000 IU _{7.0}	20-mm cell	Method No. 2548
	0 – 10000 IU _{7.0}	50-mm cell	Method No. 2548
Attention!	Prior to the measureme	nt of the first sample, the system	automatically prompts a zero adjustment prepared
	from distilled water (Wa	ter for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.I	No. 1.16754), is recommended. This zero value
	remains valid until the n	nethod is exited.	



Weigh in 5.0 g of homogenized sample, accurately weighed to 0.1 g, or 10/30/50 g of homogenized sample, accurately weighed to 1 g, depending on the anticipated color value.



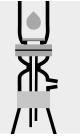
Add distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) until a total volume of 100 g is achieved



Dissolve the sample at room temperature.



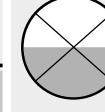
Adjust the pH of the prepared sample with sodium hydroxide solution 0.1 mol/l (Cat. No. 1.09141) or, respectively, hydrochloric acid 0.1 mol/l (Cat. No. 1.09060) to $\dot{7}.0 \pm 0.1.$



Vacuum-filter the adjusted solution over a membrane filter into a clean and dry conical flask.



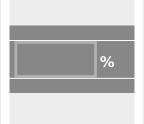
Degas for 3 minutes in the ultrasonic bath.



Determine the % RDS value (refractometric dry substance) of the solution.



Select method no. 2548. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Enter the RDS value in %.



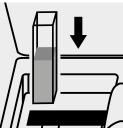
Confirm with <OK>.



Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the a corresponding cell.



cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The IU_{7.0} value is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.



ICUMSA Color Color of sugar solutions at pH 7.0 corresponds to ICUMSA method GS2/3-9 (2005)

Measuring range: $0 - 600 \text{ IU}_{7.0}$ 50-mm cell Method No. 2549 Attention! Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment prepared from buffer solution, is recommended. This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.



Weigh 50.0 ± 0.1 g of homogenized sample into a 250-ml conical flask.

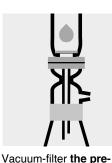


Add 50.0 ± 0.1 g of buffer solution.



Dissolve the sample at room temperature.

%



treated solution over a

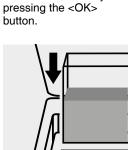
Degas for 3 minutes in

the ultrasonic bath.

Determine the % RDS value (refractometric dry substance) of the solution.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the a corresponding cell.



Select method no. 2549.

Perform the zero adjust-

ment and confirm by

cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Enter the RDS value in

%.

Confirm with <OK>. The IU_{7.0} value is shown in the display.



Confirm with <OK>.

Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

The exact procedure and the composition and preparation of the buffer solution used are given in the corresponding application, which also includes further information on the method employed. This application can be downloaded from the website.

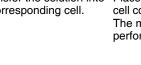






Tap the <Start> button.

Application



ICUMSA Color

Application

Color of sugar solutions of white sugar corresponds to ICUMSA method GS2/3-10 (2011)

Measuring range:	0 – 50 IU _{7.0}	50-mm cell	Method No. 2550
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of	the first sample, the system	automatically prompts a zero adjustment
	prepared from distilled wate	r (Water for analysis EMSUR	E [®] , Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended. This
	zero value remains valid unti	I the method is exited.	



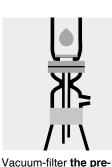
Weigh 50.0 ± 0.1 g of homogenized sample into a 250-ml conical flask.



Add 50.0 ± 0.1 g of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat. No. 1.16754, is recommended).



Dissolve the sample at room temperature.



treated solution over a

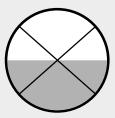
membrane filter into a

clean and dry conical

flask.



Degas for 3 minutes in the ultrasonic bath.



Determine the % RDS value (refractometric dry substance) of the solution.



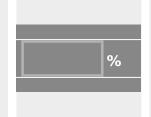
Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the a corresponding cell.



Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.

cell compartment.

The measurement is performed automatically.



Enter the RDS value in %.



Confirm with <OK>.



Tap the <Start> button.



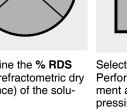
Confirm with <OK>. The IU_{7.0} value is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

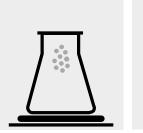


ICUMSA Color

Application

Color of sugar solutions at pH 7.0 corresponds to ICUMSA method GS9/1/2/3-8 (2011) (MOPS buffer method)

Measuring	0 – 20 000 IU _{7.0}	10-mm cell	Method No. 2551
range:	0 – 10000 IU _{7.0}	20-mm cell	Method No. 2551
	0 - 4000 IU _{7.0}	50-mm cell	Method No. 2551
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of the	first sample, the system auto	matically prompts a zero adjustment prepared
	from reference solution, is recommended. This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.		



Weigh in 5.0/10.0/20.0 g of homogenized sample, accurately weighed to 0.1 g, depending on the anticipated color value.



Filter 10 - 20 ml of the pretreated solution over a membrane filter into a clean and dry beaker.



Transfer the sample to a 100-ml volumetric flask by rinsing with 80 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended).



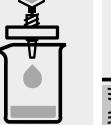
Dissolve the sample at room temperature.



Add 10.0 ml of MOPS buffer.



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and mix.





Degas for 3 minutes in the ultrasonic bath.



Select method no. 2551. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Enter the sample weight Confirm with <OK>. in grams.

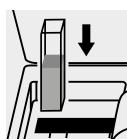




Tap the <Start> button.



a corresponding cell.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The IU_{7.0} value is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

The exact procedure and the composition and preparation of the buffer and reference solution used are given in the corresponding application, which also includes further information on the method employed. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Iodine



Test

Measuring	0.20 –10.00 mg/l l ₂	10-mm cell
range:	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l l ₂	20-mm cell
	0.050 – 2.000 mg/l l ₂	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	

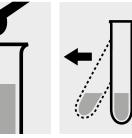


Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a test tube.

the Add 1 level blue microst tube. spoon of I_2 -1.



Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.

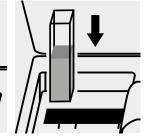


Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.





Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high iodine concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Note:

lodine can also be determined with Spectroquant[®] Chlorine Test, Cat. No. 1.00598 (see corresponding application notes on www.sigmaaldrich.com).

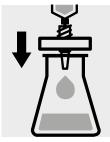
Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a freshly prepared standard solution can be used (see section "Standard solutions").

Iodine Color Number

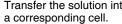
analogous to DIN 6162A

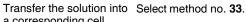
Measuring	0.05 - 3.00	340 nm	10-mm cell	Method No. 33
range:	0.03 – 1.50	340 nm	20-mm cell	Method No. 33
	0.010 - 0.600	340 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 33

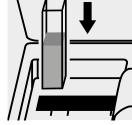


Filter turbid samples.







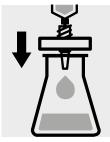


Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Iodine Color Number

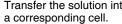
analogous to DIN 6162A

Measuring	1.0 – 50.0	445 nm	10-mm cell	Method No. 21
range:	0.5 – 25.0	445 nm	20-mm cell	Method No. 21
	0.2 – 10.0	445 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 21

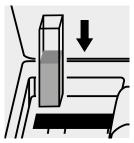


Filter turbid samples.





Transfer the solution into Select method no. 21.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Iron

Measuring 0.05 – 4.00 mg/l Fe

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



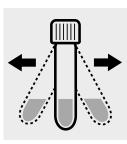
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



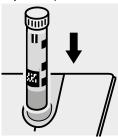
Add 1 level blue microspoon of **Fe-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 3 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of **total iron** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687 and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of iron (Σ Fe).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.33018, 1.33019 and 1.33020.

Ready-to-use iron standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19781, concentration 1000 mg/l Fe, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

Iron

Determination of iron(II) and iron(III)

Cell Test

1.14896

Measuring 1.0 - 50.0 mg/l Fe

range:

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.

Determination of iron (II)



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.

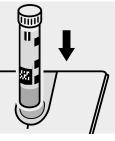
Determination of iron (II + III)



Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

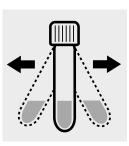


Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.





Add 1 dose of Fe-1K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the reaction cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that

on the photometer. Important:

For the determination of total iron a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of iron (Σ Fe).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use iron standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19781, concentration 1000 mg/l Fe(III), can be used after diluting accordingly.

Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.

Measuring range: 1.0 - 50.0 mg/l Fe

If the aim is to differentiate between iron(II) and iron(III), after selecting the method it is possible to set the method-specific "Differentiation" mode.

Note: If no differentiation is to be measured, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.



Select method no. 106.



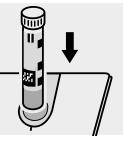
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of **iron(II + III)** (see analytical procedure "Determination of iron(II + III)" with 1.14896). **= cell A**

After the reaction time has expired:



1.14896

Cell Test

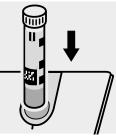
Place the **cell A** into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of **iron(II)** (see analytical procedure "Determination of iron(II)" with 1.14896). **= cell B**

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the **cell B** into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The results A (Fe(II+III)), B (Fe(II)), and C (Fe(III)) are shown in the display in mg/l.

Iron

1.14761

Test

Measuring	0.05	- 5.00	mg/l Fe	10-mm cell
range:	0.03	- 2.50	mg/l Fe	20-mm cell
	0.005	- 1.000	mg/l Fe	50-mm cell
Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.				

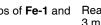


Check the pH of the sample, specified range:



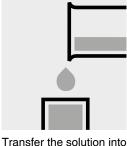
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



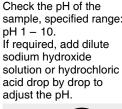


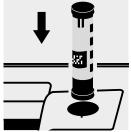


Reaction time: 3 minutes



a corresponding cell.





Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For the determination of total iron a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687 and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of iron (Σ Fe).

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant® CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.33014, 1.33018, 1.33019 and 1.33020.

Ready-to-use iron standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19781, concentration 1000 mg/l Fe, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

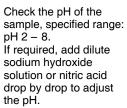
To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

Iron Determination of iron(II) and iron(III)

Measuring	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Fe	10-mm cell	
range:	0.05 – 2.50 mg/l Fe	20-mm cell	
	0.010 – 1.000 mg/l Fe	50-mm cell	
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		

Determination of iron(II)







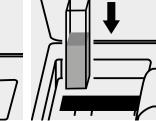
Pipette 8.0 ml of the sample into a test tube. Add 1 drop of Fe-1 and mix.



Add 0.50 ml of Fe-2 with Reaction time: pipette and mix. 5 minutes

Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.

AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.



Spectroquant® Prove 100 plus - 01/2024

1.00796 Test

Iron Determination of iron(II) and iron(III)

1.00796

Test

Determination of iron(II + III)



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 8.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.

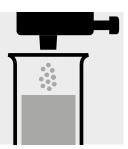
a corresponding cell.



Add 1 drop of Fe-1 and mix.



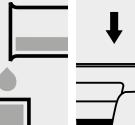
Add 0.50 ml of Fe-2 with pipette and mix.



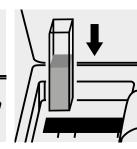
Add 1 dose of Fe-3 using the blue dosemetering cap and dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For the determination of total iron a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687 and thermoreactor is necessary.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant® CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.33014, 1.33018, 1.33019 and 1.33020.

Ready-to-use iron standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19781, concentration 1000 mg/l Fe(III), can also be used after diluting accordingly.

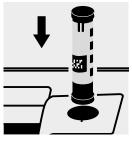
To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

Iron Differentiation between iron(II) and iron(III)

Measuring	0.10 - 5.00 mg/l Fe	10-mm cell
range:	0.05 – 2.50 mg/l Fe	20-mm cell
	0.010 – 1.000 mg/l Fe	50-mm cell

If the aim is to differentiate between iron(II) and iron(III), after selecting the method it is possible to set the method-specific "Differentiation" mode.

Note: If no differentiation is to be measured, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.



Select method with AutoSelector.



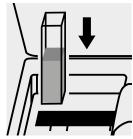
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of **iron(II + III)** (see analytical procedure "Determination of iron(II + III)" with 1.00796). **= cell A**

After the reaction time has expired:



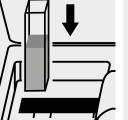
Place the **cell A** into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of **iron(II)** (see analytical procedure "Determination of iron(II)" with 1.00796). **= cell B**

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the **cell B** into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The results A (Fe(II+III)), B (Fe(II)), and C (Fe(III)) are shown in the display in mg/l.

Test

1.00796



Measuring 0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Pb

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.

Samples of total hardness 0-10 °d



Check the total hardness of the sample.



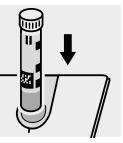
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3-6. If required, add dilute ammonia solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 5 drops of **Pb-1K** into a reaction cell and mix.



Add 5.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer = Result A

Samples of total hardness > 10 °d



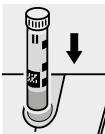
Add 1 level grey microspoon of **Pb-2K** to the

already measured cell,

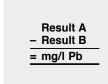
close the cell with the

screw cap.

Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer = Result B



Important:

For the determination of **total lead** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of lead (Σ Pb).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 100, Cat.No. 1.18701.

Ready-to-use lead standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19776, concentration 1000 mg/l Pb, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 100) is highly recommended.

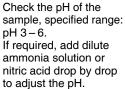
Lead



Test

Measuring	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Pb	10-mm cell	
range:	0.05 – 2.50 mg/l Pb	20-mm cell	
	0.010 – 1.000 mg/l Pb	50-mm cell	
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		





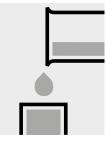


Pipette 0.50 ml of **Pb-1** into a test tube.

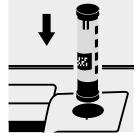
Add 0.50 ml of **Pb-2** with pipette and mix.



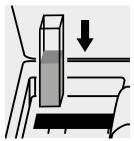
Add 8.0 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For the determination of **total lead** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of lead (Σ Pb).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 100, Cat.No. 1.18701 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.33003 and 1.33004.

Ready-to-use lead standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19776, concentration 1000 mg/l Pb, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 100) is highly recommended.

Magnesium

1.00815 Cell Test

Measuring 5.0 – 75.0 mg/l Mg

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



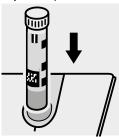
Add 1.0 ml of **Mg-1K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: exactly 3 minutes



Add 3 drops of **Mg-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap and mix.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a freshly prepared standard solution can be used (see section "Standard solutions").

Manganese

1.00816 Cell Test

Measuring 0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Mn

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 - 7. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 7.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 2 drops of **Mn-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



Add 3 drops of **Mn-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 10 minutes

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Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32238 and 1.32239.

Ready-to-use manganese standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19789, concentration 1000 mg/l Mn, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

Manganese

1.14770 Test

Measuring	0.50 – 10.00 mg/l Mn	10-mm cell
range:	0.25 – 5.00 mg/l Mn	20-mm cell
	0.010 – 2.000 mg/l Mn	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also pe	ossible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 7. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 4 drops of Mn-1 and mix. Check the pH, specified pH: approx. 11.5.



Add 2 drops of Mn-2 and mix.



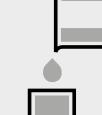
Reaction time: 2 minutes



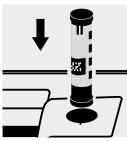
Add 2 drops of Mn-3 and mix.



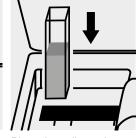
Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant® CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32237, 1.32238 and 1.32239.

Ready-to-use manganese standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19789, concentration 1000 mg/l Mn, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

Manganese

1.01846



Measuring	0.05 – 2.00 mg/l Mn	10-mm cell
range:	0.03 – 1.00 mg/l Mn	20-mm cell
	0.005 – 0.400 mg/l Mn	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also po	ssible in mmol/l.



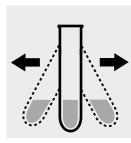
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 8.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 1 level grey microspoon of Mn-1.



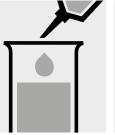
Shake the tube vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Add 2.0 ml of Mn-2 with pipette and mix.



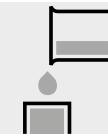
Add carefully 3 drops of Mn-3 and mix.



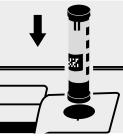
Add carefully 0.25 ml of Reaction time: Mn-4 with pipette and mix carefully (Foams! Wear eye protection!).



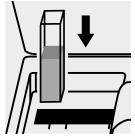
10 minutes



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

When using the 50-mm cell, perform the measurement against a separately prepared blank (preparation as per measurement sample, but with distilled water instead of sample).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant® CombiCheck 90, Cat.No. 1.18700 or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32237, 1.32238 and 1.32239.

Ready-to-use manganese standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19789, concentration 1000 mg/l Mn, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 90) is highly recommended.

McFarland Determination of microbial cell concentration in suspensions

Measuring	0.0 – 10.0 McFarland	10-mm cell	Method No. 2513
range:	0 – 3000 CFU (x 10 ⁶ /ml) based on E. coli	10-mm cell	Method No. 2513
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the	he system automatically	prompts a zero adjustment
	prepared from distilled water (Water for analys	is EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.	16754), is recommended. This zero
	value remains valid until the method is exited.		



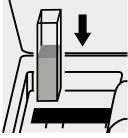
Homogenize the sample **carefully**: measurement sample.



Select method no. **2513**. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Transfer the **measure**ment sample into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Application

Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Mercury in water and wastewater

Measuring range: 0.025 – 1.000 mg/l Hg

50-mm cell

Method No. 135



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 7. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or acetic acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.

l of the Add 1.0 test tube. reagent



Add 1.0 ml of **reagent 1** with pipette and mix.

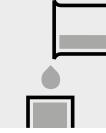


Add 1.5 ml of **reagent 2** with pipette and mix.



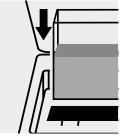
Application

Reaction time: 5 minutes





Transfer the solution into Select method no. **135**. a cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

The exact composition and preparation of the reagents 1 and 2 used are given in the corresponding application, which also includes further information on the method employed. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Molybdenum

1.00860 Cell Test

 Measuring
 0.02 - 1.00 mg/l Mo

 range:
 0.03 - 1.67 mg/l MoO₄

 0.04 - 2.15 mg/l Na₂MoO₄

 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



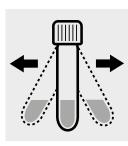
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 2 drops of **Mo-1K** into a reaction cell and mix.



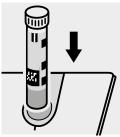
Add 10 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a ready-to-use molybdenum standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.70227, concentration 1000 mg/l Mo, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Molybdenum

1.19252

Test

Measuring	0.5 – 45.0 mg/l Mo	20-mm cell
range:	0.8 – 75.0 mg/l MoO ₄	20-mm cell
	1.1 – 96.6 mg/l Na₂MoO₄	20-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol	/I.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 1 powder pack of Molybdenum HR1, close with the screw cap, and dissolve the solid substance.



Add 1 powder pack of Molybdenum HR2, close with the screw cap, and dissolve the solid substance.



Add 1 powder pack of Molybdenum HR3 and close with the screw cap.



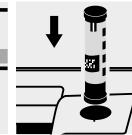
Swirl the cell to dissolve the solid substance.



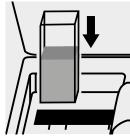
Reaction time: 5 minutes, measure immediately.



Transfer the solution into Select method with a rectangular cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a ready-to-use molybdenum standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.70227, concentration 1000 mg/l Mo, can be used after diluting accordingly.

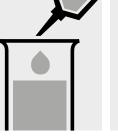
Monochloramine

1.01632

Test

Measuring	0.25 – 10.00 mg/l Cl ₂	0.18 – 7.26 mg/l NH ₂ Cl	0.05 – 1.98 mg/l NH ₂ CI-N	10-mm cell
range:	0.13 – 5.00 mg/l Cl ₂	0.09 – 3.63 mg/l NH ₂ Cl	0.026 – 0.988 mg/l NH ₂ Cl-N	20-mm cell
	0.050 - 2.000 mg/l Cl ₂	0.04 – 1.45 mg/l NH ₂ Cl	0.010 - 0.395 mg/l NH ₂ Cl-N	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also p	ossible in mmol/l.		

Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a test tube. Add 0.60 ml of MCA-1

with pipette and mix.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



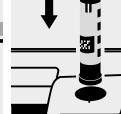
Add 4 drops of MCA-2 and mix.



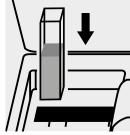
Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high monochloramine concentrations in the sample produce turquoise-colored solutions (measurement solution should be yellow-green to green) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a standard solution must be prepared (see section "Standard solutions").

Nickel



Measuring 0.10 – 6.00 mg/l Ni

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3-8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Add 2 drops of **Ni-1K**, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 2 drops of **Ni-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 2 minutes

₽	
Ţ	

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of **total nickel** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687 and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of nickel (Σ Ni).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroguant[®] CombiCheck 100, Cat.No. 1.18701.

A nickel standard solution Titrisol[®], Cat.No. 1.09989, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 100) is highly recommended.

Nickel



Measuring	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Ni	10-mm cell
range:	0.05 – 2.50 mg/l Ni	20-mm cell
	0.02 – 1.00 mg/l Ni	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3–8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 1 drop of Ni-1 and mix. If the color disappears, continue adding drop by drop until a slight yellow coloration persists.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Add 2 drops of Ni-2 and mix.



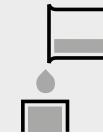
Check the pH, specified range: pH 10-12. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



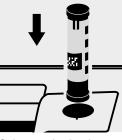
Add 2 drops of Ni-3 and mix.



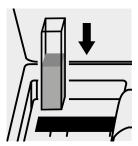
Reaction time: 2 minutes



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For the determination of total nickel a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687 and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of nickel (Σ Ni).

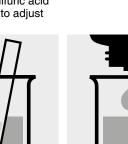
To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 100, Cat.No. 1.18701.

A nickel standard solution Titrisol®, Cat.No. 1.09989, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 100) is highly recommended.





Nickel in electroplating baths

Inherent color

Measuring	10 – 120 g/l Ni	10-mm cell	Method No. 57
range:	5.0 – 60.0 g/l Ni	20-mm cell	Method No. 57
	2.0 – 24.0 g/l Ni	50-mm cell	Method No. 57



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).

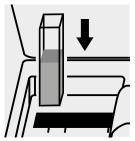


Add 5.0 ml of **sulfuric** Transfer the solution a corresponding cell. with the screw cap, and mix.



Transfer the solution into Select method no. **57**. a corresponding cell.





Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.





Add 1 level microspoon of NO_3 -1K into a reaction cell and close with the screw cap.

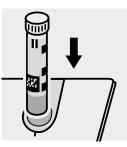
Shake the cell vigorously for 1 minute to dissolve the solid substance.



Add very slowly 1.5 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix **briefly**. **Caution, cell becomes hot!**



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 20, Cat.No. 1.14675, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25037, 1.25038, 1.32241, and 1.32242.

Ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l $NO_{\overline{3}}$, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 20) is highly recommended.

Measuring $0.5 - 25.0 \text{ mg/l NO}_3$ -Nrange: $2.2 - 110.7 \text{ mg/l NO}_3$ Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



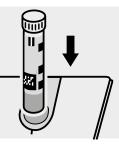
Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, **do not mix**.



Add 1.0 ml of NO₃-1K with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix. Caution, cell becomes hot!



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 20, Cat.No. 1.14675, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25037, 1.25038, 1.32241, and 1.32242.

Ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l NO₃, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 20) is highly recommended.



Measuring $1.0 - 50.0 \text{ mg/l NO}_3$ -Nrange: $4 - 221 \text{ mg/l NO}_3$ Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



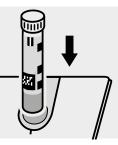
Pipette 0.50 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, **do not mix**.



Add 1.0 ml of **NO₃-1K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix. **Caution, cell becomes hot!**



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 80, Cat.No. 1.14738, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25037, 1.25038, 1.25039, 1.32241, and 1.32242.

Ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l $NO_{\overline{3}}$, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 80) is highly recommended.

23 - 225 mg/l NO₃-N Measuring 102 - 996 mg/l NO₃ range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



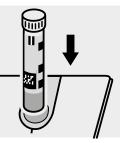
Pipette 1.0 ml of NO₃-1K into a reaction cell, do not mix.



Add 0.10 ml of the sample with pipette, close the 5 minutes, measure cell with the screw cap, and mix. Caution, cell becomes hot!



Reaction time: immediately.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l NO₃⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applica-tions, Cat.Nos. 1.25039 and 1.25040.

Test

1.14773

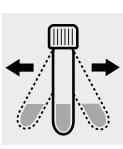
Measuring	0.5 – 20.0 mg/l NO ₃ -N	2.2 – 88.5 mg/l NO ₃	10-mm cell
range:	0.20 – 10.00 mg/l NO ₃ -N	0.89 – 44.27 mg/l NO ₃	20-mm cell
	Expression of results also possil	ole in mmol/l.	



Place 1 microspoon of NO₃-1 into a dry empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 5.0 ml of **NO₃-2** with pipette into the cell. Close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake vigorously for 1 minute to dissolve the solid substance.



Add very slowly 1.5 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix briefly. Caution, cell becomes hot!

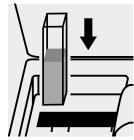


Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into a corresponding rectan-

Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Note:

gular cell.

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus enabling a hazard-free mixing of the sample.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroguant® CombiCheck 10 and 20, Cat.Nos. 1.14676 and 1.14675, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25036, 1.25037, 1.25038, 1.32240, 1.32241, and 1.32242.

Ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l NO₃, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

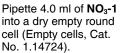
To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck) is highly recommended.

1.09713

Test

Measuring	1.0 – 25.0 mg/l NO ₃ -N	4.4 – 110.7 mg/l NO ₃	10-mm cell
range:	0.5 – 12.5 mg/l NO ₃ -N	2.2 – 55.3 mg/l NO ₃	20-mm cell
	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l NO ₃ -N	0.4 – 22.1 mg/l NO ₃	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also post	sible in mmol/l.	







Add 0.50 ml of the sample with pipette, **do not mix.**



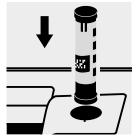
Add 0.50 ml of NO₃-2 with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix. Caution, cell becomes hot!



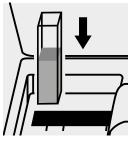
Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into a corresponding rectangular cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Note:

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus enabling a hazard-free mixing of the sample.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10 and 20, Cat.Nos. 1.14676 and 1.14675, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25036, 1.25037, 1.25038, 1.32240, 1.32241, and 1.32242.

Ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l NO₃, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck) is highly recommended.

in seawater



 Measuring
 0.10 - 3.00 mg/l NO₃-N

 range:
 0.4 -13.3 mg/l NO₃

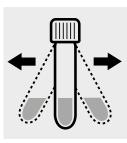
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, **do not mix**.



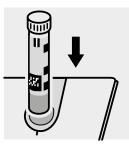
Add 1 level blue microspoon of NO₃-1K, immediately close the cell tightly with the screw cap. Caution, foams strongly (eye protection, protective gloves)!



Shake the cell **vigorously for 5 seconds** to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 30 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25036, 1.25037, 1.32240, and 1.32241.

Ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l $NO_{\overline{3}}$, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

in seawater

Test

1.14942

Measuring range:

0.2 - 17.0 mg/l NO₃-N Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.

0.9 - 75.3 mg/l NO₃

10-mm cell

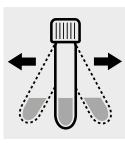
Pipette 5.0 ml of NO₃-1 into a dry empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat. No. 1.14724).



Add 1.0 ml of the sample with pipette. Caution, cell becomes hot!



Immediately add 1.5 ml of NO₃-2 with pipette.



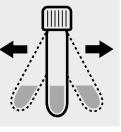
Close cell tightly and shake vigorously.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Add 2 level grey microspoons of NO₃-3.



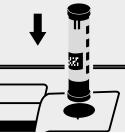
Close cell tightly and shake vigorously until the reagent is completely dissolved.



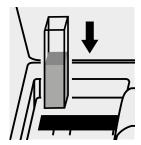
Reaction time: 60 minutes



Transfer the solution into a rectangular cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus enabling a hazard-free mixing of the sample.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 20, Cat.No. 1.14675, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25036, 1.25037, 1.25038, 1.32240, 1.32241, and 1.32242.

Ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l NO₃, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 20) is highly recommended.

Test

1.01842

Measuring range:

0.3 - 30.0 mg/l NO₃-N Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.

1.3 - 132.8 mg/l NO3

50-mm cell

Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a test tube (Flat-bottomed tubes, Cat.No. 1.14902).



Add 1 level blue microspoon of NO₃-1, immediately close tightly with the screw cap.



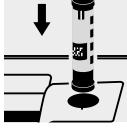
Shake the tube vigorously for 1 minute to dissolve the solid substance.



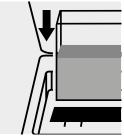
Reaction time: 5 minutes, measure immediately.



Transfer the solution (when possible without sediment) into a corresponding rectangular . cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a ready-to-use nitrate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19811, concentration 1000 mg/l NO3, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32241 and 1.32242.

Nitrite

 Measuring
 0.010 - 0.700 mg/l NO₂-N

 range:
 0.03 - 2.30 mg/l NO₂

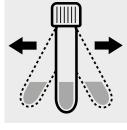
 Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 - 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



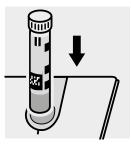
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use nitrite standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19899, concentration 1000 mg/l NO_{\overline{z}}, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.25041.

Nitrite



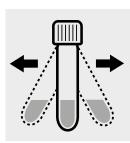
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1 - 12. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 2 level blue microspoons of **NO**₂-1K into a reaction cell.



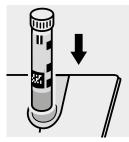
Add 8.0 ml of the sample with pipette and close with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 20 minutes, **measure immediately**. **Do not shake or swirl** the cell before the measurement.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use nitrite standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19899, concentration 1000 mg/l NO_{\bar{z}}, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.25042.

Nitrite

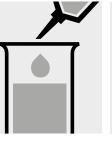


Test

Measuring	0.02 - 1.00 mg/I NO ₂ -N	0.07 - 3.28 mg/l NO2	10-mm cell
range:	0.010 – 0.500 mg/l NO ₂ -N	0.03 – 1.64 mg/l NO ₂	20-mm cell
	0.002 – 0.200 mg/l NO ₂ -N	0.007 – 0.657 mg/l NO ₂	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possi	ible in mmol/l.	



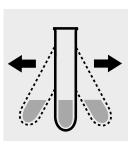
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of NO₂-1.



Shake vigorously for 1 minute to dissolve the solid substance.



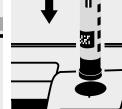
Check the pH, specified range: pH 2.0 - 2.5. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



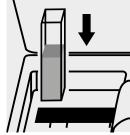
Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use nitrite standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19899, concentration 1000 mg/l NO_2 , can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.25041.

Nitrogen (total)

1.14537 Cell Test

Measuring 0.5 – 15.0 mg/l N

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



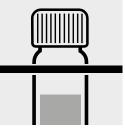
Add 1 level blue microspoon of **N-1K.**



Add 6 drops of **N-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 1 hour.



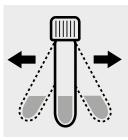
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature: pretreated sample.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



Add 1 level microspoon of **N-3K into a reaction cell**, close the cell with the screw cap.



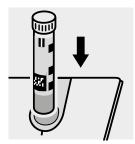
Shake the cell vigorously for 1 minute to dissolve the solid substance.



Add very slowly 1.5 ml of the **pretreated sample** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix **briefly**. **Caution, cell becomes hot!**



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 50, Cat.No. 1.14695, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25043 and 1.25044.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 50) is highly recommended.

Nitrogen (total)

1.00613 Cell Test

Measuring 0.5 – 15.0 mg/l N

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 1 level blue microspoon of **N-1K.**



Add 6 drops of **N-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 1 hour.



Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature: pretreated sample.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



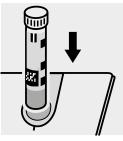
Pipette 1.0 ml of the **pretreated sample** into a reaction cell, **do not mix!**



Add 1.0 ml of **N-3K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix. Caution, cell becomes hot!



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 50, Cat.No. 1.14695, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25043 and 1.25044.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 50) is highly recommended.

Nitrogen (total)

1.14763 Cell Test

Measuring 10 – 150 mg/l N

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 9.0 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) with pipette.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of **N-1K.**



Add 6 drops of **N-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 1 hour.



Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature:

pretreated sample.



Swirl the cell after 10 minutes.



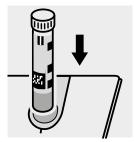
Pipette 1.0 ml of the pretreated sample into a reaction cell, do not mix!



Add 1.0 ml of **N-3K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix. **Caution, cell becomes hot!**



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 70, Cat.No. 1.14689, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25044 and 1.25045.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 70) is highly recommended.

Oxygen

Measuring $0.5 - 12.0 \text{ mg/l } O_2$

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 6 - 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or nitric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Fill watersample into a reaction cell to overflowing and make sure, that no air bubbles are present.



Place the filled cell in a test-tube rack.



Add with microspoon 1 glass bead.



Add 5 drops of O_2 -1K.



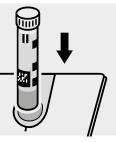
Add 5 drops of O_2 -2K, close the cell with the screw cap, and shake for 10 seconds.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Add 10 drops of **O₂-3K**, close the cell with the screw cap, mix, and clean from outside.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a oxygen standard solution must be prepared (application see the website).

Oxygen Scavengers

Test

1.19251

Measuring	0.020 – 0.500 mg/l DEHA*	20-mm cell
range:	*N,N-diethylenhydroxylamine	
	0.027 – 0.666 mg/l Carbohy*	20-mm cell
	*carbohydrazide	
	0.05 – 1.32 mg/l Hydro*	20-mm cell
	*hydroquinone	
	0.08 – 1.95 mg/l ISA*	20-mm cell
	*isoascorbic acid	
	0.09 – 2.17 mg/l MEKO*	20-mm cell
	*methylethylketoxime	



Pipette 10 ml of the

Cat.No. 1.14724).

sample into an empty

round cell (Empty cells,



with the screw cap.

Add 1 powder pack of Oxyscav 1 and close



Swirl the cell to dissolve the solid substance.

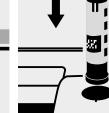


Add 0.20 ml of Oxyscav 2 with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.

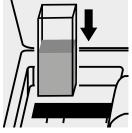


Reaction time: 10 minutes, protect from light in the process, measure immediately.





Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a oxygen scavengers standard solution must be prepared from N,N-diethylhydroxylamine, Cat.No. 8.18473 (see section "Standard solutions").

Transfer the solution into a rectangular cell.

Ozone



Measuring	0.05 – 4.00 mg/l O ₃	10-mm cell
range:	0.02 – 2.00 mg/l O ₃	20-mm cell
	0.010 – 0.800 mg/l O ₃	50-mm cell
Expression of results also possible in mmol/l		ossible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4 – 8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.

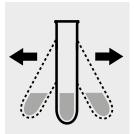


Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a test tube.

Add 2 drops of O_3-1 and mix.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of O₃-2.



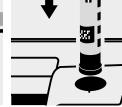
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



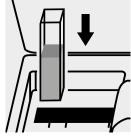
Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

Very high ozone concentrations in the sample produce yellow-colored solutions (measurement solution should be red) and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a freshly prepared standard solution can be used (see section "Standard solutions").

Palladium in water and wastewater

Measuring range: 0.05 - 1.25 mg/l Pd

10-mm cell

Method No. 133



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 5. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 1.0 ml of reagent 1 with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Check the pH of the sample, specified value: pH 3.0. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.

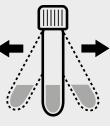


Application

Add 0.20 ml of reagent 2 with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



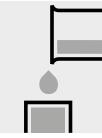
Add 5.0 ml isoamyl alcohol GR (Cat.No. 100979) with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously for 1 minute. Leave to stand to allow phases to separate.



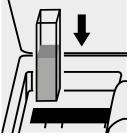
Aspirate the organicclear upper phase from the tube with pipette and dry over sodium sulfate anhydrous (Cat.No. 1.06649).



Transfer the dried solution into a cell.



Select method no. 133.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Note:

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus enabling a hazard-free mixing of the sample.

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Important:

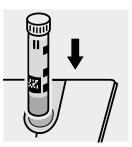
The exact composition and preparation of the reagents 1 and 2 used are given in the corresponding application, which also includes further information on the method employed. This application can be downloaded from the website.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a round cell.



Add 4 drops of **pH-1**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix. **Attention !** The reagent bottle must be held **vertically by all means !**



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) buffer solution pH 7.00 Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.09407, can be used.

1.01744

Cell Test

Phenol

 $\label{eq:measuring} \qquad 0.10-2.50 \ \text{mg/l} \ \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH}$

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



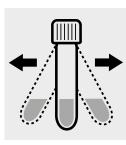
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 - 11. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



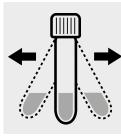
Add 1 level grey microspoon of **Ph-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



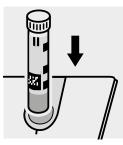
Add 1 level green microspoon of **Ph-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

Very high phenol concentrations in the sample result in a weakening of the color and false-low readings are yielded. In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a phenol standard solution must be prepared from Phenol GR, Cat.No. 1.00206 (see section "Standard solutions").

Phenol

1.00856

Test

Measuring	0.002 – 0.100 mg/l C ₆ H ₅ OH	20-mm cell
range:	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	
Attention!	The measurement is carried out in a 20-mm rectangular cell against a blank, prepared from distilled water	
	(Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and the reagents in an analogous mann	



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 11. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



into a separation funnel.

Pipette 200 ml of sample Add 5.0 ml of Ph-1 with

pipette and mix.



Add 1 level green microspoon of Ph-2 and shake to dissolve the solid substance.



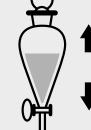
Add 1 level green microspoon of Ph-3 and shake to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 30 minutes (protected from light)



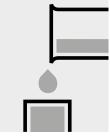
Add 10 ml of chloroform with pipette, close sepa-



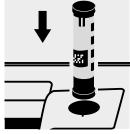
Shake vigorously for 1 minute.



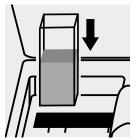
Leave to stand for 5 - 10 minutes to allow the phases to separate.



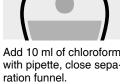
Transfer the clear lower phase into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 0.002 - 0.100 mg/l.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.



Phenol

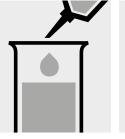
1.00856



Measuring	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l C ₆ H ₅ OH	10-mm cell
range:	0.05 – 2.50 mg/l C ₆ H ₅ OH	20-mm cell
	0.025 – 1.000 mg/l C ₆ H₅OH	50-mm cell
Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		nol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 - 11. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



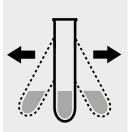
Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 1.0 ml of **Ph-1** with pipette and mix.



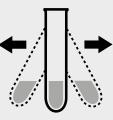
Add 1 level grey microspoon of **Ph-2**.



Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



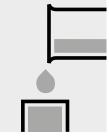
Add 1 level grey microspoon of **Ph-3**.



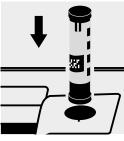
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



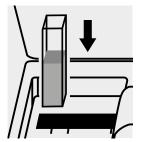
Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 0.025 – 5.00 mg/l.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a phenole standard solution must be prepared from Phenol GR, Cat.No. 1.00206 (see section "Standard solutions").

Phosphate

Determination of orthophosphate

1.00474 **Cell Test**

Measuring	0.05 – 5.00 mg/l PO ₄ -P
range:	0.2 –15.3 mg/l PO ₄
	0.11 – 11.46 mg/l P ₂ O ₅
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



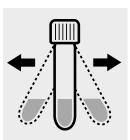
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw screw cap, and mix. cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of P-1K, close the cell with the



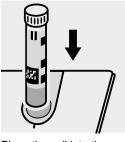
Add 1 dose of P-2K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of total phosphorus = sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate and organophosphate either Phosphate Cell Test, Cat. No. 1.14543, 1.14729, and 1.00673 or Phosphate Test, Cat. No. 1.14848 in conjunction with Crack Set 10/10C, Cat. No. 1.14687 resp. . 1.14688 can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676.

Ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

Determination of orthophosphate

1.14543 Cell Test

Measuring	0.05 – 5.00 mg/l PO ₄ -P
range:	0.2 –15.3 mg/l PO ₄
	0.11 – 11.46 mg/l P ₂ O ₅
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



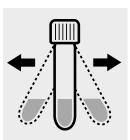
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw screw cap, and mix. cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of P-2K, close the cell with the



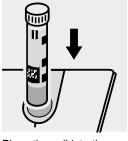
Add 1 dose of P-3K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676.

Ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

Determination of total phosphorus

= sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate, and organophosphate

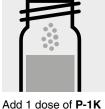
Measuring	0.05 – 5.00 mg/l P
range:	0.2 −15.3 mg/l PO ₄
	0.11 – 11.46 mg/l P ₂ O ₅
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



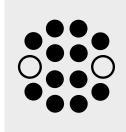
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 - 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 dose of **P-1K** using the green dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 30 minutes.



1.14543

Cell Test

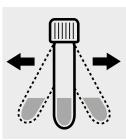
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature.



Add 5 drops of **P-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



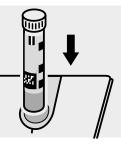
Add 1 dose of **P-3K** using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25046 and 1.25047.

Ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO_4^{3-} , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

Differentiation between total phosphorus, orthophosphate, and organophosphate

0.05 - 5.00 mg/l PO₄ - P or P Measuring range: 0.2 -15.3 mg/l PO₄ 0.11-11.46 mg/l P2O5

If the aim is to differentiate between orthophosphate (PO₄-P) and P org*, after selecting the method it is possible to set the methodspecific "Differentiation" mode.

* P org is the sum of polyphosphate and organophosphate.

Note: If no differentiation is to be measured, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.







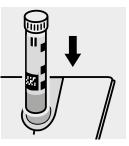
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of total phosphorus (see analytical procedure Determination of total phosphorus" with 1.14543). = cell $\Sigma \mathbf{P}$

After the reaction time has expired:



1.14543

Cell Test

Place the cell $\Sigma \mathbf{P}$ into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.

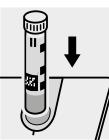


Confirm with <OK>.

Spectroquant® Prove 100 plus - 01/2024

Perform determination of orthophosphate (see analytical procedure "Determination of orthophosphate" with 1.14543) = cell PO₄-P

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the **cell PO₄-P** into the cell compartment. The results A (Σ P), Align the mark on the cell B (PO₄-P), and C (P_{org}) with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. are shown in the display in mg/l.

Determination of orthophosphate

Cell Test

1.00475

Measuring	0.5 – 25.0 mg/l PO₄-P
range:	1.5 – 76.7 mg/l PO₄
	1.1 – 57.3 mg/l P ₂ O ₅
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



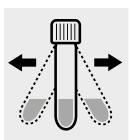
Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw screw cap, and mix. cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of P-1K, close the cell with the



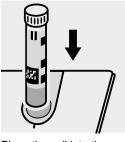
Add 1 dose of P-2K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of total phosphorus = sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate and organophosphate either Phosphate Cell Test, Cat. Nos. 1.14543, 1.14729, and 1.00673 or Phosphate Test, Cat. No. 1.14848 in conjunction with Crack Set 10/10C, Cat. Nos. 1.14687 resp. 1.14688 can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant® CombiCheck 20 and 80, Cat.Nos. 1.14675 and 1.14738.

Ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck) is highly recommended.

Determination of orthophosphate

0.5 - 25.0 mg/l PO₄-P Measuring 1.5 - 76.7 mg/l PO₄ range: 1.1 - 57.3 mg/l P₂O₅ Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



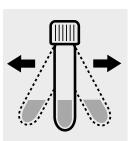
Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw screw cap, and mix. cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of P-2K, close the cell with the



Add 1 dose of P-3K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



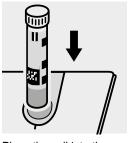
1.14729

Cell Test

Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant® CombiCheck 20 and 80, Cat.Nos. 1.14675 and 1.14738.

Ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck) is highly recommended.

Determination of total phosphorus

= sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate, and organophosphate

Measuring	0.5 – 25.0 mg/l P
range:	1.5 – 76.7 mg/l PO ₄
	1.1 – 57.3 mg/l P ₂ O ₅
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



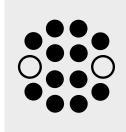
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 - 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 dose of **P-1K** using the green dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 30 minutes.



1.14729

Cell Test

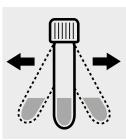
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature.



Add 5 drops of **P-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



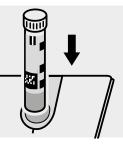
Add 1 dose of **P-3K** using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 20 and 80, Cat.Nos. 1.14675 and 1.14738, or as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25047 and 1.25048.

Ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO_4^{3-} , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck) is highly recommended.

Differentiation between total phosphorus, orthophosphate, and organophosphate

 $0.5 - 25.0 \text{ mg/l PO}_4 \text{ -P or P}$ Measuring range: 1.5 - 76.7 mg/l PO₄ 1.1 - 57.3 mg/l P₂O₅

If the aim is to differentiate between orthophosphate (PO₄-P) and P org*, after selecting the method it is possible to set the methodspecific "Differentiation" mode.

* P org is the sum of polyphosphate and organophosphate.

Note: If no differentiation is to be measured, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.







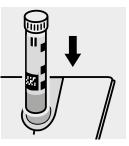
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of total phosphorus (see analytical procedure Determination of total phosphorus" with 1.14729). = cell $\Sigma \mathbf{P}$

After the reaction time has expired:



1.14729

Cell Test

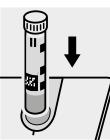
Place the cell $\Sigma \mathbf{P}$ into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of orthophosphate (see analytical procedure "Determination of orthophosphate" with 1.14729). = cell PO₄-P

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the **cell PO₄-P** into the cell compartment. The results A (Σ P), Align the mark on the cell B (PO₄-P), and C (P_{org}) with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. are shown in the display in mg/l.

Determination of orthophosphate

3.0 - 100.0 mg/l PO₄-P Measuring 9 - 307 mg/l PO₄ range: 7 – 229 mg/l P₂O₅ Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



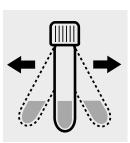
Pipette 0.20 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw screw cap, and mix. cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of **PO₄-1K**, close the cell with the



Add 1 dose of PO₄-2K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



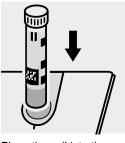
1.00616

Cell Test

Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of total phosphorus = sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate and organophosphate either Phosphate Cell Test, Cat. Nos. 1.14543, 1.14729, and 1.00673 or Phosphate Test, Cat. No. 1.14848 in conjunction with Crack Set 10/10C, Cat. Nos. 1.14687 resp. . 1.14688 can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Determination of orthophosphate

3.0 - 100.0 mg/l PO₄-P Measuring 9 - 307 mg/l PO₄ range: 7 – 229 mg/l P₂O₅ Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



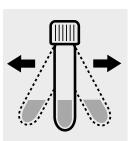
Pipette 0.20 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw screw cap, and mix. cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of P-2K, close the cell with the



Add 1 dose of P-3K using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



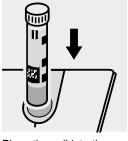
1.00673

Cell Test

Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Determination of total phosphorus

= sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate, and organophosphate

Measuring	3.0 – 100.0 mg/l P
range:	9 – 307 mg/l PO ₄
	7 – 229 mg/l P ₂ O ₅
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



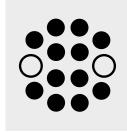
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 - 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 0.20 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 dose of **P-1K** using the green dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 120 °C for 30 minutes.



1.00673

Cell Test

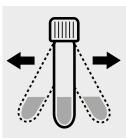
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature.



Add 5 drops of **P-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



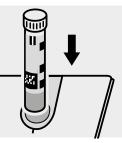
Add 1 dose of **P-3K** using the blue dosemetering cap, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO $^{3-}_{4}$, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25047, 1.25048, and 1.25049.

Differentiation between total phosphorus, orthophosphate, and organophosphate

Measuring	3.0 - 100.0	mg/I PO ₄ -P or P
range:	9 - 307	mg/I PO ₄
	7 – 229	mg/l P₂O₅

If the aim is to differentiate between orthophosphate (PO₄-P) and P org*, after selecting the method it is possible to set the methodspecific "Differentiation" mode.

* P org is the sum of polyphosphate and organophosphate.

Note: If no differentiation is to be measured, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.





Select method no. 214.

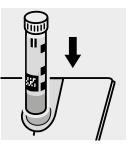
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of total phosphorus (see analytical procedure Determination of total phosphorus" with 1.00673). = cell Σ P

After the reaction time has expired:



1.00673

Cell Test

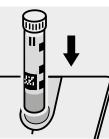
Place the cell $\Sigma \mathbf{P}$ into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.

Perform determination of orthophosphate (see analytical procedure "Determination of orthophosphate" with 1.00673). = cell PO₄-P

After the reaction time has expired:



Place the **cell PO₄-P** into the cell compartment. The results A (Σ P), Align the mark on the cell B (PO₄-P), and C (P_{org}) with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. are shown in the display in mg/l.

1.14848

Determination of orthophosphate

Test

Measuring	0.05 - 5	.00 mg/l P	O₄-P 0.2	-15.3	mg/l PO ₄	0.11	- 11.46	mg/l P ₂ O ₅	10-mm cell
range:	0.03 - 2	2.50 mg/l P	O ₄ -P 0.09	- 7.67	mg/l PO ₄	0.07	- 5.73	mg/l P ₂ O ₅	20-mm cell
	0.005 – 1	.000 mg/l P	O₄-P 0.015	- 3.066	mg/l PO ₄	0.011	- 2.291	mg/l P ₂ O ₅	50-mm cell
	Expression	n of results als	so possible in I	mmol/l.					



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



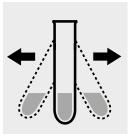
Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 5 drops of PO₄-1 and mix.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of PO₄-2.



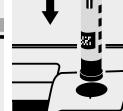
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



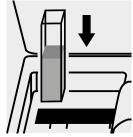
Reaction time: 5 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For measurement in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each.

Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

For the determination of total phosphorus = sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate, and organophosphate a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of phosphorus (ΣP).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676.

Ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/I PO_4^{3-} , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

Determination of orthophosphate

Test

1.00798

1.0 – 100.0 mg/l PO₄-P 3 - 307 mg/l PO₄ 2 - 229 mg/l P₂O₅ 10-mm cell Measuring Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.

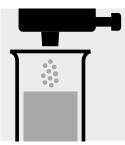


Pipette 8.0 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) into a test tube.

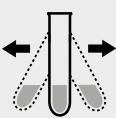
Add 0.50 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



Add 0.50 ml of **PO**₄-1 with pipette and mix.



Add 1 dose of PO₄-2 using the blue dosemetering cap.



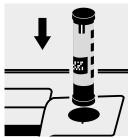
Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



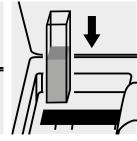
Reaction time: 5 minutes



Transfer the solution into Select method with a cell.



AutoSelector.



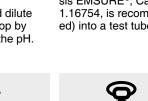
Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For the determination of total phosphorus = sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate and organophosphate either Phosphate Cell Test, Cat. Nos. 1.14543, 1.14729, and 1.00673 or Phosphate Test, Cat. No. 1.14848 in conjunction with Crack Set 10/10C, Cat. Nos. 1.14687 resp. 1.14688 can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly.







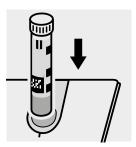
Determination of orthophosphate



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 - 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of **total phosphorus = sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate and organophosphate** either Phosphate Cell Test, Cat. Nos. 1.14543, 1.14729, and 1.00673 or Phosphate Test, Cat. No. 1.14848 in conjunction with Crack Set 10/10C, Cat. Nos. 1.14687 resp. 1.14688 can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly.

1.14546

Cell Test

Determination of orthophosphate

Measuring	1.0 – 30.0 mg/l PO₄-P	3.1 – 92.0 mg/l PO ₄	2.3 – 68.7 mg/l P ₂ O ₅	10-mm cell
range:	0.5 – 15.0 mg/l PO ₄ -P	1.5 – 46.0 mg/l PO ₄	1.1 – 34.4 mg/l P ₂ O ₅	20-mm cell
	Expression of results also	possible in mmol/l.		



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 0 – 10. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



piette and mix.

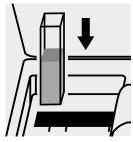


1.14842

Test

Add 1.2 ml of PO₄-1 with Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.

Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

For the determination of total phosphorus = sum of orthophosphate, polyphosphate and organophosphate either Phosphate Cell Test, Cat. Nos. 1.14543, 1.14729, and 1.00673 or Phosphate Test, Cat. No. 1.14848 in conjunction with Crack Set 10/10C, Cat. Nos. 1.14687 resp. 1.14688 can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use phosphate standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19898, concentration 1000 mg/l PO₄³⁻, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Phosphatide

Application

in milk and dairy products corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 01.00-41

Measuring range:	0 – 750 mg/100 g P	10-mm cell	Method No. 2535
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of	the first sample, the system	n automatically prompts a zero adjustment
	prepared from distilled wate	r (Water for analysis EMSUI	RE [®] , Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.
	This zero value remains vali	id until the method is exited.	

Preparation: Extraction of fat and incineration





ly weighed to 10 mg, into ate acc. to §64 LFGB a Mojonnier extraction tube, add sodium chloride (solution), and extract acc. to §64 LFGB 01.00-41 [1].

Weigh sample, accurate- After extracting, inciner-01.00-41 [1].

Phosphatide determination: Reagent blank





Place 20 ml of sulfuric acid 0.05 mol/l into a 50-ml volumetric flask.

Add 20 ml of sodium molybdate/ascorbic acid reagent and mix.



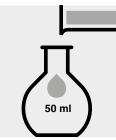
Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and mix thoroughly.



Incubate acc. to §64 LFGB 01.00-41 [1]: reagent blank.



Phosphatide determination:



Prepare ash acc. to §64 LFGB 01.00-41 [1].

Transfer to a 50-ml volumetric flask using sulfuric acid 0.05 mol/l.



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with sulfuric acid 0.05 mol/l and mix thoroughly: solution 1.



Place 20 ml of solution 1 into a 50-ml volumetric flask.



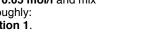
Add 20 ml of sodium molybdate/ascorbic acid reagent and mix.

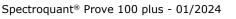


Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and mix thoroughly.



Incubate acc. to §64 LFGB 01.00-41 [1]: measurement sample.





Phosphatide

Application

in milk and dairy products corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 01.00-41

Measurement:





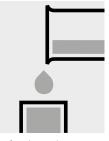
Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.

Select method no. 2535. Enter the sample weight Confirm with <OK>. in grams.

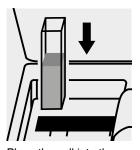




Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the cell.



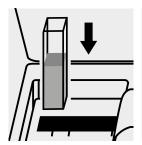
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

For each new measurement series, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Adjustment"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Phosphorus (total)

Application

in fuit and vegetable juices

corresponds to EN 1136 and German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 31.00-6

Measuring range: 0.0 - 300.0 mg/l P Method No. 2534 10-mm cell Attention! Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended. This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.

Preparation:



Pipette 25.0 ml of sample into a platinum dish and incinerate acc. to EN 1136 [3].



of hydrochloric acid 2 mol/l.



Dissolve the ash in 2 - 3 ml Transfer the solution to a 50-ml volumetric flask.



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and mix thoroughly: pretreated sample solution.

Phosphorus determination: Reagent blank



Place 50 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis acid 1 mol/l. EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) into a 100-ml volumetric flask.



Add 20 ml of sulfuric



Add 2 ml ammonium heptamolybdate reagent.



Add 2 ml of ascorbic acid reagent and mix.



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and mix thoroughly.



Incubate acc. to EN 1136 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-6 [2]: reagent blank.





Pipette a suitable volume of the prepared sample solution to the nearest 0.1 ml into a 100-ml volumetric flask.



Add approx. 50 ml distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended).



Add 20 ml of sulfuric acid 1 mol/l.



Add 2 ml ammonium heptamolybdate reagent.

Phosphorus (total) in fuit and vegetable juices

corresponds to EN 1136 and German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 31.00-6

Application

Add 2 ml of ascorbic acid reagent and mix.



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis measurement sample. EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and mix thoroughly.



Incubate acc. to EN 1136 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-6 [2]:



Measurement:

Select method no. 2534. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Enter the volumes of the sample solution in milliliters.

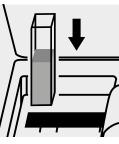


Confirm with <OK>.





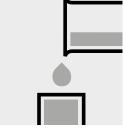
Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.

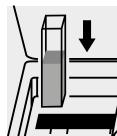


Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the cell.

Important:



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Tap the <Start> button.

For each new measurement series, the pre-pro-

ceed according to the application instructions.

grammed calibration must be checked using standard

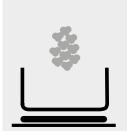
solutions (see section "Adjustment"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Pro-

Phosphorus (total) in meat and meat products corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 06.00-9

Application

Measuring range:	0.000 – 2.500 g/100 g P ₂ O ₅	10-mm cell	Method No. 2533
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of the firs	t sample, the system	automatically prompts a zero adjustment
	prepared from distilled water (Water	r for analysis EMSUF	E [®] , Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.
	This zero value remains valid until t	he method is exited.	

Preparation:





Weigh sample, accurate-ly weighed to 1 mg, into Hydrolyze the resultant ash acc. to §64 LFGB a suitable vessel and perform an incinerate acc. to §64 LFGB 06.00-4 [3].

06.00-9, section 7.3 [1]: pretreated sample solution.

Phosphorus determination: Reagent blank



Mix 2 ml distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) with 8 ml of reagent solution: reagent blank.



Incubation time: 15 minutes at room temperature

Phosphorus determination: Measurement sample



Mix 2 ml of pretreated sample with 8 ml of reagent solution: measurement sample.



Incubation time: 15 minutes at room temperature

Phosphorus (total)

in meat and meat products corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 06.00-9

Application

Measurement:





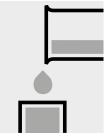
Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.

Select method no. 2533. Enter the sample weight Confirm with <OK>. in grams.

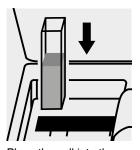




Tap the <Start> button.



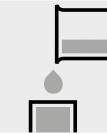
Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the cell.



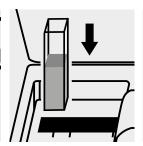
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

For each new measurement series, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Adjustment"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Phosphorus (total) in milk and dairy products corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 01.00-92 [1]

Application

Measuring range:	0 – 2000 mg/100 g P	10-mm cell	Method No. 2532
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of	the first sample, the system	automatically prompts a zero adjustment
	prepared from distilled wate	r (Water for analysis EMSUF	RE [®] , Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.
	This zero value remains vali	id until the method is exited.	

Preparation:



Weigh sample, accurately weighed to 1 mg, into a suitable vessel and perform a wet digestion or incinerate acc. to §64 LFGB 01.00-92 [1].

Phosphorus determination: Reagent blank



Place 10 ml of sodium molybdate/ascorbic acid reagent into a 20-ml volumetric flask.



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and mix thoroughly.



Incubate acc. to §64 LFGB 01.00-92 [1]: reagent blank.

Phosphorus determination: Measurement sample



Place 1 ml of pretreated sample into a 50-ml volumetric flask.



Add approx. 20 ml distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat. acid reagent and mix. No. 1.16754, is recommended).



Add 25 ml of sodium molybdate/ascorbic



Make up the contents of the volumetric flask to the mark with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and mix thoroughly.



Incubate acc. to §64 LFGB 01.00-92 [1]: measurement sample.

Application

Phosphorus (total)

in milk and dairy products corresponds to German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 01.00-92 [1]

Measurement:





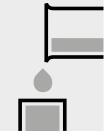
Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.

Select method no. 2532. Enter the sample weight Confirm with <OK>. in grams.

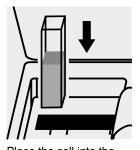




Tap the <Start> button.



Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the cell.



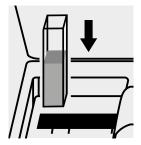
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

For each new measurement series, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Adjustment"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Platinum in water and wastewater

 Measuring range:
 0.10 – 1.25 mg/l Pt
 10-mm cell
 Method No. 134

 Attention!
 The measurement is carried out at 690 nm in a 10-mm rectangular cell against a blank, prepared

 from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) and the reagents in an analogous manner.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 - 5. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 1.0 ml of **reagent 1** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 0.50 ml of **reagent 2** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Application

Check the pH of the sample, specified value: pH 6.5. If required, add dilute

solution or sulfuric acid

sodium hydroxide



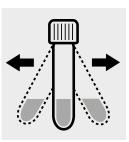
Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 100 °C for 5 minutes.



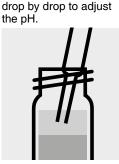
Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature.



Add 5.0 ml **Isobutylmethylketone GR** (Cat.No. 1.06146) with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously for 1 minute. Leave to stand to allow phases to separate.



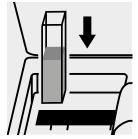
Aspirate the organicclear upper phase from the tube with pipette and dry over **sodium sulfate anhydrous** (Cat.No. 1.06649).



Transfer the dried solution into a cell.



Select method no. 134.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Note:

Empty cells with screw caps, Cat.No. 1.14724 are recommended for the preparation. These cells can be sealed with the screw caps, thus enabling a hazard-free mixing of the sample.

Important:

The exact composition and preparation of the reagents 1 and 2 used are given in the corresponding application, which also includes further information on the method employed. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Potassium

1.14562 **Cell Test**

5.0 – 50.0 mg/l K Measuring

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



Filter turbid samples.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 12. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Check the pH, specified range: pH 10.0 - 11.5.



Add 6 drops of K-1K, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



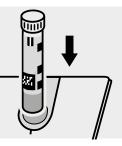
Add 1 level blue microspoon of K-2K, close the ly to dissolve the solid cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigoroussubstance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell without re-shaking into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use potassium standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.70230, concentration 1000 mg/l K, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Potassium

1.00615 **Cell Test**

30 – 300 mg/l K Measuring

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



Filter turbid samples.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 12. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 0.50 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Check the pH, specified range: pH 10.0 - 11.5.



Add 6 drops of K-1K, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



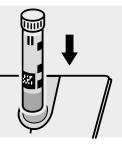
Add 1 level blue microspoon of K-2K, close the ly to dissolve the solid cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigoroussubstance.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell without re-shaking into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use potassium standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.70230, concentration 1000 mg/l K, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Proline

Application

in fruit and vegetable juices corresponds to EN 1141 and German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 31.00-7

Measuring range:	0 – 1200 mg/l	10-mm cell	Method No. 2539	
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of	f the first sample, the system	n automatically prompts a zero adjustmer	nt
	prepared from distilled wate	er (Water for analysis EMSU	RE [®] , Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.	
	This zero value remains val	id until the method is exited.		

Preparation:



If necessary, dilute the sample with distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended). Note the dilution ratio (1 + x).

Proline determination: Reagent blank





Pipette 1.0 ml of pretreated sample into a test acid. tube with screw cap.

Add 1.0 ml of formic



Add 2.0 ml of ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



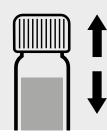
Incubate the test tube in a water bath acc. to EN 1141 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-7 [2].



Cool the test tube acc. to EN 1141 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-7 [2].



Add 10 ml of n-butyl acetate and close the test tube with the screw cap.



Extract the color complex into the organic phase acc. to EN 1141 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-7 [2].



Filter the entire mixture over a hydrophobic filter acc. to EN 1141 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-7 [2]: reagent blank.

Application

Proline

in fruit and vegetable juices corresponds to EN 1141 and German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 31.00-7

Proline determination: Measurement sample





Pipette 1.0 ml of pretreated sample into a test acid. tube with screw cap.

Add 1.0 ml of formic



Add 2.0 ml of ninhydrin solution, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



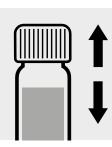
Incubate the test tube in a water bath acc. to EN 1141 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-7 [2].



Cool the test tube acc. to EN 1141 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-7 [2].



Add 10 ml of n-butyl acetate and close the test tube with the screw cap.



Extract the color complex into the organic phase acc. to EN 1141 [1] or §64 LFGB 31.00-7 [2].



§64 LFGB 31.00-7 [2]: measurement sample.

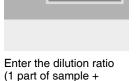


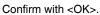


0

x parts of distilled water).

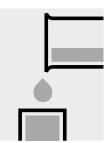
Select method no. 2539. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.







Tap the <Start> button.



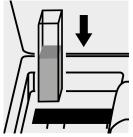
Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the cell.



Filter the entire mixture over a hydrophobic filter acc. to EN 1141 [1] or

Proline in fruit and vegetable juices corresponds to EN 1141 and German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 31.00-7

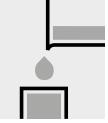
Application



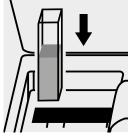
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not promet a repeat of the

prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

For each new measurement series, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Adjustment"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Protein (BCA method)

Application

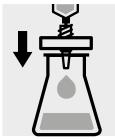
 Measuring range:
 200 – 1000 µl/ml protein (as bovine serum albumin)
 10-mm cell
 Method No. 319

 Attention!
 A separate calibration must be made for each measurement series (see application instructions)!

 Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment

 prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.

 This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.





Filter turbid samples.

Select method no. **319**. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.

Prepare the measurement solution, the reagent blank solution, and the standard solutions acc. to the package leaflet for "Bicinchonic Acid Protein Assay Kit, Item BCA1 -Procedure A, Steps 1 -6".



A separate calibration must be made for each measurement series! Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Recalibration" and proceed acc. to the application instructions.



Confirm with <OK>.

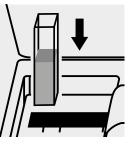




Enter the dilution ratio (1 part of sample + x parts of distilled water).



Transfer the **measurement sample** into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

If solutions have been diluted: Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Dilution", and proceed acc. to the application instructions.

Protein (Biuret method) Low Range

 Measuring range:
 0.5 - 5.0 g/l protein (as bovine serum albumin)
 10-mm plastic cell
 Method No. 315

 Attention!
 Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment

 prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.

 This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.

Reagent blank:



Pipette 0.5 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) into a plastic vessel.



Add 2.0 ml of **Biuret** reagent solution with pipette and mix.



Reaction time: 30 minutes: reagent blank

Measurement sample:



Filter or centrifuge turbid samples.



Pipette 0.5 ml of sample into a plastic vessel.



Add 2.0 ml of **Biuret** reagent solution with pipette and mix.



Reaction time: 30 minutes: measurement sample



Application

Protein (Biuret method) Low Range

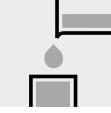
Measurement:



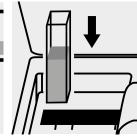
Select method no. **315**. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Reagent blank".



Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the plastic cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



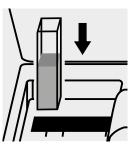
If solutions have been diluted: Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Dilution", and proceed acc. to the application instructions.



Enter the dilution ratio (1 part of sample + x parts of distilled water).



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the plastic cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

With each new batch of the test kit, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Calibration"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Protein (Biuret method) High Range

 Measuring range:
 1 – 10 g/l protein (as bovine serum albumin)
 10-mm plastic cell
 Method No. 316

 Attention!
 Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment

 prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.

 This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.

Reagent blank:



Pipette 1.0 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) into a plastic vessel.



Add 2.0 ml of **Biuret** reagent solution with pipette and mix.



Reaction time: 30 minutes: reagent blank

Measurement sample:



Filter or centrifuge turbid samples.



Pipette 1.0 ml of sample into a plastic vessel.



Add 2.0 ml of **Biuret** reagent solution with pipette and mix.



Reaction time: 30 minutes: measurement sample



Protein (Biuret method) High Range

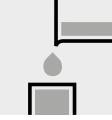
Measurement:



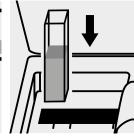
Select method no. **316**. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Reagent blank".



Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the plastic cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



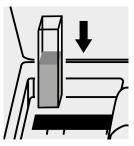
If solutions have been diluted: Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Dilution", and proceed acc. to the application instructions.



Enter the dilution ratio (1 part of sample + x parts of distilled water).



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the plastic cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

With each new batch of the test kit, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Calibration"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

Residual Hardness



Measuring	0.50 – 5.00 mg/l Ca
range:	0.070 – 0.700 °d
	0.087–0.874 °e
	0.12 – 1.25 °f

Measuring	0.70 – 7.00 mg/l CaO			
range:	1.2 – 12.5 mg/l CaCO ₃			
Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.				



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 5–8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.

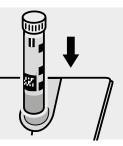


Pipette 4.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw screw cap, and mix. cap, and mix.

Add 0.20 ml of RH-1K, close the cell with the



Reaction time: 10 minutes, measure immediately.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use calcium standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19778, concentration 1000 mg/l Ca, can be used after diluting accordingly. (Pay attention to pH value!)

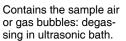
Application Saybolt Color Measurement

analogous to ASTM D6045

Measuring range:	-15 – 30 Saybolt Color	50-mm cell	Method No. 2563		
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of	the first sample, the s	ystem automatically prompts a zero adjus	stment	
	prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.				
	This zero value remains vali	d until the method is e	xited.		

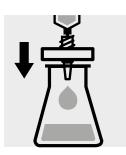
Preparation:







Melt solid samples and homogenize.



Filter or centrifuge turbid samples.

Determination:





Select method no. 2563. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.

a corresponding cell.



Transfer the solution into Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. Saybolt Color is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Test

1.14794

Measuring	0.21 - 10.70 mg/l SiO ₂	0.10 – 5.00 mg/l Si	10-mm cell
range:	0.11 – 5.35 mg/l SiO ₂	0.05 – 2.50 mg/l Si	20-mm cell
	0.011 – 1.600 mg/l SiO ₂	0.005–0.750 mg/l Si	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2–10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 3 drops of Si-1 and mix.



Check the pH, specified range: pH 1.2 - 1.6.



Reaction time: 3 minutes



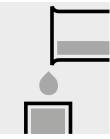
Add 3 drops of Si-2 and mix.



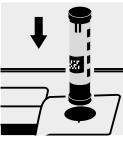
Add 0.50 ml of Si-3 with pipette and mix.



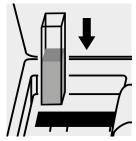
Reaction time: 10 minutes



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use silicon standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.70236, concentration 1000 mg/l Si, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32243, 1.32244, and 1.32245. (Attention! Do not store standard solutions in glass vessels - see section "Standard solutions"!)



Test

1.00857

Measuring	1.1 – 107.0 mg/l SiO ₂	0.5 – 50.0 mg/l Si	10-mm cell
range:	11 – 1070 mg/l SiO ₂	5 – 500 mg/l Si	10-mm cell
	Expression of results also poss	sible in mmol/l.	

Measuring range: 1.1 – 107.0 mg/l SiO₂



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 4.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.



Add 4 drops of Si-1 and mix.



Add 2.0 ml of **Si-2** with pipette and mix.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



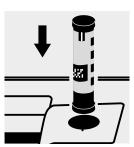
Add 4 drops of **Si-3** and mix.



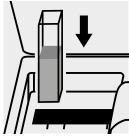
Reaction time: 2 minutes



Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 0.5 – 50.0 mg/l Si.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Test

Measuring range: 11 – 1070 mg/l SiO₂



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754, is recommended) into a test tube.



Add 0.50 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



Add 4 drops of Si-1 and mix.



Add 2.0 ml of **Si-2** with pipette and mix.



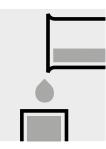
Reaction time: 2 minutes



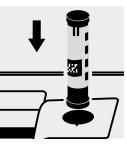
Add 4 drops of **Si-3** and mix.



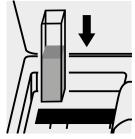
Reaction time: 2 minutes



Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector measuring range 5 – 500 mg/l Si.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use silicon standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.70236, concentration 1000 mg/l Si, can be used after diluting accordingly. (Attention! Do **not** store standard solutions in glass vessels - see section "Standard solutions"!)

Test

1.01813

Measuring range: $0.5 - 500.0 \mu g/I SiO_2$ 0.2 - 233.7 µg/l Si 50-mm cell Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.

Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2–10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a plastic vessel (Flat-bottomed tubes, Cat.No. 1.17988).



Add to each vessel 0.10 ml of Si-2 with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time:

5 minutes

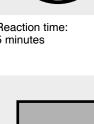
Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Reagent blank".



Transfer the blank into the cell and measure immediately.



Insert the blank cell into the cell compartment.

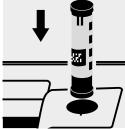




Select "User RB". Confirm with <OK>.



Check the pH. specified range: pH 1.2 - 1.6.



Select method with AutoSelector.



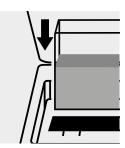
Transfer the measurement sample into the cell and measure immediately.



No glass equipment may be used in the course of the determination (e.g. pipettes etc.)!

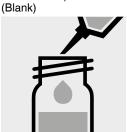
Quality assurance:

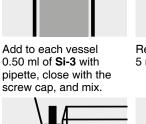
To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use silicon standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.70236, concentration 1000 mg/l Si, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solution for photometric applications, Cat.No. 1.32244. (Attention! Do not store standard solutions in glass vessels - see section "Standard solutions").



Insert the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment.

Pipette 10 ml of distilled water (Water Ultrapur, Cat.No. 1.01262, is recommended) into a second plastic vessel (Flatbottomed tubes, Cat. No. 1.17988).







Add to each vessel

0.10 ml of Si-1 with

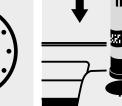
screw cap, and mix.

pipette, close with the

Reaction time: 5 minutes







Silver

1	•	1	4	8	3	1

lest

Measuring	0.50 – 3.00 mg/l Ag	10-mm cell
range:	0.25 – 1.50 mg/l Ag	20-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l	



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4–10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into an empty round cell (Empty cells, Cat.No. 1.14724).



Add 2 drops of Ag-1.



Add 1 level green micro- Heat the cell in the spoon of Ag-2, close the thermoreactor at 120 °C cell with the screw cap.



for 1 hours.



Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and place in a test-tube rack to cool to room temperature.



Swirl the cell before opening.



Add 3 drops of Ag-3, close with the screw cap, and mix.



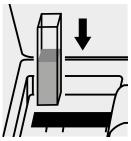
Check the pH, specified range: pH 4 – 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 1 drop of Ag-4, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of Ag-5, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

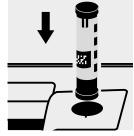


Add 1.0 ml of Ag-6, close with the screw cap, and mix.

Important:

Reaction time: 5 minutes

Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding rectangular cell.



AutoSelector.

Very high silver concentrations in the sample produce turbid solutions (measurement solution should be clear). In such cases the sample must be diluted (plausibility check).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) readyto-use silver standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19797, concentration 1000 mg/l Ag, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Sodium

in nutrient solutions

1.00885 Cell Test

10 – 300 mg/l Na Measuring

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



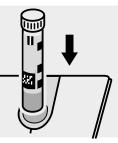
Pipette 0.50 ml of Na-1K Add 0.50 ml of the into a reaction cell and mix.



sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use chloride standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19897, concentration 1000 mg/l Cl⁻ (corresponds to 649 mg/l Na), can be used after diluting accordingly (see section "Stan-dard solutions").

Spectral Absorption Coefficient $\alpha(436)$

analogous to EN ISO 7887

Measuring	1 – 250 m ⁻¹	436 nm	10-mm cell	Method No. 302
range:	0.3 – 125.0 m ⁻¹	436 nm	20-mm cell	Method No. 302
	0.1 – 50.0 m ⁻¹	436 nm	50-mm cell	Method No. 302



Filter sample solution through a membrane filter with 0.45 μm pore size.

Notes:

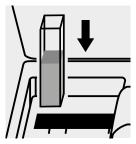
Filtered sample = true color. Unfiltered sample = apparent color.



Transfer the solution into a corresponding cell.



Select method no. 302.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Sugars in beverages

Application

Measuring range: 0 – 200 g/l sugar (calculated as glucose) 50-mm cell Method No. 314 Attention! Prior to the measurement of the first sample, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment prepared from cell-culture medium or diluent, is recommended. This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.

Preparation:



Dilute the sample with

distilled water (Water for

analysis EMSURE®, Cat.

No. 1.16754, is recom-

mended) in the ratio

1:200 (1+199).

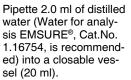


Filter turbid samples.



Degas the sample in ultrasonic bath.

Sugar determination: **Reagent blank**





Add 2.0 ml of hydrochloric acid 6 mol/l with pipette, close the vessel, and mix.



Temper the vessel in a water bath at 95 ± 5 °C for exactly 10 minutes.



Add 8.0 ml of sodium hydroxide solution 2.5 mol/l with pipette and mix.



Add 2.0 ml of DNSA reagent with pipette, close the vessel, and mix.



Temper the vessel in a water bath at 95 ± 5 °C for exactly 5 minutes.



Cool the vessel in an ice bath/water bath for exactly 10 minutes.



Reaction time: 10 minutes at room temperature: reagent blank

Sugar determination: Measurement sample



Pipette 2.0 ml of pretreated sample into a closable vessel (20 ml).



Add 2.0 ml of hydrochloric acid 6 mol/l with pipette, close the vessel, and mix.

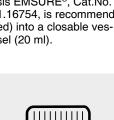


Temper the vessel in a water bath at 95 + 5 °C for exactly 10 minutes.



Add 8.0 ml of sodium hydroxide solution 2.5 mol/l with pipette and mix.





Spectroquant® Prove 100 plus - 01/2024

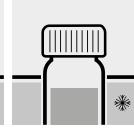
Sugars in beverages



Add 2.0 ml of **DNSA** reagent with pipette, close the vessel, and mix.



Temper the vessel in a water bath at 95 ± 5 °C for **exactly** 5 minutes.



Cool the vessel in an ice bath/water bath for **exactly** 10 minutes.



Reaction time: 10 minutes at room temperature: measurement sample

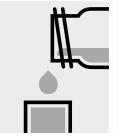
Measurement:



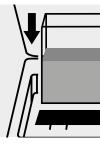
Select method no. **314**. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Reagent blank".



Transfer the solution "reagent blank" into the cell.



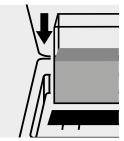
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the solution "measurement sample" into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Important:

For each new measurement series, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Calibration"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

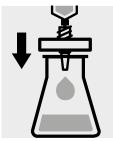
Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.



Measuring $1.0 - 50.0 \text{ mg/l SO}_4$

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Filter turbid samples.



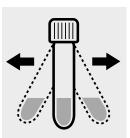
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 level green microspoon of **SO₄-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 2 minutes, **measure immediately**.

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use sulfate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19813, concentration 1000 mg/l $SO_4^{2^-}$, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Measuring $5 - 250 \text{ mg/l SO}_4$

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Filter turbid samples.



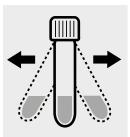
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2–10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 level green microspoon of **SO₄-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 2 minutes, **measure immediately**.

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25050 and 1.25051.

Ready-to-use sulfate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19813, concentration 1000 mg/l SO_4^{2-} , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

Measuring $50 - 500 \text{ mg/l SO}_4$

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Filter turbid samples.



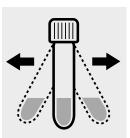
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 2.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 level green microspoon of **SO₄-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 2 minutes, **measure immediately**.

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25051 and 1.25052.

Ready-to-use sulfate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19813, concentration 1000 mg/l SO_4^{2-} , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

Measuring 100 – 1000 mg/l SO₄

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Filter turbid samples.



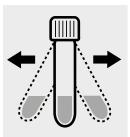
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1 level green microspoon of **SO₄-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Reaction time: 2 minutes, **measure immediately**.

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 20, Cat.No. 1.14675, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25051, 1.25052 and 1.25053.

Ready-to-use sulfate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19813, concentration 1000 mg/l SO_4^{2-} , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 20) is highly recommended.

1.14791 Test

Measuring25 – 300 mg/l SO410-mm cellrange:Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 2.5 ml of the sample into a test tube with screw cap.



Add 2 drops of **SO₄-1** and mix.



Add 1 level green microspoon of SO_4 -2, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



Temper the test tube in a water bath at 40 °C for 5 minutes.



Add 2.5 ml of **SO**₄-3 with pipette and mix.



Filter the content of the test tube with a round filter into another test tube with screw cap.



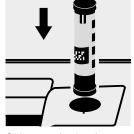
Add 4 drops of **SO**₄-4 to the filtrate, close the test tube with the screw cap. and mix.



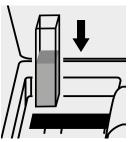
Temper the test tube again in the water bath for 7 minutes.



Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25050 and 1.25051.

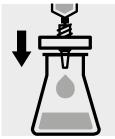
Ready-to-use sulfate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19813, concentration 1000 mg/l SO_4^{2-} , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.



Test

Measuring	2.5 – 50.0 mg/l SO ₄	10-mm cell
range:	1.3 – 25.0 mg/l SO ₄	20-mm cell
	0.50 – 10.00 mg/l SO ₄	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also po	ssible in mmol/l.



Filter turbid samples.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2–10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



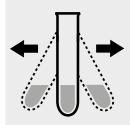
Pipette 0.50 ml of SO₄-1 into a test tube.



Add 10 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



Add 1 level green microspoon of SO₄-2.



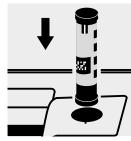
Shake the test tube vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



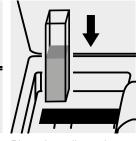
Reaction time: 2 minutes, measure immediately.



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use sulfate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19813, concentration 1000 mg/l SO_4^2 , can be used after diluting accordingly.

Test

1.02537

Measuring5 - 300 mg/l SO410-mm cellrange:Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Filter turbid samples.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



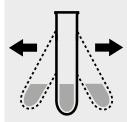
Pipette 0.50 ml of **SO₄-1** into a test tube.



Add 5.0 ml of the sample with pipette and mix.



Add 1 level blue microspoon of SO_4 -2.



Shake the test tube vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.

select method number 230.

select method number 236.

Only when selecting the method manually: For batches with a minimum shelf life **till** 2021/10/31:

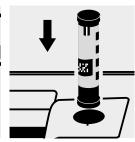
For batches with a minimum shelf life after 2021/10/31:



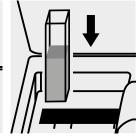
Reaction time: 2 minutes, **measure** immediately.



Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 10, Cat.No. 1.14676, or the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.25050 and 1.25051.

Ready-to-use sulfate standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19813, concentration 1000 mg/l SO_4^{2-} , can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 10) is highly recommended.

Sulfide



Test

Measuring	0.10 - 1.50 mg/l S	0.10 – 1.55 mg/I HS	10-mm cell
range:	0.050 – 0.750 mg/l S	0.052 – 0.774 mg/l HS	20-mm cell
	0.020 – 0.500 mg/l S	0.021 – 0.516 mg/l HS	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube.

Add 1 drop of S-1 and mix.



Add 5 drops of S-2 and mix.



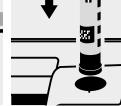
Add 5 drops of S-3 and mix.



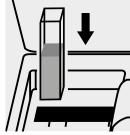
Reaction time: 1 minute



Transfer the solution into Select method with a corresponding cell.



AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Important:

To measure in the 50-mm cell, the sample volume and the volume of the reagents have to be doubled for each. Alternatively, the semi-microcell, Cat.No. 1.73502, can be used.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a sulfide standard solution must be prepared from sodium sulfide GR (see section "Standard solutions").



Sulfite



Measuring	1.0 – 20.0 mg/I SO ₃	0.8 - 16.0 mg/l SO ₂	Round cell
range:	0.05 – 3.00 mg/l SO ₃	0.04 – 2.40 mg/l SO ₂	50-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.		

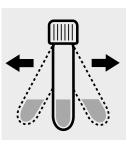
Measuring range: 1.0 – 20.0 mg/l SO₃



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4–9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 1 level grey microspoon of SO_3 -1K into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap.



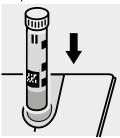
Shake the cell vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Add 3.0 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Sulfite

Measuring range: 0.05 – 3.00 mg/l SO₃



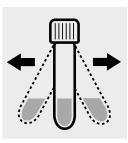
Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 4–9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Select method no. 127.



Add 1 level grey microspoon each of SO3-1K into two reaction cells, close with the screw cap.



Shake both cells vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Add 7.0 ml of the sample with pipette to one reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



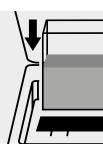
Add 7.0 ml of distilled water with pipette to the second reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix. (Blank)



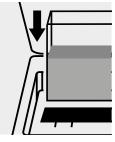
Reaction time: 2 minutes



Transfer both solutions into two separate 50-mm the cell compartment. cells.



Place the blank cell into



Place the cell containing the sample into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a sulfite standard solution must be prepared from sodium sulfite GR, Cat.No. 1.06657 (see section "Standard solutions").

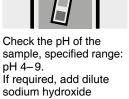
Sulfite



Test

Measuring	1.0 – 60.0 mg/l SO ₃	10-mm cell
range:	0.8 – 48.0 mg/l SO ₂	10-mm cell
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.	



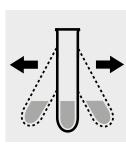


sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Place 1 level grey microspoon of SO₃-1 into a dry test tube.

Add 3.0 ml of $\textbf{SO}_{3}\textbf{-2}$ with pipette.



Shake vigorously to dissolve the solid substance.



Add 5.0 ml of distilled water with pipette and mix.



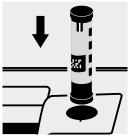
Add 2.0 ml of the sample Reaction time: with pipette and mix.



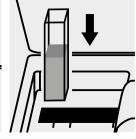
2 minutes



Transfer the solution into a cell.



Select method with AutoSelector.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a sulfite standard solution must be prepared from sodium sulfite GR, Cat.No. 1.06657 (see section "Standard solutions").







Surfactants (anionic)

<u> </u>		497	
	Cell	Tes	st

02552

Measuring	0.05 – 2.00 mg/l SDAS*
range:	*sodium 1-dodecanesulfonate
	0.06 – 2.56 mg/l SDBS*
	*sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate
	0.05 – 2.12 mg/l SDS*
	*sodium dodecyl sulfate
	0.08 – 3.26 mg/l SDOSSA*
	*sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate
	Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 5 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Swirl the cell before the measurement.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, **do not mix**!



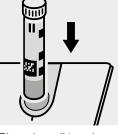
Add 2 drops of **T-1K**, close the cell with the screw cap.



Shake the cell vigorously for 30 seconds.



Reaction time: 10 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a surfactants standard solution must be prepared from dodecane-1-sulfonic acid sodium salt GR, Cat.No. 1.12146 (see section "Standard solutions").

Surfactants (cationic)



0.05 - 1.50 mg/l surfactants (cationic) Measuring (calculated as N-cetyl-N,N,N-trimethylammonium bromide) range:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3-8. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, do not mix!



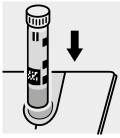
Add 0.50 ml of T-1K with Swirl the cell for pipette and close with the screw cap.



30 seconds.



Reaction time: 5 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a surfactants standard solution must be prepared from Cetyltrimethylammonium Bromide, Cat.No. 2.19374 (see section "Standard solutions").

Surfactants (nonionic)

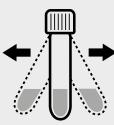
0.10 - 7.50 mg/l surfactants (nonionic) Measuring (calculated as Triton[™] X-100) range:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3-9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 4.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell. Close with the screw cap.



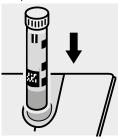
Shake the cell for 1 minute vigorously.



Reaction time: 2 minutes



Swirl the cell before measurement.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a surfactants standard solution must be prepared from Triton™ X-100, Cat.No. 1.12298 (see section "Standard solutions").

Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat. Nos. 1.33022, 1.33023, and 1.33024 can also be used.



Cell Test

1.01787

Suspended Solids

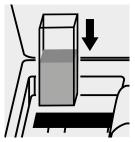
Measuring	5 – 750 mg/l of suspended solid	20-mm cell	Method No. 182
range:	2 – 300 mg/l of suspended solid	50-mm cell	Method No. 182



Homogenize 500 ml of Transf sample for 2 minutes in a a cell. mixer running at high speed.



Transfer the solution into Select method no. 182.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



0.10 – 2.50 mg/l Sn Measuring

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l. range:



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH < 3. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 6 drops of **Sn-1K** into a reaction cell, close sample with pipette, with the screw cap, and mix.



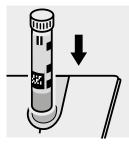
Add 5.0 ml of the close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Check the pH, specified range: pH 1.5 - 3.5. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a tin standard solution must be prepared from ready-to-use tin standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.70242, concentration 1000 mg/l Sn (see section "Standard solutions").



Measuring 0.10 – 2.50 mg/l Sn

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1.5 - 2.2. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



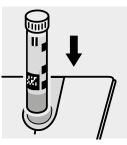
Pipette 4.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 0.50 ml of **Sn-1K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 15 minutes, **measure immediately**.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a tin standard solution must be prepared from ready-to-use tin standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.70242, concentration 1000 mg/l Sn (see section "Standard solutions").



Measuring range: 5.0 - 80.0 mg/I TOC

Removal of inorganic bound carbon (TIC):





Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 12. If required, add dilute sulfuric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.

Place 25 ml of the sample into a suitable glass vessel.



Add 3 drops of **TOC-1K** and mix.



Check the pH, specified Sti range pH < 2.5.



Stir for 10 minutes.

Preparation of measurement sample:



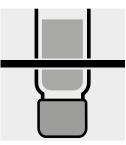
Pipette 3.0 ml of stirred sample into a reaction cell.



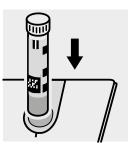
Add 1 level grey microspoon of **TOC-2K**. **Immediately** close the cell tightly with an **aluminium cap** (Cat.No. 1.73500).



Heat the cell, standing on its head, at 120 °C in the thermoreactor for 2 hours.



Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and let it, **standing on its head**, to cool for 1 hour.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

In order to enhance the accuracy of the measurement, it must be measured against an own prepared blank sample (preparation as per measurement sample, but with distilled water instead of sample).

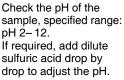
Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a TOC standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.09017, concentration 1000 mg/l TOC, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32247, 1.32248, and 1.32249.



Removal of inorganic bound carbon (TIC):







Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample and 9.0 ml of distilled water (Water for chromatography LiChrosolv[®], Cat.No. 1.15333, is recommended) into a suitable glass vessel.



Add 2 drops of **TOC-1K** and mix.



Check the pH, specified S range pH < 2.5



Stir for 10 minutes.

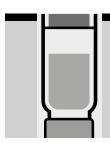
Preparation of measurement sample :



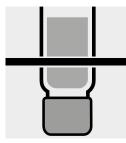
Pipette 3.0 ml of stirred sample into a reaction cell.



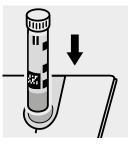
Add 1 level grey microspoon of **TOC-2K**. **Immediately** close the cell tightly with an **aluminium cap** (Cat.No. 1.73500).



Heat the cell, standing on its head, at 120 °C in the thermoreactor for 2 hours.



Remove the cell from the thermoreactor and let it, **standing on its head**, to cool for 1 hour.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Note:

In order to enhance the accuracy of the measurement, it must be measured against an own prepared blank sample (preparation as per measurement sample, but with distilled water instead of sample).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a TOC standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.09017, concentration 1000 mg/l TOC, can be used after diluting accordingly as well as the Standard solutions for photometric applications, Cat.Nos. 1.32251, 1.32252, and 1.32253.

Total Hardness

Determination of total hardness

Cell Test

1.00961

Measuring	5 – 215 mg/l Ca	Measuring	7	- 301	mg/l CaO
range:	0.7 – 30.1 °d	range:	12	- 537	mg/I CaCO ₃
	0.9- 37.6 °e		0.12	2 – 5.36	6 mmol/l Ca/Mg
	1.2 – 53.7 °f		Expr	ession of r	esults also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



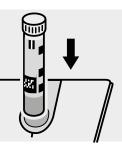
Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1.0 ml of **H-1K** with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 3 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a freshly prepared standard solution can be used (see section "Standard solutions").

Total Hardness

Differentiation between Ca- and Mg-hardness

Measuring	0.12 – 5.36 mmol/l
range:	0.7 – 30.1 °d
	0.9 – 37.6 °e
	1.2 – 53.7 °f

If the aim is to differentiate between Calcium- and Magnesium-hardness, after selecting the method it is possible to set the method-specific "Differentiation" mode. Differentiation possible only in mmol/l.

Note: If no differentiation is to be measured, the "Differentiation" mode must be deactivated again.



Select method no. 178.



Tap the <Settings> button. Select "Differentiation" and activate.



Confirm with <OK>.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 – 9. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



1.00961

Cell Test

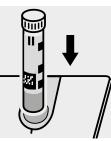
Pipette 1.0 ml of the sample into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1.0 ml of H-1K with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 3 minutes



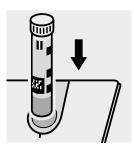
Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically. = cell A



Confirm with <OK>.



Add 3 drops of H-2K to the already measured cell, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer. The measurement is performed automatically. = cell B

Confirm with <OK>. The results A (Σ Ca/Mg), B (Mg), and C (Ca) are shown in the display in mg/l.



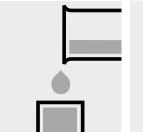


Measuring range: 1 – 100 FAU

550 nm

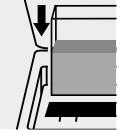
50-mm cell

Method No. 77





Transfer the sample into Select method no. 77. a cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.

Volatile Organic Acids



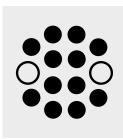
50 - 3000 mg/l volatile organic acid (calculated as acetic acid) Measuring 71 - 4401 mg/l volatile organic acid (calculated as butyric acid) range:

Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2– 12.

into a round cell.



Pipette 0.50 ml of OA-1K Add 0.50 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 100 °C for 15 minutes. Then cool to room temperature under running water.



Add 1.0 ml of OA-2K with pipette.



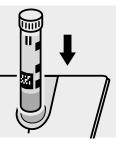
Add 1.0 ml of OA-3K with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1.0 ml of OA-4K with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and shake vigorously.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a standard solution must be prepared from sodium acetate anhydrous, Cat.No. 1.06268 (see section "Standard solutions").

Volatile Organic Acids

Test

1.01809

Measuring range:

50 - 3000 mg/l volatile organic acid (calculated as acetic acid) 71 - 4401 mg/l volatile organic acid (calculated as butyric acid)



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 2 – 12.



Pipette 0.75 ml of OA-1 into a round cell.



pipette.



Add 0.50 ml of OA-2 with Add 0.50 ml of the sample with pipette, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Heat the cell in the thermoreactor at 100 °C for 15 minutes. Then cool to room temperature under running water.



Add 1.0 ml of OA-3 with pipette.



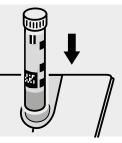
Add 1.0 ml of OA-4 with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 1.0 ml of OA-5 with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and shake vigorously.



Reaction time: 1 minute



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) a standard solution must be prepared from sodium acetate anhydrous, Cat.No. 1.06268 (see section "Standard solutions").

Yellow Pigment

Application

in Durum wheat flour and semolina

corresponds to EN ISO 11052 and German Food and Feed Code §64 LFGB 16.01-3

Measuring range:	0.000 – 1.250 mg/100 g	10-mm cell	Method No. 2541		
Attention!	Prior to the measurement of	f the first sample	, the system automatically prompts a zero adjustment		
	prepared from distilled water (Water for analysis EMSURE®, Cat.No. 1.16754), is recommended.				
	This zero value remains valid until the method is exited.				

Measurement:

Preparation: Moisture content determination



Determine the moisture content acc. to ISO 712 [3]. Note the moisture

content, accurate to 0.01 %.



Extraction

Weigh 10 g of pretreated sample, accurately weighed to 1 mg, into a 200-ml Erlenmeyer flask perform an extraction acc. to EN ISO 11052 [1] or §64 LFGB 16.01-3 [2]: measurement sample.



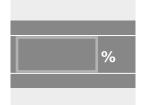
Select method no. **2541**. Perform the zero adjustment and confirm by pressing the <OK> button.



in grams.



Enter the sample weight Confirm with <OK>.



Enter the moisture con-

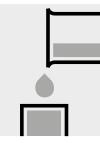
tent in %

ΟΚ

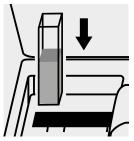
Confirm with <OK>.



Tap the <Start> button.



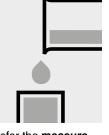
Transfer the **extraction solution** (reagent blank) into the cell.



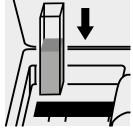
Place the cell into the cell compartment. The blank measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>.



Transfer the **measurement sample** into the cell.



Place the cell into the cell compartment. The measurement is performed automatically.



Confirm with <OK>. The result is shown in the display.



Tap the <Start> button to start the measurement procedure for the next sample. The system does not prompt a repeat of the zero adjustment.

Important:

For each new measurement series, the pre-programmed calibration must be checked using standard solutions (see section "Adjustment"). If there are any significant deviations, the method must be recalibrated. Proceed according to the application instructions.

Spectroquant® Prove 100 plus - 01/2024

Important:

The exact procedure as well as further details on the method used can be found in the corresponding application. This application can be downloaded from the website.

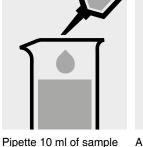
Zinc

Measuring 0.025 – 1.000 mg/l Zn

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 1-7. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Pipette 10 ml of sample into a glass vessel.



Add 1 level green microspoon of **Zn-1K** and shake to dissolve the solid substance: sample-reagent mixture.



Pipette 0.50 ml of **Zn-2K** into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



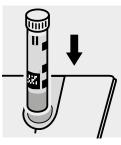
Add 2.0 ml of the sample-reagent mixture with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of **Zn-3K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 15 minutes



Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of **total zinc** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of zinc (Σ Zn).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroguant[®] CombiCheck 100, Cat.No. 1.18701.

Ready-to-use zinc standard solution Certipur[®], Cat.No. 1.19806, concentration 1000 mg/l Zn, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 100) is highly recommended.

Zinc

Measuring 0.20 – 5.00 mg/l Zn

range: Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the sample, specified range: pH 3 - 10. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric acid drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 5 drops of **Zn-1K** into a reaction cell, close with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 0.50 ml of the sample with pipette, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of **Zn-2K**, close the cell with the screw cap, and mix.



Check the pH, specified range: pH 9.0 - 10.5.



Reaction time: 15 minutes

₽	
J	

Place the cell into the cell compartment. Align the mark on the cell with that on the photometer.

Important:

For the determination of **total zinc** a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

Result can be expressed as sum of zinc (Σ Zn).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) ready-to-use zinc standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19806, concentration 1000 mg/l Zn, can be used after diluting accordingly.

Zinc

10-mm cell

1.14832

Measuring range:

0.05 – 2.50 mg/l Zn

Expression of results also possible in mmol/l.



Check the pH of the

If required, add dilute

sodium hydroxide solution or hydrochloric

pH 4 – 10.

sample, specified range:



Pipette 5.0 ml of the sample into a test tube with screw cap.



Add 5 drops of **Zn-1**, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



Check the pH, specified range: pH 12-13. If required, add dilute sodium hydroxide solution drop by drop to adjust the pH.



Add 2 drops of Zn-2, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 5 drops of Zn-3, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



Add 3 drops of Zn-4, close the test tube with the screw cap, and mix.



Reaction time: 3 minutes



Add 1 level grey microspoon of Zn-5, close the test tube with the screw cap, and dissolve the solid substance.



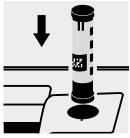
Aspirate the clear upper Transfer the solution into



Leave to stand for 3 minutes.

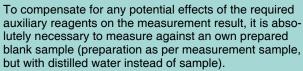


Shake the tube vigorously for 30 seconds.

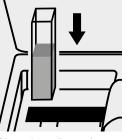


Select method with AutoSelector.

Important note:



Leave to stand for 2 minutes.



Place the cell into the cell compartment.



phase from the tube with a cell. pipette.

Important:

For the determination of total zinc a pretreatment with Crack Set 10C, Cat.No. 1.14688, or Crack Set 10, Cat.No. 1.14687, and thermoreactor is necessary.

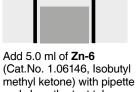
Result can be expressed as sum of zinc (Σ Zn).

Quality assurance:

To check the measurement system (test reagents, measurement device, and handling) we recommended to use Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck 100, Cat.No. 1.18701.

Ready-to-use zinc standard solution Certipur®, Cat.No. 1.19806, concentration 1000 mg/l Zn, can also be used after diluting accordingly.

To check for sample-dependent effects the use of addition solutions (e.g. in CombiCheck 100) is highly recommended.



and close the test tube with the screw cap.



II Suitability of test kits for testing seawater and tolerance limits of neutral salts

Test kit	Cat. No.	suitable for	Limit of tolerance, salts in %				
		seawater	NaCl	NaNO ₃	Na ₂ SO ₄		
Acid Capacitiy Cell Test	1.01758	no	-	-	-		
Aluminium Cell Test	1.00594	yes	20	20	20		
Aluminium Test	1.14825	yes	10	20	20		
Ammonium Cell Test	1.14739	no	5	5	5		
Ammonium Cell Test	1.14558	yes	20	10	15		
Ammonium Cell Test	1.14544	yes	20	15	20		
Ammonium Cell Test	1.14559	yes	20	20	20		
Ammonium Test	1.14752	yes 1)	10	10	20		
Ammonium Test	1.00683	yes	20	20	20		
AOX Cell Test	1.00675	no	0.4	20	20		
Arsenic Test	1.01747	no	10	10	10		
BOD Cell Test	1.00687	yes	20	20	20		
Boron Cell Test	1.00826	yes	10	20	20		
Boron Test	1.14839	no	20	5	20		
Bromine Test	1.00605	no	10	10	10		
Cadmium Cell Test	1.14834	no	1	10	1		
Cadmium Test	1.01745	no	1	10	1		
Calcium Cell Test	1.00858	no	2	2	1		
Calcium Test	1.14815	yes	20	20	10		
Calcium Test	1.00049	no	-	-	-		
Chloride Cell Test	1.14730	yes	-	20	1		
Chloride Test	1.14897	yes	-	10	0.1		
Chloride Cell Test	1.01804	no	-	0.5	0.05		
Chloride Test	1.01807	no	-	0.5	0.05		
Chlorine Cell Test	1.00595	yes ²⁾	10	10	10		
Chlorine Cell Test	1.00597	yes ²⁾	10	10	10		
Chlorine Test	1.00598	yes ²⁾	10	10	10		
Chlorine Test	1.00602	yes	10	10	10		
Chlorine Test	1.00599	yes ²⁾	10	10	10		
Chlorine reagents (liquid) (free and total)	1.00086/1.00087/ 1.00088	yes ²⁾	10	10	10		

¹⁾ This test kit is also suitable for testing seawater after the addition of sodium hydroxide solution (see package insert).

2) The test is of limited suitability for seawater. When determining free chlorine in seawater, combined chlorine can be detected completely or partially.

II

III

II Suitability of test kits for testing seawater and tolerance limits of neutral salts

Test kit	Cat. No.	suitable for	Limit	of tolerance, salt	s in %
		seawater	NaCl	NaNO ₃	Na ₂ SO ₄
Chlorine Dioxide Test	1.00608	yes	10	10	10
Chromate Cell Test (chromium(VI))	1.14552	yes	10	10	10
Chromate Cell Test (chromium total)	1.14552	no	1	10	10
Chromate Test	1.14758	yes	10	10	10
Cobalt Cell Test	1.17244	yes	10	10	20
COD Cell Test	1.14560	no	0.4	10	10
COD Cell Test	1.01796	no	0.4	10	10
COD Cell Test	1.14540	no	0.4	10	10
COD Cell Test	1.14895	no	0.4	10	10
COD Cell Test	1.14690	no	0.4	20	20
COD Cell Test	1.14541	no	0.4	10	10
COD Cell Test	1.14691	no	0.4	20	20
COD Cell Test	1.14555	no	1	10	10
COD Cell Test	1.01797	no	10	20	20
COD Cell Test (Hg free)	1.09772	no	0	10	10
COD Cell Test (Hg free)	1.09773	no	0	10	10
COD Cell Test (seawater)	1.17058	yes	35	10	10
COD Cell Test (seawater)	1.17059	yes	35	10	10
Copper Cell Test	1.14553	yes	15	15	15
Copper Test	1.14767	yes	15	15	15
Cyanide Cell Test	1.14561	no	10	10	10
Cyanide Cell Test	1.02531	no	10	10	10
Cyanide Test	1.09701	no	10	10	10
Cyanuric Acid Test	1.19253	yes	-	-	-
Fluoride Cell Test	1.00809	no	10	10	10
Fluoride Cell Test	1.17243	yes ³⁾	0.2	0.2	0.001
Fluoride Test	1.14598	yes	20	20	20
Fluoride Test	1.00822	yes ³⁾	0.05	0.05	0.001
Fluoride Test	1.17236	yes ³⁾	0.2	0.2	0.002
Formaldehyde Cell Test	1.14500	no	5	0	10
Formaldehyde Test	1.14678	no	5	0	10
i officialitativae fest	1.11070	110	5	0	10

 $^{3)}$ distill beforehand analogous APHA 4500-F $^{\rm -}$ B

II Suitability of test kits for testing seawater and tolerance limits of neutral salts

II

III

Test kit	Cat. No.	suitable for	Limit of tolerance, salts in %				
		seawater	NaCl	NaNO ₃	Na ₂ SO ₄		
Hydrazine Test	1.09711	no	20	5	2		
Hydrogenperoxide Cell Test	1.14731	yes	20	20	20		
Hydrogenperoxide Test	1.18789	no	0.1	1	5		
Iodine Test	1.00606	no	10	10	10		
Iron Cell Test	1.14549	yes	20	20	20		
Iron Cell Test	1.14896	no	5	5	5		
Iron Test	1.14761	yes	20	20	20		
Iron Test	1.00796	yes	20	20	20		
Lead Cell Test	1.14833	no	20	20	1		
Lead Test	1.09717	no	20	5	15		
Magnesium Cell Test	1.00815	yes	2	2	1		
Manganese Cell Test	1.00816	no	20	20	20		
Manganese Test	1.14770	yes	20	20	20		
Manganese Test	1.01846	no	20	25	5		
Molybdenum Cell Test	1.00860	no	20	20	5		
Molybdenum Test	1.19252	no	-	-	-		
Monochloramine Test	1.01632	no	10	10	20		
Nickel Cell Test	1.14554	no	20	20	20		
Nickel Test	1.14785	no	20	20	20		
Nitrat Cell Test	1.14542	no	0.4	-	20		
Nitrate Cell Test	1.14563	no	0.2	-	20		
Nitrate Cell Test	1.14764	no	0.5	-	20		
Nitrate Cell Test	1.00614	no	2	-	20		
Nitrate Test	1.14773	no	0.4	-	20		
Nitrate Test	1.09713	no	0.2	-	20		
Nitrate Cell Test (seawater)	1.14556	yes	20	-	20		
Nitrate Test (seawater)	1.14942	yes	20	-	20		
Nitrate Test	1.01842	no	0.001	-	0.001		
Nitrite Cell Test	1.14547	yes	20	20	15		
Nitrite Cell Test	1.00609	yes	20	15	15		
Nitrite Test	1.14776	yes	20	20	15		
Nitrogen (total) Cell Test	1.14537	no	0.5	-	10		

II Suitability of test kits for testing seawater and tolerance limits of neutral salts

Test kit	Cat. No.	suitable for	Limit	Limit of tolerance, salts in %				
		seawater	NaCl	NaNO ₃	Na ₂ SO ₄			
Nitrogen (total) Cell Test	1.00613	no	0.2	-	10			
Nitrogen (total) Cell Test	1.14763	no	2	_	20			
Oxygen Cell Test	1.14694	no	10	5	1			
Oxygen Scavengers Test	1.19251	no	-	-	-			
Ozone Test	1.00607	yes	10	10	10			
pH Cell Test	1.01744	yes	-	-	-			
Phenol Cell Test	1.14551	yes	20	20	15			
Phenol Test	1.00856	yes	20	20	20			
Phosphate Cell Test	1.00474	yes	5	10	10			
Phosphate Cell Test (ortho- phosphates)	1.14543	yes	5	10	10			
Phosphate Cell Test (phosphorus total)	1.14543	no	1	10	10			
Phosphat Cell Test	1.00475	yes	20	20	20			
Phosphate Cell Test (ortho- phosphates)	1.14729	yes	20	20	20			
Phosphate Cell Test (phosphorus total)	1.14729	yes	5	20	20			
Phosphate Cell Test	1.00616	yes	20	20	20			
Phosphate Cell Test (ortho- phosphates)	1.00673	yes	20	20	20			
Phosphate Cell Test (phosphorus total)	1.00673	yes	20	20	20			
Phosphate Test	1.14848	yes	5	10	10			
Phosphate Test	1.00798	yes	15	20	10			
Phosphate Cell Test	1.14546	yes	20	20	20			
Phosphate Test	1.14842	yes	20	20	20			
Potassium Cell Test	1.14562	yes	20	20	20			
Potassium Cell Test	1.00615	yes	20	20	20			
Residual Hardness Cell Test	1.14683	no	0.01	0.01	0.01			
Silicate (silicic acid) Test	1.14794	yes	5	10	5			
Silicate (silicic acid) Test	1.00857	no	5	10	2.5			
Silicate (silicic acid) Test	1.01813	no	0.5	1	0.2			
Silver Test	1.14831	no	0	1	5			
Sodium Cell Test	1.00885	no	-	10	1			
Sulfate Cell Test	1.02532	no	2	0.007	-			

II Suitability of test kits for testing seawater and tolerance limits of neutral salts

Test kit	Cat. No.	suitable for	Limit of tolerance, salts in %				
		seawater	NaCl	NaNO ₃	Na ₂ SO ₄		
Sulfate Cell Test	1.14548	yes	10	0.1	-		
Sulfate Cell Test	1.00617	yes	10	0.1	-		
Sulfate Cell Test	1.14564	yes	10	0.5	-		
Sulfate Test	1.14791	no	0.2	0.2	-		
Sulfate Test	1.01812	no	2	0.007	-		
Sulfate Test	1.02537	yes	10	0.015	-		
Sulfide Test	1.14779	no	0.5	1	1		
Sulfite Cell Test	1.14394	no	20	20	20		
Sulfite Test	1.01746	no	20	20	20		
Surfactants (anionic) Cell Test	1.02552	no	0.1	0.01	10		
Surfactants (cationic) Cell Test	1.01764	no	0.1	0.1	20		
Surfactants (nonionic) Cell Test	1.01787	no	2	5	2		
Tin Cell Test	1.14622	yes	20	20	20		
Tin Cell Test	1.17265	yes	5	5	0.5		
TOC Cell Test	1.14878	no	0.5	10	10		
TOC Cell Test	1.14879	no	5	20	20		
Total Hardness Cell Test	1.00961	no	2	2	1		
Volatile Organic Acids Cell Test	1.01749	no	20	20	10		
Volatile Organic Acids Test	1.01809	no	20	20	10		
Zinc Cell Test	1.00861	no	20	20	1		
Zinc Cell Test	1.14566	no	10	10	10		
Zinc Test	1.14832	no	5	15	15		

III Spectroquant[®] CombiCheck and Standard solutions

Test kit E	valuati	ion	CombiCheck	Confiden	ce interval		ted and read standard sol	-	Ready-to-use standard solution
Cat. No. or method		as	Cat. No.	Spec. value for the standard	Max. working tolerance	Cat. No.	Concen- tration	Expanded measurement uncertainty	Cat. No.
Acid Capacity Cell Test, 1.01758		ОН	-	5.00 mmol/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mmol/l	-			see prep. instruction
ADMI			-	50 ¹⁾	-	-			1.00246
ADMI			-	250 ¹⁾	-	-			1.00246
Aluminium Cell Test, 1.	00594	AI	CC 100, 1.18701	0.40 mg/l	± 0.05 mg/l	1.32225	0.200 mg/l	± 0.006 mg/l	1.19770
Aluminium Test, 1.1482	5	Al	CC 100, 1.18701	0.40 mg/l	± 0.05 mg/l	1.32225	0.200 mg/l	± 0.006 mg/l	1.19770
Ammonium Cell Test, 1		NH ₄ -N NH ₄	CC 50, 1.14695 -	1.00 mg/l	± 0.10 mg/l	1.25023	0.400 mg/l 1.00 mg/l 0.250 mg/l	± 0.012 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l ± 0.011 mg/l	1.19812 1.19812
Ammonium Cell Test, 1	.14558	NH ₄ -N	CC 10, 1.14676	4.00 mg/l	± 0.30 mg/l	1.25023 1.25024	0.400 mg/l 1.00 mg/l 2.00 mg/l 6.00 mg/l	± 0.012 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l ± 0.07 mg/l ± 0.13 mg/l	1.19812
Ammonium Cell Test, 1	.14544	NH ₄ -N	CC 20, 1.14675	12.0 mg/l	± 1.0 mg/l	1.25024 1.25025	1.00 mg/l 2.00 mg/l 6.00 mg/l 12.0 mg/l	± 0.04 mg/l ± 0.07 mg/l ± 0.13 mg/l ± 0.4 mg/l	1.19812
Ammonium Cell Test, 1	.14559	NH ₄ -N	CC 70, 1.14689	50.0 mg/l	± 5.0 mg/l	1.25026	6.00 mg/l 12.0 mg/l 50.0 mg/l	± 0.13 mg/l ± 0.4 mg/l ± 1.2 mg/l	1.19812
Ammonium Test, 1.147!	52	NH ₄ -N	CC 50, 1.14695	1.00 mg/l	± 0.10 mg/l	1.25023 1.25024	0.400 mg/l 1.00 mg/l 2.00 mg/l 0.250 mg/l	± 0.012 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l ± 0.07 mg/l ± 0.011 mg/l	1.19812 1.19812
Ammonium Test, 1.006	83		CC 70, 1.14689	50.0 mg/l	± 5.0 mg/l	1.25025 1.25026	6.00 mg/l 12.0 mg/l 50.0 mg/l	± 0.13 mg/l ± 0.4 mg/l ± 1.2 mg/l	1.19812
AOX Cell Test, 1.00675		AOX	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.10 mg/l	-			1.00680
Arsenic Test, 1.01747		As	-	0.050 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.005 mg/l	1.33002	1.00 mg/l	± 0.05 mg/l	1.19773
BOD Cell Test, 1.00687		02	-	198 mg/l	± 40 mg/l	-			1.00718
Boron Cell Test, 1.0082	6	В	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.15 mg/l	1.33005	1.00 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	1.19500
Boron Test, 1.14839		В	-	0.400 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.040 mg/l	-			1.19500
Bromine Test, 1.00605		Br ₂	-	5.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Cadmium Cell Test, 1.14	4834	Cd	CC 90, 1.18700	0.250 mg/l	± 0.030 mg/l	-			1.19777
Cadmium Test, 1.01745		Cd	CC 90, 1.18700	0.250 mg/l	± 0.030 mg/l	1.33008	0.00500 mg/l	± 0,00020 mg/l	1.19777
Calcium Cell Test, 1.008	858	Ca	-	75 mg/l ¹⁾	± 7 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Calcium Test, 1.14815		Са	-	80 mg/l ¹⁾	± 8 mg/l	-			1.19778

Ι

III

Test kit Evaluat	tion	CombiCheck	Confiden	ice interval		ited and rea standard sol		Ready-to-use standard solutior
Cat. No. or method	as	Cat. No.	Spec. value for the standard	Max. working tolerance	Cat. No.	Concen- tration	Expanded measurement uncertainty	Cat. No.
Calcium Test, 1.00049	Ca	-	2.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.20 mg/l	-		uncertainty	1.19778
Chloride Cell Test, 1.14730	Cl	CC 20, 1.14675 CC 10, 1.14676	60 mg/l 25 mg/l	± 10 mg/l ± 6 mg/l		10.0 mg/l 50 mg/l	± 0.5 mg/l ± 3 mg/l	1.19897
Chloride Test, 1.14897	CI	CC 60, 1.14696	125 mg/l 12.5 mg/l ¹⁾	± 13 mg/l ± 1.3 mg/l		10.0 mg/l 50 mg/l	± 0.5 mg/l ± 3 mg/l	1.19897
Chloride Cell Test, 1.01804	CI	-	7.5 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.8 mg/l	1.33011	1.00 mg/l 2.50 mg/l 10.0 mg/l	± 0.04 mg/l ± 0.08 mg/l ± 0.5 mg/l	1.19897
Chloride Test, 1.01807	Cl	-	2.50 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.25 mg/l		1.00 mg/l 2.50 mg/l	± 0.04 mg/l ± 0.08 mg/l	1.19897
Chlorine Cell Test, 1.00595	Cl ₂	-	3.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.30 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Cell Test, 1.00597	Cl ₂	-	3.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.30 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Test, 1.00598	Cl ₂	-	3.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.30 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Test, 1.00602	Cl ₂	-	3.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.30 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Test, 1.00599	Cl ₂	-	3.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.30 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Cell Test (liquid reagent), 1.00086/1.00087	Cl ₂	-	3.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.30 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Test (liquid reagent), 1.00086/1.00087	Cl ₂	-	0.500 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.050 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Cell Test (liquid reagent), 1.00086/1.00087/1.00088	Cl ₂	-	3.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.30 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Test (liquid reagent), 1.00086/1.00087/1.00088	Cl ₂	-	0.500 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.050 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Chlorine Dioxide Test, 1.00608	CIO ₂	-	5.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Chromate Cell Test, 1.14552	Cr	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.10 mg/l	1.33013	1.00 mg/l	± 0.03 mg/l	1.19780
Chromate Test, 1.14758	Cr	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.10 mg/l		0.050 mg/l 1.00 mg/l	± 0.002 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l	1.19780
Cobalt Cell Test, 1.17244	Co	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.10 mg/l	-			1.19785
COD Cell Test, 1.14560	COD	CC 50, 1.14695	20.0 mg/l	± 4.0 mg/l	1.25028	20.0 mg/l	± 0.7 mg/l	see prep. instruction
COD Cell Test, 1.01796	COD	CC 50, 1.14695	20.0 mg/l	± 2.0 mg/l	1.25028	20.0 mg/l	± 0.7 mg/l	see prep. instruction
COD Cell Test, 1.14540	COD	CC 10, 1.14676	80 mg/l	± 12 mg/l	1.25029	100 mg/l	± 3 mg/l	see prep. instructi
COD Cell Test, 1.14895	COD	CC 60, 1.14696	250 mg/l	± 20 mg/l		100 mg/l 200 mg/l	± 3 mg/l ± 4 mg/l	see prep. instructi
COD Cell Test, 1.14690	COD	CC 60, 1.14696	250 mg/l	± 25 mg/l	1.25030	100 mg/l 200 mg/l 400 mg/l	± 3 mg/l ± 4 mg/l ± 5 mg/l	see prep. instructi
COD Cell Test, 1.14541	COD	CC 20, 1.14675	750 mg/l	± 75 mg/l	1.25030 1.25031	100 mg/l 200 mg/l 400 mg/l 1000 mg/l	± 3 mg/l ± 4 mg/l ± 5 mg/l ± 11 mg/l	see prep. instructi

¹⁾ self prepared, recommended concentration

II

III

Test kit Evalua	ition	CombiCheck	Confiden	ce interval		ted and rea tandard sol		Ready-to-use standard solution
Cat. No. or method	as	Cat. No.	Spec. value for the standard	Max. working tolerance	Cat. No.	Concen- tration	Expanded measurement uncertainty	Cat. No.
COD Cell Test, 1.14691	COD	CC 80, 1.14738	1500 mg/l	± 150 mg/l	1.25032	400 mg/l 1000 mg/l 2000 mg/l	± 5 mg/l ± 11 mg/l ± 32 mg/l	see prep. instructi
COD Cell Test, 1.14555	COD	CC 70, 1.14689	5000 mg/l	± 400 mg/l	1.25033	1000 mg/l 2000 mg/l 8000 mg/l	± 11 mg/l ± 32 mg/l ± 68 mg/l	see prep. instructi
COD Cell Test, 1.01797	COD	-	50 000 mg/l ¹⁾	± 5000 mg/l	1.25034 1.25035	-	± 68 mg/l ± 894 mg/l	see prep. instruct
COD Cell Test, 1.09772	COD	-	80 mg/l ¹⁾	± 12 mg/l	1.25028 1.25029	20.0 mg/l 100 mg/l	± 0.7 mg/l ± 3 mg/l	see prep. instruct
COD Cell Test, 1.09773	COD	-	750 mg/l ¹⁾	± 75 mg/l	1.25030 1.25031	100 mg/l 200 mg/l 400 mg/l 1000 mg/l	± 3 mg/l ± 4 mg/l ± 5 mg/l ± 11 mg/l	see prep. instruct
COD Cell Test, 1.17058	COD	-	30.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 3.0 mg/l	-			see prep. instruct
COD Cell Test, 1.17059	COD	-	1500 mg/l ¹⁾	± 150 mg/l	-			see prep. instruct
Color Hazen	Pt/Co (Hazen)	-	250 mg/l ¹⁾		-			1.00246
Color Hazen	Pt/Co (Hazen)	-	500 mg/l		-			1.00246
Copper Cell Test, 1.14553	Cu	CC 90, 1.18700	2.00 mg/l	± 0.20 mg/l	-			1.19786
Copper Test, 1.14767	Cu	CC 90, 1.18700	2.00 mg/l	± 0.20 mg/l	-			1.19786
Cyanide Cell Test, 1.02531	CN	-	0.250 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.030 mg/l	-			1.19533
Cyanide Cell Test, 1.14561	CN	-	0.250 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.030 mg/l	-			1.19533
Cyanide Test, 1.09701	CN	-	0.250 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.030 mg/l	-			1.19533
Cyanuric Acid Test, 1.19253	Cyan Acid	-	80 mg/l ¹⁾	± 10 mg/l	-			see prep. instruct
Fluoride Cell Test, 1.00809	F	-	0.75 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.08 mg/l	1.32233 1.32235		± 0.012 mg/l ± 0.02 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l	1.19814
Fluoride Cell Test, 1.17243	F	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.15 mg/l	1.32233 1.32235	0.200 mg/l 0.50 mg/l 1.00 mg/l 1.50 mg/l	± 0.012 mg/l ± 0.02 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l	1.19814
Fluoride Test, 1.14598	F	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾ 10.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.15 mg/l ± 1.2 mg/l	1.32233 1.32235	0.200 mg/l 0.50 mg/l 1.00 mg/l 1.50 mg/l	± 0.012 mg/l ± 0.02 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l	1.19814
Fluoride Test, 1.00822	F	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.15 mg/l	1.32233 1.32235	0.200 mg/l 0.50 mg/l 1.00 mg/l 1.50 mg/l	± 0.012 mg/l ± 0.02 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l	1.19814

IV

¹⁾ self prepared, recommended concentration

Test kit E	Evaluation	CombiCheck	Confiden	ce interval		ted and rea standard sol		Ready-to-use standard solution
Cat. No. or method	as	Cat. No.	Spec. value for the standard	Max. working tolerance	Cat. No.	Concen- tration	Expanded measurement uncertainty	Cat. No.
Fluoride Test, 1.17236	F	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.15 mg/l	1.32233 1.32235	0.200 mg/l 0.50 mg/l 1.00 mg/l 1.50 mg/l	± 0.012 mg/l ± 0.02 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l	1.19814
Formaldehyde Cell Test, 1.14500	, НСНО	-	5.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Formaldehyde Test, 1.14	.4678 HCHO	-	4.50 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Gold Test, 1.14821	Au	-	6.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.6 mg/l	-			1.70216
Hydrazine Test, 1.09711	1 N ₂ H ₄	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.10 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Hydrogenperoxide Cell ⁻ 1.14731	Test, H ₂ O ₂	-	10.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 1.0 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Hydrogenperoxide Test, 1.18789	, H ₂ O ₂	-	2.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.20 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Iodine Test, 1.00606	I ₂	-	5.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Iron Cell Test, 1.14549	Fe	CC 90, 1.18700	1.00 mg/l	± 0.15 mg/l	1.33019	0.1000 mg/l 0.300 mg/l 1.00 mg/l	± 0.0030 mg/l ± 0.009 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l	1.19781
Iron Cell Test, 1.14896	Fe	-	25.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 2.5 mg/l	-			1.19781
Iron Test, 1.14761	Fe	CC 90, 1.18700	1.00 mg/l	± 0.15 mg/l	1.33018 1.33019	-	± 0.0015 mg/l ± 0.0030 mg/l ± 0.009 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l	1.19781
Iron Test, 1.00796	Fe	CC 90, 1.18700	1.00 mg/l	± 0.15 mg/l	1.33018 1.33019	-	± 0.0015 mg/l ± 0.0030 mg/l ± 0.009 mg/l ± 0.04 mg/l	1.19781
Lead Cell Test, 1.14833	B Pb	CC 100, 1.18701	2.00 mg/l	± 0.20 mg/l	-			1.19776
Lead Test, 1.09717	Pb	CC 100, 1.18701	2.00 mg/l	± 0.20 mg/l		0.050 mg/l 0.100 mg/l	± 0.004 mg/l ± 0.005 mg/l	1.19776
Magnesium Cell Test, 1.	.00815 Mg	-	40.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 4.0 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Manganese Cell Test, 1.	.00816 Mn	CC 90, 1.18700	1.00 mg/l	± 0.15 mg/l		0.200 mg/l 1.00 mg/l	± 0.005 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l	1.19789
Manganese Test, 1.1477	70 Mn	CC 90, 1.18700	1.00 mg/l	± 0.15 mg/l	1.32238	0.050 mg/l 0.200 mg/l 1.00 mg/l	± 0.004 mg/l ± 0.005 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l	1.19789
Manganese Test, 1.0184	46 Mn	CC 90, 1.18700	1.00 mg/l	± 0.15 mg/l	1.32238	0.050 mg/l 0.200 mg/l 1.00 mg/l	± 0.004 mg/l ± 0.005 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l	1.19789
Molybdenum Cell Test, 1.00860	Mo	-	0.50 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.05 mg/l	-			1.70227
Molybdenum Test, 1.192	252 Mo	-	25.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 2.5 mg/l	-			1.70227

¹⁾ self prepared, recommended concentration

II

III

IV

Test kit Evaluat	tion	CombiCheck	Confiden	ce interval		ted and rea tandard sol		Ready-to-use standard solution
Cat. No. or method	as	Cat. No.	Spec. value for the standard	Max. working tolerance	Cat. No.	Concen- tration	Expanded measurement uncertainty	Cat. No.
Monochloramine Test, 1.01632	Cl ₂	-	5.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Nickel Cell Test, 1.14554	Ni	CC 100, 1.18701	2.00 mg/l	± 0.20 mg/l	-			1.09989
Nickel Test, 1.14785	Ni	CC 100, 1.18701	2.00 mg/l	± 0.20 mg/l	-			1.09989
Nitrate Cell Test, 1.14542	NO ₃ -N	CC 20, 1.14675	9.0 mg/l	± 0.9 mg/l		2.50 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	
	NO ₃	-				15.0 mg/l 10.0 mg/l	± 0.4 mg/l ± 0.3 mg/l	1.19811
						50.0 mg/l	± 2.0 mg/l	1.19811
Nitrate Cell Test, 1.14563	NO ₃ -N	CC 20, 1.14675	9.0 mg/l	± 0.9 mg/l		2.50 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	
						15.0 mg/l	± 0.4 mg/l	1.19811
	NO ₃	-				10.0 mg/l 50.0 mg/l	± 0.3 mg/l ± 2.0 mg/l	1.19811
Nitrate Cell Test, 1.14764	NO3-N	CC 80, 1.14738	25.0 mg/l	± 2.5 mg/l		2.50 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	
Nitrate Cell Test, 1.14764	NO3-N	CC 80, 1.14738	25.0 mg/1	± 2.5 mg/1		2.50 mg/l	± 0.08 mg/l	
						40.0 mg/l	± 1.0 mg/l	1.19811
	NO_3	-			1.32241	10.0 mg/l	± 0.3 mg/l	
					1.32242	50.0 mg/l	± 2.0 mg/l	1.19811
Nitrate Cell Test, 1.00614	NO3-N	-	100 mg/l ¹⁾	± 10 mg/l		40.0 mg/l	± 1.0 mg/l	
					1.25040	200 mg/l	± 5 mg/l	1.19811
Nitrate Test, 1.14773	NO3-N	CC 20, 1.14675	9.0 mg/l	± 0.9 mg/l		0.500 mg/l	± 0.05 mg/l	
		CC 10, 1.14676	2.50 mg/l	± 0.25 mg/l		2.50 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	
	NO					15.0 mg/l 1.00 mg/l	± 0.4 mg/l ± 0.03 mg/l	1.19811
	NO ₃	-				1.00 mg/l	± 0.03 mg/l	
						50.0 mg/l	± 2.0 mg/l	1.19811
Nitrate Test, 1.09713	NO ₃ -N	CC 20, 1.14675	9.0 mg/l	± 0.9 mg/l	1.25036	0.500 mg/l	± 0.05 mg/l	
		CC 10, 1.14676	2.50 mg/l	± 0.25 mg/l		2.50 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	
						15.0 mg/l	± 0.4 mg/l	1.19811
	NO ₃	-				1.00 mg/l 10.0 mg/l	± 0.03 mg/l ± 0.3 mg/l	
						50.0 mg/l	$\pm 2.0 \text{ mg/l}$	1.19811
Nitrate Cell Test, 1.14556	NO3-N	CC 10, 1.14676	2.50 mg/l	± 0.25 mg/l	1 25036	0.500 mg/l	± 0.05 mg/l	
	1031	0010,11110,0	2.50 mg/1	= 0123 mg/1		2.50 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	1.19811
	NO_3	-			1.32240	1.00 mg/l	± 0.03 mg/l	
					1.32241	10.0 mg/l	± 0.3 mg/l	1.19811
Nitrate Test, 1.14942	NO ₃ -N	CC 20, 1.14675	9.0 mg/l	± 0.9 mg/l		0.500 mg/l	± 0.05 mg/l	
						2.50 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	
						15.0 mg/l	± 0.4 mg/l	1.19811
	NO ₃	-				1.00 mg/l 10.0 mg/l	± 0.03 mg/l ± 0.3 mg/l	
						50.0 mg/l	± 0.5 mg/l ± 2.0 mg/l	1.19811
Nitrate Test, 1.01842	NO ₃ -N		10.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 1.5 mg/l	1 32241	10.0 mg/l	± 0.3 mg/l	1.19811
With the rest, 1.01042	NO ₃ -N	-	10.0 mg/1 /	± 1.5 mg/1		50.0 mg/l	± 2.0 mg/l	1.19811
Nitrite Cell Test, 1.14547	NO ₂ -N	-	0.300 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.030 mg/l	1.25041	0.200 mg/l	± 0.009 mg/l	1.19899
Nitrite Cell Test, 1.00609	NO ₂ -N	-	45.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 5 mg/l	1.25042	40.0 mg/l	± 1.3 mg/l	1.19899
Nitrite Test, 1.14776	NO ₂ -N	-	0.50 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.05 mg/l	1.25041	0.200 mg/l	± 0.009 mg/l	1.19899
Nitrogen (total) Cell Test,	N	CC 50, 1.14695	5.0 mg/l	± 0.7 mg/l	1.25043	2.50 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l	
1.14537				· · · · · · ·		12.0 mg/l	± 0.3 mg/l	see prep. instruction

¹⁾ self prepared, recommended concentration

Cat. No. or method			CombiCheck	Confidence	ce interval	s	tandard sol	utions	standard solution
	i as	0	Cat. No.	Spec. value for the standard	Max. working tolerance	Cat. No.	Concen- tration	Expanded measurement uncertainty	Cat. No.
Nitrogen (total) Cell T 1.00613	īest, N	(CC 50, 1.14695	5.0 mg/l	± 0.7 mg/l		2.50 mg/l 12.0 mg/l	± 0.06 mg/l ± 0.3 mg/l	see prep. instruction
Nitrogen (total) Cell T 1.14763	Test, N	(CC 70, 1.14689	50 mg/l	± 7 mg/l		12.0 mg/l 100 mg/l	± 0.3 mg/l ± 3 mg/l	see prep. instruction
Oxygen Cell Test, 1.14	4694 O ₂		-		± 0.6 mg/l	-			see the website
Oxygen Scavengers To 1.19251	est, DEH	HA -	-	0.250 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.030 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Ozone Test, 1.00607	0 ₃		-	2.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.20 mg/l	-			see prep. instructior
pH Cell Test, 1.01744	pН		-	7.0	± 0.2	-			109407
Phenol Cell Test, 1.14	551 C ₆ H ₅	₅OH -	-	1.25 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.13 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Phenol Test, 1.00856	C ₆ H ₅	₅OH -	-	2.50 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.25 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Phosphate Cell Test, 1	1.00474 PO ₄ -	,-P(CC 10, 1.14676	0.80 mg/l	± 0.08 mg/l	-			1.19898
Phosphate Cell Test, 1	1.14543 PO ₄ .	-P (CC 10, 1.14676	0.80 mg/l	± 0.08 mg/l		0.400 mg/l 4.00 mg/l	± 0.016 mg/l ± 0.08 mg/l	1.19898
Phosphate Cell Test, I	1.00475 PO ₄ .		CC 80, 1.14738 CC 20, 1.14675	15.0 mg/l 8.0 mg/l	± 1.0 mg/l ± 0.7 mg/l	-			1.19898
Phosphate Cell Test, I	1.14729 PO ₄ ·	·	CC 80, 1.14738 CC 20, 1.14675	15.0 mg/l 8.0 mg/l	± 1.0 mg/l ± 0.7 mg/l		4.00 mg/l 15.0 mg/l	± 0.08 mg/l ± 0.4 mg/l	1.19898
Phosphate Cell Test, 1	1.00616 PO ₄ -	џ-Р -	-	50.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 5.0 mg/l	-			1.19898
Phosphate Cell Test, 1	1.00673 PO ₄ :	,-Р -	-	50.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 5.0 mg/l	1.25048	4.00 mg/l 15.0 mg/l 75.0 mg/l	± 0.08 mg/l ± 0.4 mg/l ± 1.6 mg/l	1.19898
Phosphate Test, 1.148	848 PO ₄ -	-P (CC 10, 1.14676	0.80 mg/l	± 0.08 mg/l	-			1.19898
Phosphate Test, 1.007	798 PO ₄ -	₁ -Р -	-	50.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 5.0 mg/l	-			1.19898
Phosphate Cell Test, 1	1.14546 PO ₄ -	₁ -Р -	-	15.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 1.0 mg/l	-			1.19898
Phosphate Test, 1.148	342 PO ₄ -	₁ -Р -	-	15.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 1.0 mg/l	-			1.19898
Potassium Cell Test, 1	1.14562 K		-	25.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 4.0 mg/l	-			1.70230
Potassium Cell Test, 1	1.00615 K		-	150 mg/l ¹⁾	± 15 mg/l				1.70230
Residual Hardness Ce 1.14683	ell Test, Ca		-	2.50 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.30 mg/l	-			1.19778
Silicate Test, 1.14794	SiO ₂	2 -	-	5.00 mg/l ¹⁾ 0.750 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mg/l ± 0.075 mg/l	1.32243	0.1000 mg/l 0.500 mg/l 1.000 mg/l	± 0.0040 mg/l ± 0.025 mg/l ± 0.030 mg/l	1.70236
Silicate Test, 1.00857	SiO ₂	2	-	50.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 5.0 mg/l	-			1.70236
Silicate Test, 1.01813	SiO ₂	2	-	0.1000 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.0100 mg/l	1.32244	0.1000 mg/l	± 0.0040 mg/l	1.70236
Silver Test, 1.14831	Ag		-	1.50 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.20 mg/l	-			1.19797
Sodium Cell Test, 1.0	0885 Na		-	100 mg/l ¹⁾	± 10 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
	2532 SO ₄	 ł		25.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 3.0 mg/l	-			1.19813

¹⁾ self prepared, recommended concentration

II

Ι

III

Test kit Eval	ation CombiCheck		Confidence interval			Diluted and ready-to-use standard solutions		Ready-to-use standard solution
Cat. No. or method	as	Cat. No.	Spec. value for the standard	Max. working tolerance	Cat. No.	Concen- tration	Expanded measurement uncertainty	Cat. No.
Sulfate Cell Test, 1.14548	SO ₄	CC 10, 1.14676	100 mg/l	± 15 mg/l		40 mg/l 125 mg/l	± 6 mg/l ± 6 mg/l	1.19813
Sulfate Cell Test, 1.00617	SO ₄	CC 10, 1.14676	100 mg/l	± 15 mg/l		125 mg/l 400 mg/l	± 6 mg/l ± 20 mg/l	1.19813
Sulfate Cell Test, 1.14564	SO ₄	CC 20, 1.14675	500 mg/l	± 75 mg/l	1.25052	125 mg/l 400 mg/l 800 mg/l	± 6 mg/l ± 20 mg/l ± 27 mg/l	1.19813
Sulfate Test, 1.14791	SO ₄	CC 10, 1.14676	100 mg/l	± 15 mg/l		40 mg/l 125 mg/l	± 6 mg/l ± 6 mg/l	1.19813
Sulfate Test, 1.01812	SO ₄	-	5.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.50 mg/l	-			1.19813
Sulfate Test, 1.02537	SO ₄	CC 10, 1.14676	100 mg/l	± 15 mg/l		40 mg/l 125 mg/l	± 6 mg/l ± 6 mg/l	1.19813
Sulfide Test, 1.14779	S	-	0.75 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.08 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Sulfite Cell Test, 1.14394	SO ₃	-	12.5 mg/l ¹⁾	± 1.5 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Sulfite Test, 1.01746	SO3	-	30.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 1.0 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Surfactants (anionic) Cell Test, 1.02552	SDAS	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.20 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Surfactants (cationic) Cell Test, 1.01764	k-Ten	-	1.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.10 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Surfactants (nonionic) Cell Test, 1.01787	n-Ten	-	4.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.40 mg/l		1.00 mg/l 5.00 mg/l	± 0.16 mg/l ± 0.30 mg/l	see prep. instructio
Tin Cell Test, 1.14622	Sn	-	1.25 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.13 mg/l	-			see prep. instruction
Tin Cell Test, 1.17265	Sn	-	1.25 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.13 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
TOC Cell Test, 1.14878	тос	-	40.0 mg/l ¹⁾	± 3.0 mg/l	1.32248	10.0 mg/l 25.0 mg/l 50.0 mg/l	± 0.2 mg/l ± 0.5 mg/l ± 1.0 mg/l	1.09017
TOC Cell Test, 1.14879	тос	-	400 mg/l ¹⁾	± 30 mg/l	1.32252	100 mg/l 200 mg/l 500 mg/l	± 2 mg/l ± 4 mg/l ± 10 mg/l	1.09017
Total Hardness Cell Test, 1.00961	Ca	-	75 mg/l ¹⁾	± 7 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Volatile Organic Acids Cell Test, 1.01749	CH₃COO	Н -	1500 mg/l ¹⁾	± 80 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Volatile Organic Acids Test, 1.01809	CH₃COO	н -	1500 mg/l ¹⁾	± 80 mg/l	-			see prep. instructio
Zinc Cell Test, 1.00861	Zn	CC 100, 1.18701	0.750 mg/l	± 0.150 mg/l	-			1.19806
Zinc Cell Test, 1.14566	Zn	-	2.00 mg/l ¹⁾	± 0.40 mg/l	-			1.19806
Zinc Test, 1.14832	Zn	CC 100, 1.18701	0.75 mg/l	± 0.15 mg/l	-			1.19806

IV Instructions for the preparation of standard solutions

Standard solution of acid capacity

Preparation of a standard solution:

A sodium hydroxide solution of 0.1 mol/l (corresponds to 100 mmol/l) is used.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the diluted investigational solutions remain stable for one week.

Standard solution of bromine analogous to DIN EN ISO 7393

Preparation of a KIO₃ stock solution:

Dissolve 1.006 g of KIO_3 in 250 ml of distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask. Subsequently make up to the mark with distilled water.

Preparation of a KIO₃/KI standard solution:

Transfer 11.13 ml of the KIO_3 stock solution to a calibrated or conformitychecked 1000-ml volumetric flask, add approx. 1 g of Kl and make up to the mark with distilled water.

1 ml of this solution is equivalent to 0.025 mg of bromine.

Preparation of a bromine standard solution:

Pipette 20.0 ml (full pipette) KlO₃/Kl standard solution into a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask, add 2.0 ml of H_2SO_4 0.5 mol/l, leave to stand for 1 minute, and then add NaOH 2 mol/l dropwise (approx. 1 ml) until the solution just loses its color. Subsequently make up the solution to the mark with distilled water.

The concentration of the solution is 5.00 mg/l bromine.

Stability:

The KIO_3 stock solution remains stable for 4 weeks when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The KIO_3/KI standard solution can be used for 5 hours when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The diluted bromine standard solution is not stable and must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Reagents required:

1.09141.1000	Sodium hydroxide solu-
	tion 0.1 mol/l Titripur®

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE[®]

Reagents required:

1.02404.0100	Potassium iodate, volum. standard
1.05043.0250	Potassium iodide for analysis EMSURE [®]
1.09072.1000	Sulfuric acid 0.5 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.09136.1000	Sodium hydroxide solu- tion 2 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

IV

TT

Standard solution of calcium

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 2.946 g of calcium nitrate tetrahydrate with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 500-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l calcium.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solu-tion by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

The standard solution of 1000 mg/l remains stable for one week. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

Standard solutions of free chlorine

All standard solutions described here for free chlorine yield <u>equivalent</u> results and are identically suited for the determination of chlorine.

Standard solution of free chlorine

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 1.85 g of dichloroisocyanuric acid sodium salt dihydrate GR with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l free chlorine.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l and the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

Note:

This is a standard solution that can be prepared particularly rapidly and easily.

Reagents required:

1.02121.0500	Calcium nitrate tetra-
	hydrate for analysis
	FMSURF®

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

II

Ι

Reagents required:

1.10888.0250	Dichloroisocyanuric acid sodium salt GR for analysis

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis ${\sf EMSURE}^{\circledast}$

III

Standard solution of free chlorine analogous to DIN EN ISO 7393

Preparation of a KIO₃ stock solution:

Dissolve 1.006 g of KIO_3 in 250 ml of distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask. Subsequently make up to the mark with distilled water.

Preparation of a KIO₃/KI standard solution:

Transfer 15.00 ml (5.00 ml) of the KIO_3 stock solution to a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask, add approx. 1 g of Kl and make up to the mark with distilled water.

1 ml of this solution is equivalent to 0.015 mg (0.05 mg) of free chlorine.

Preparation of a chlorine standard solution:

Pipette 20.0 ml (10.0 ml) (full pipette) KIO_3/KI standard solution into a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask, add 2.0 ml of H_2SO_4 0.5 mol/l, leave to stand for 1 minute, and then add NaOH 2 mol/l dropwise (approx. 1 ml) until the solution just loses its color. Subsequently make up the solution to the mark with distilled water. The concentration of the solution is 3.00 mg/l (0.500 mg/l) free chlorine.

Stability:

The KIO_3 stock solution remains stable for 4 weeks when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The KIO_3/KI standard solution can be used for 5 hours when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The diluted chlorine standard solution is not stable and must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Note:

This procedure involves the preparation according to a standardized method.

Reagents required:

1.02404.0100	Potassium iodate, volum. standard
1.05043.0250	Potassium iodide for analysis EMSURE®
1.09072.1000	Sulfuric acid 0.5 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.09136.1000	Sodium hydroxide solu- tion 2 mol/l Titripur®
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

Ι

Standard solution of free chlorine

Preparation of a stock solution:

First prepare a 1:10 dilution using a sodium hypochlorite solution containing approx. 13% of active chlorine. For this pipette 10 ml of sodium hypochlorite solution into a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask and then make up to the mark with distilled water.

Precise assay of the stock solution:

Pipette 10.0 ml of the stock solution into a 250-ml ground-glass-stoppered conical flask containing 60 ml of distilled water. Subsequently add to this solution 5 ml of hydrochloric acid 25% and 3 g of potassium iodide. Close the conical flask with the ground-glass stopper, mix thoroughly, and leave to stand for 1 minute.

Titrate the eliminated iodine with sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l until a weakly yellow color emerges. Add 2 ml of zinc iodide-starch solution and titrate from blue to colorless.

Calculation and preparation of a standard solution:

Consumption of sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l (ml) \cdot 355 = = content of free chlorine, in mg/l

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from the stock solution prepared according to the procedure described above by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), a standard solution remains stable for approx. one week. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) are stable for approx. 2 hours.

Note:

This is a standard solution that is <u>absolutely</u> necessary for the preparation of the monochloramine standard.

Reagents required:

1.00316.1000	Hydrochloric acid 25% for analysis EMSURE®
1.05614.9025	Sodium hypochlorite solution techn. approx. 13% active chlorine
1.09147.1000	Sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l Titripur $^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$
1.05043.0250	Potassium iodide GR for analysis
1.05445.0500	Zinc iodide-starch solu- tion GR for analysis
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

Standard solution of total chlorine

Preparation of a stock solution:

Dissolve 4.00 g of chloramine T GR with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The stock solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of approx. 1000 mg/l total chlorine.

Precise assay of the stock solution:

Pipette 10.0 ml of the stock solution into a 250-ml ground-glass-stoppered conical flask containing 60 ml of distilled water. Subsequently add to this solution 5 ml of hydrochloric acid 25% and 3 g of potassium iodide. Close the conical flask with the ground-glass stopper, mix thoroughly, and leave to stand for 1 minute.

Titrate the eliminated iodine with sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l until a weakly yellow color emerges. Add 2 ml of zinc iodide-starch solution and titrate from blue to colorless.

Calculation and preparation of a standard solution:

Consumption of sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l (ml) \cdot 355 = = content of free chlorine, in mg/l

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from the stock solution prepared according to the procedure described above by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the stock solution of approx. 1000 mg/l and the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

Reagents required:

1.00316.1000	Hydrochloric acid 25% for analysis EMSURE [®]
1.02426.0250	Chloramine T trihydrate GR for analysis
1.09147.1000	Sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l Titripur $^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$
1.05043.0250	Potassium iodide GR for analysis
1.05445.0500	Zinc iodide-starch solu- tion GR for analysis
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

IV

Ι

II

Standard solution of chlorine dioxide analogous to DIN EN ISO 7393

Preparation of a KIO₃ stock solution:

Dissolve 1.006 g of $\rm KIO_3$ in 250 ml of distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask. Subsequently make up to the mark with distilled water.

Preparation of a KIO₃/KI standard solution:

Transfer 13.12 ml of the KIO_3 stock solution to a calibrated or conformitychecked 1000-ml volumetric flask, add approx. 1 g of Kl and make up to the mark with distilled water.

1 ml of this solution is equivalent to 0.025 mg of chlorine dioxide.

Preparation of a chlorine dioxide standard solution:

Pipette 20.0 ml (full pipette) KlO₃/Kl standard solution into a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask, add 2.0 ml of H_2SO_4 0.5 mol/l, leave to stand for 1 minute, and then add NaOH 2 mol/l dropwise (approx. 1 ml) until the solution just loses its color. Subsequently make up the solution to the mark with distilled water.

The concentration of the solution is 5.00 mg/l chlorine dioxide.

Stability:

The KIO_3 stock solution remains stable for 4 weeks when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The KIO_3/KI standard solution can be used for 5 hours when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The diluted chlorine dioxide standard solution is not stable and must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Standard solution of COD

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 0.851 g of potassium hydrogen phthalate GR with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l COD.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution remains stable for one month. When stored under appropriate cool conditions (refrigerator), the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable – depending on the respective concentration – for approx. one week to one month.

Reagents required:

1.02404.0100	Potassium iodate, volum. standard
1.05043.0250	Potassium iodide for analysis EMSURE [®]
1.09072.1000	Sulfuric acid 0.5 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.09136.1000	Sodium hydroxide solu- tion 2 mol/l Titripur®
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

Reagents required:

1.02400.0080	Potassium hydrogen
	phthalate GR for analysis,
	volum. standard

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

II

Standard solution COD/chloride

Preparation of a chloride dilution solution:

Dissolve 32.9 g of sodium chloride (free from organic material, e.g. Suprapur[®]) with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The dilution solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 20 g/l Cl- $\,$

Preparation of a COD/chloride standard solution:

Dissolve 0.851 g of potassium hydrogen phthalate GR with **dilution solution** in a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with **dilution solution**.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 10 000 mg/l COD and 20 g/l Cl⁻.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this stock solution by diluting accordingly with **dilution solution**.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the dilution solution of 20 g/l Cland the standard solution of 10 000 mg/l COD / 20 g/l Cl- remain stable for one month. When stored under appropriate cool conditions (refrigerator), the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable depending on the respective concentration - for approximately one week to one month.

Standard solution of cyanuric acid

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 1.00 g of cyanuric acid with distilled water in a calibrated or conformitychecked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water. The substance is slightly soluble and the dissolution process may take several hours.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l cyanuric acid.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l and the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

Reagents required:

1.02400.0080 Potassium hydrogen phthalate GR for analysis, volum. standard

1.06406.0050 Sodium chloride 99.99 Suprapur[®]

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

Reagents required:

8.20358.0005	Cyanuric acid for synthesis
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

IV

TT

Standard solution of formaldehyde

Preparation of a stock solution:

In a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask make up 2.50 ml of formaldehyde solution min. 37% GR to the mark with distilled water.

The stock solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of approx. 1000 mg/l formaldehyde.

Precise assay of the stock solution:

Pipette 40.0 ml (full pipette) of the formaldehyde stock solution into a 300-ml ground-glass conical flask and add 50.0 ml (buret) of iodine solution 0.05 mol/l and 20 ml of sodium hydroxide solution 1 mol/l.

Leave to stand for 15 minutes and subsequently add 8 ml of sulfuric acid 25%. Subsequently titrate with sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l until the yellow iodine color has disappeared, add 1 ml of zinc iodide-starch solution, and continue to titrate until a milky, pure white color emerge.

Calculation and preparation of a standard solution:

C1 = consumption of sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l (ml) C2 = quantity of iodine solution 0.05 mol/l (50.0 ml)

mg/l formaldehyde = $(C2 - C1) \cdot 37.525$

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from the stock solution prepared according to the procedure described above by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the stock solution of approx. 1000 mg/l remains stable for one week. After this time, the stock solution must be determined anew. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Standard solution of hydrazine

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 4.07g of hydrazinium sulfate GR with oxygen-low (boil previously) distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with oxygen-low distilled water. The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l hydrazine.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with oxygen-low distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l and the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

Reagents required:

1.04003.1000	Formaldehyde solution min. 37% GR for analysis
1.09099.1000	Iodine solution 0.05 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.09147.1000	Sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l Titripur®
1.09137.1000	Sodium hydroxide solu- tion 1 mol/l Titripur®
1.00716.1000	Sulfuric acid 25% for analysis EMSURE®
1.05445.0500	Zinc iodide-starch solu- tion GR for analysis
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

Reagents required:

1.04603.0100	Hydrazinium sulfate GR for analysis
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

IV

III

Standard solution of hydrogenperoxide

Preparation of a stock solution:

Place 10.0 ml of Perhydrol[®] 30% H_2O_2 in a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water. Transfer 30.0 ml (full pipette) of this solution to a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water. The stock solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of approx. 1000 mg/l hydrogenperoxide.

Precise assay of the stock solution:

Pipette 50.0 ml (full pipette) of the hydrogen peroxide stock solution into a 500-ml conical flask, dilute with 200 ml of distilled water, and add 30 ml of sulfuric acid 25%.

Titrate with a 0.02 mol/l potassium permanganate solution until the color changes to pink.

TT Calculation and preparation of a standard solution:

Consumption of potassium permanganate solution 0.02 mol/l (ml) \cdot 34.02 = = content of hydrogenperoxide, in mg/l

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from the stock solution exactly determined according to the procedure described above by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

III

IV

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the stock solution of approx. 1000 mg/l and the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

Standard solution of iodine analogous to DIN EN ISO 7393

Preparation of a KIO₃ stock solution:

Dissolve 1.006 g of KIO_3 in 250 ml of distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask. Subsequently make up to the mark with distilled water.

Preparation of a KIO₃/KI standard solution:

Transfer 7.00 ml of the KIO_3 stock solution to a calibrated or conformitychecked 1000-ml volumetric flask, add approx. 1 g of Kl and make up to the mark with distilled water.

1 ml of this solution is equivalent to 0.025 mg of iodine.

Preparation of a iodine standard solution:

Pipette 20.0 ml (full pipette) KlO₃/Kl standard solution into a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask, add 2.0 ml of H_2SO_4 0.5 mol/l, leave to stand for 1 minute, and then add NaOH 2 mol/l dropwise (approx. 1 ml) until the solution just loses its color. Subsequently make up the solution to the mark with distilled water.

The concentration of the solution is 5.00 mg/l iodine.

Stability:

The KIO_3 stock solution remains stable for 4 weeks when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The KIO_3/KI standard solution can be used for 5 hours when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The diluted iodine standard solution is not stable and must be used immediately.

Reagents required:

1.09122.1000	Potassium permanga- nate solution 0.02 mol/l Titripur®
1.07209.0250	Perhydrol [®] 30% for analysis EMSURE [®]
1.00716.1000	Sulfuric acid 25% for analysis EMSURE®
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE®

Reagents required:

1.02404.0100	Potassium iodate, volum. standard
1.05043.0250	Potassium iodide for analysis EMSURE®
1.09072.1000	Sulfuric acid 0.5 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.09136.1000	Sodium hydroxide solu- tion 2 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

Standard solution of magnesium

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 1.055 g of magnesium nitrate hexahydrate with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l magnesium.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solu-tion by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

The standard solution of 1000 mg/l remains stable for one week. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

Standard solution of monochloramine

Preparation of a standard solution:

Place 5.0 ml of chlorine standard solution 100 mg/l Cl₂ and 10.0 ml ammonium standard solution 10 mg/l NH₄-N in a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water. The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 5.00 mg/l free chlorine or 3.63 mg/l monochloramine.

Stability:

The standard solution is not stable and must be used immediately.

Standard solution of nitrogen (total)

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 5.36g of glycine GR with distilled water in a calibrated or conformitychecked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l total nitrogen.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solu-tion by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l remains stable for one week. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Reagents required:

1.05853.0500	Magnesium nitrate hexa
	hydrate for analysis
	FMSURF®

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

Reagents required:

Chlorine standard soluti-
on 100 mg/l Cl ₂ Preparation see "Standard solution of free chlorine" with hypochlorite solution (standard solution that is <u>absolutely</u> necessary for the preparation of the monochloramine standard)
Ammonium standard solution 10 mg/l NH ₄ -N Preparation with Ammonium standard solution Certipur [®] , Cat No. 1 19812 0500

Cat.No. 1.19812.0500, 1000 mg/l NH₄ = 777 mg/l NH₄-N

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

III

Reagents required:

	1.04201.01	00 Glyci	ine GR fo	r analysis
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1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

II

Standard solution of oxygen scavengers

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 1.00 g of N,N-diethylhydroxylamine with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l N,N-diethylhydroxylamine (DEHA).

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l and the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

TT Standard solution of ozone analogous to DIN EN ISO 7393

Preparation of a KIO₃ stock solution:

Dissolve 1.006 g of KIO_3 in 250 ml of distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask. Subsequently make up to the mark with distilled water.

Preparation of a KIO₃/KI standard solution:

Transfer 14.80 ml of the KIO_3 stock solution to a calibrated or conformitychecked 1000-ml volumetric flask, add approx. 1 g of Kl and make up to the mark with distilled water.

1 ml of this solution is equivalent to 0.010 mg of ozone.

Preparation of a ozone standard solution:

Pipette 20.0 ml (full pipette) KIO_3/KI standard solution into a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask, add 2.0 ml of H_2SO_4 0.5 mol/l, leave to stand for 1 minute, and then add NaOH 2 mol/l dropwise (approx. 1 ml) until the solution just loses its color. Subsequently make up the solution to the mark with distilled water.

The concentration of the solution is 2.00 mg/l ozone.

Stability:

The KIO_3 stock solution remains stable for 4 weeks when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The KIO_3/KI standard solution can be used for 5 hours when stored in a cool place (refrigerator). The diluted ozone standard solution is not stable and must be used immediately.

Reagents required:

8.18473.0050	N,N-Diethylhydroxyla- mine for synthesis
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE®

Reagents required:

1.02404.0100	Potassium iodate, volum. standard
1.05043.0250	Potassium iodide for analysis EMSURE®
1.09072.1000	Sulfuric acid 0.5 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.09136.1000	Sodium hydroxide solu- tion 2 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

Standard solution of phenol

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 1.00 g of phenol GR with distilled water in a calibrated or conformitychecked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l phenol.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solu-tion by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l remains stable for one week. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Standard solution of silicate

Preparation of a standard solution:

A silicon standard solution of 1000 mg/l Si is used. 1000 mg/l Si corresponds to 2139 mg/l SiO₂.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Example:

Mix 4.675 ml of silicon standard solution (1000 mg/l Si) with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 10.00 mg/l SiO_2 .

After its preparation, the solution must be <u>immediately</u> transferred to a clean polyethylene vessel for further storage.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solu-tion by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

After its preparation, the solution with the desired working concentration must be <u>immediately</u> transferred to a clean polyethylene vessel for further storage.

Stability:

The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable - depending on the respective concentration - for one day to approximately six months.

Standard solution of sodium

Preparation of a standard solution:

A chloride standard solution of 1000 mg/l is used. 1000 mg/l chloride corresponds to 649 mg/l sodium.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one month.

Reagents required:

1.00206.0250	Phenol	GR for	analysis
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1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

Reagents required:

1.70236.0100 Silicone standard solution Certipur®

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

II

Reagents required:

Chloride standard solu-
tion Certipur®

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

Standard solution of sulfide

Preparation of a stock solution:

Dissolve 7.5 g of glass-clear, if necessary washed crystals of sodium sulfide nonahydrate GR with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water. The stock solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of approx. 1000 mg/l sulfide.

Precise assay of the stock solution:

Place 100 ml of distilled water and 5.0 ml (full pipette) of sulfuric acid 25% in a 500-ml ground-glass-stoppered conical flask.

To this solution add 25.0 ml (full pipette) of the sulfide stock solution and 25.0 ml (full pipette) of iodine solution 0.05 mol/l. Shake the contents of the flask

thoroughly for about 1 minute, subsequently titrate with sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l until the yellow iodine color has disappeared, add 1 ml of zinc iodide-starch solution, and continue to titrate until a milky, pure white color emerges.

Calculation and preparation of a standard solution:

C1 = consumption of sodium thiosulfate 0.1 mol/l (ml)

C2 = quantity of iodine solution 0.05 mol/l (25.0 ml)

 $mg/l \ sulfide = (C2 - C1) \cdot 64.13$

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from the stock solution prepared according to the procedure described above by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the stock solution of approx. 1000 mg/l remains stable for at most one day. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>. **Reagents required:**

	Sodium sulfide nonahy- drat GR for analysis
1.09099.1000	Iodine solution 0.05 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.09147.1000	Sodium thiosulfate solu- tion 0.1 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.00716.1000	Sulfuric acid 25% for analysis EMSURE®
1.05445.0500	Zinc iodide-starch solu- tion GR for analysis
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

III

II

Standard solution of sulfite

Preparation of a stock solution:

Dissolve 1.57 g of sodium sulfite and 0.4 g of Titriplex[®] III GR with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of approx. 1000 mg/l sulfite.

Precise assay of the stock solution:

Place 50.0 ml (full pipette) of the sulfite stock solution and 5.0 ml (full pipette) of hydrochloric acid 25 % in a 300-ml conical flask. To this solution add 25.0 ml (full pipette) of iodine solution 0.05 mol/l and process <u>immediately</u>. After mixing the contents of the flask, subsequently titrate with sodium thiosulfate solution 0.1 mol/l until the yellow iodine color has disappeared, add 1 ml of zinc iodide-starch solution, and continue to titrate from blue to colorless.

Calculation and preparation of a standard solution:

C1 = consumption of sodium thiosulfate 0.1 mol/l (ml) C2 = quantity of iodine solution 0.05 mol/l (25.0 ml)

 $mg/l \ sulfite = (C2 - C1) \cdot 80.06$

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from the stock solution exactly determined according to the procedure described above by diluting accordingly with distilled water and buffer solution pH 9.00. This is done in the following manner:

Withdraw the desired aliquot from the stock solution, place in a calibrated or conformity-approved 1000-ml volumetric flask, add 20 ml of buffer solution pH 9.00, make up to the mark with distilled water, and mix.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the stock solution of approx. 1000 mg/l remains stable for at most one day. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Standard solution of surfactants (anionic)

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 1.00 g of dodecane-1-sulfonic acid sodium salt with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l anionic surfactant.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solu-tion by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l remains stable for one month. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Reagents required:

1.06657.0500	Sodium sulfite anhydrous for analysis EMSURE $^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$
1.08418.0100	Titriplex [®] III GR for analysis
1.09099.1000	Iodine solution 0.05 mol/l Titripur®
1.09147.1000	Sodium thiosulfate solu- tion 0.1 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.00316.1000	Hydrochloric acid 25% GR for analysis EMSURE [®]
1.05445.0500	Zinc iodide-starch solu- tion GR for analysis
1.09461.1000	Buffer solution pH 9.00 Certipur [®]
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis

EMSURE®

TV

Reagents required:

1.12146.0005	Dodecane-1-sulfonic acid sodium salt

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

II

Standard solution of surfactants (cationic)

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 1.00 g of Cetyltrimethylammonium Bromide, Molecular Biology Grade with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l cationic surfactant.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l remains stable for one month. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>..

TT Standard solution of surfactants (nonionic)

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 1.00 g of TritonTM X-100 with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l nonionic surfactant.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

III

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution of 1000 mg/l remains stable for one week. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Standard solution of tin

Preparation of a standard solution:

A tin standard solution of 1000 mg/l is used.

Transfer 30 ml of HCl 1 mol/l to a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask, add 10.0 ml (full pipette) of the tin standard solution, and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 100 mg/l tin.

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from the standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water and HCl 1 mol/l. This is done in the following manner:

Transfer 1 ml of HCl 1 mol/l to a calibrated or conformity-checked 100-ml volumetric flask. Withdraw the desired aliquot from the tin standard solution 100 mg/l, add, make up to the mark with distilled water, and mix.

Stability:

The tin standard solution 100 mg/l remains stable for 30 minutes. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) must be used <u>immediately</u>.

Reagents required:

219374	Cetyltrimethylammonium Bromide, Molecular Biology Grade Calbiochem [®] (CTAB)
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1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

Reagents required:

1.12298.0101	Triton [™] X-100

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

Reagents required:

1.70242.0100	Tin standard solution $Certipur^{\texttt{R}}$
1.09057.1000	Hydrochloric acid 1 mol/l Titripur [®]
1.16754.9010	Water for analysis EMSURE [®]

Standard solution of total hardness

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 2.946 g of calcium nitrate tetrahydrate with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 500-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1000 mg/l calcium (corresponds to 175 °e).

Further investigational concentrations may be prepared from this standard solution by diluting accordingly with distilled water.

Stability:

The standard solution of 1000 mg/l remains stable for one week. The diluted standard solutions (investigational concentrations) remain stable for one day.

Standard solution of volatile organic acids

Preparation of a standard solution:

Dissolve 2,05 g of sodium acetate anhydrous with distilled water in a calibrated or conformity-checked 1000-ml volumetric flask and make up to the mark with distilled water.

The standard solution prepared according to this procedure has a concentration of 1500 mg/l acetic acid.

Stability:

When stored in a cool place (refrigerator), the standard solution remains stable for one week.

Reagents required:

1.02121.0500 Calcium nitrate tetrahydrate for analysis EMSURE®

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE[®]

Reagents required:

1.06268.0250	Sodium acetate an-
	hydrous for analysis EMSURE [®]

1.16754.9010 Water for analysis EMSURE®

II



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